CMS’ Office of E-Health Standards and Services announces a discretionary enforcement period for 5010 compliance

On November 17, 2011, the CMS Office of E-Health Standards and Services (OESS) announced that it would not initiate enforcement action until Saturday, March 31, 2012, with respect to any HIPAA-covered entity that is not in compliance with the ASC X12 version 5010 (version 5010), NCPDP Telecom D.0 (NCPDP D.0), and NCPDP Medicaid Subrogation 3.0 (NCPDP 3.0) standards.

Notwithstanding OESS’ discretionary application of its enforcement authority, the compliance date for use of these new standards remains Sunday, January 1, 2012 (small health plans have until Tuesday, January 1, 2013, to comply with NCPDP 3.0).

CMS’ Office of E-Health Standards and Services is the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services’ component that enforces compliance with HIPAA transaction and code set standards.

OESS encourages all covered entities to continue working with their trading partners to become compliant with the new HIPAA standards, and to determine their readiness to accept the new standards as of Sunday, January 1, 2012. While enforcement action will not be taken, OESS will continue to accept complaints associated with compliance with version 5010, NCPDP D.0, and NCPDP 3.0 transaction standards during the 90-day period beginning Sunday, January 1, 2012. If requested by OESS, covered entities that are the subject of complaints (known as “filed-against entities”) must produce evidence of either compliance or a good faith effort to become compliant with the new HIPAA standards during the 90-day period.

OESS made the decision to create a discretionary enforcement period based upon industry feedback. Although approximately 45 days remain before the January 1, 2012, compliance date, feedback revealed that testing among some covered entities and their trading partners has not yet reached a threshold that would indicate that the majority of covered entities would be able to be in compliance by Sunday, January 1, 2012. In addition, feedback indicated that the number of submitters, the volume of transactions, and other testing data used as indicators of the industry’s readiness to comply with the new standards have been low across some industry sectors. OESS has also received reports that many covered entities are still awaiting software upgrades.

Version 5010, NCPDP D.0, and NCPDP 3.0 standards represent significant improvement over the current standard versions. NCPDP D.0 addresses certain pharmacy industry needs. NCPDP 3.0 allows state Medicaid programs to recoup payments for pharmacy services in cases where a third party payer has primary financial responsibility. Version 5010 in particular provides more functionality for transactions such as eligibility requests and healthcare claims status. Implementation of

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The Medicare B Connection is published monthly by First Coast Service Options Inc.’s Provider Outreach & Education division to provide timely and useful information to Medicare Part B providers.

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Articles included in the Medicare B Connection represent formal notice of coverage policies. Policies have or will take effect on the date given. Providers are expected to read, understand, and abide by the policies outlined within to ensure compliance with Medicare coverage and payment guidelines.

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About the Medicare B Connection

The Medicare B Connection is a comprehensive publication developed by First Coast Service Options Inc. (FCSO) for Part B providers in Florida, Puerto Rico, and the U.S. Virgin Islands and is distributed on a monthly basis.

Important notifications that require communication in between publications will be posted to the FCSO Medicare provider education website http://medicare.fcso.com. In some cases, additional unscheduled special issues may be posted.

Who receives the Connection

Anyone may view, print, or download the Connection from our provider education website(s). Providers who cannot obtain the Connection from the Internet are required to register with us to receive a complimentary hardcopy.

Distribution of the Connection in hardcopy is limited to providers who have billed at least one Part B claim to FCSO Medicare during the twelve months prior to the release of each issue. Providers meeting these criteria are eligible to receive a complimentary copy of that issue, if a technical barrier exists that prevents them from obtaining it from the Internet and they have returned a completed registration form to us.

Registration forms must be submitted annually or when you experience a change in circumstances that impacts your electronic access.

For additional copies, providers may purchase a separate annual subscription (see order form in the back of this issue). All issues published since 1997 may be downloaded from the Internet, free of charge.

We use the same mailing address for all correspondence, and cannot designate that the Connection be sent to a specific person/department within a provider’s office. To ensure continued receipt of all Medicare correspondence, providers must keep their addresses current with the Medicare Provider Enrollment department. Please remember that address changes must be done using the appropriate CMS-855.

Publication format

The Connection is arranged into distinct sections.

- The Claims section provides claim submission requirements and tips.
- The Coverage/Reimbursement section discusses specific CPT and HCPCS procedure codes. It is arranged by categories (not specialties). For example, “Mental Health” would present coverage information of interest to psychiatrists, clinical psychologists and clinical social workers, rather than listing articles separately under individual provider specialties. Also presented in this section are changes to the Medicare physician fee schedule, and other pricing issues.
- The section pertaining to Electronic Data Interchange (EDI) submission also includes information pertaining to the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA).
- The Local Coverage Determination section features summaries of new and revised local coverage determinations (LCDs) developed as a result of either local medical review or comprehensive data analysis initiatives.
- The General Information section includes fraud and abuse, and national provider identifier topics, plus additional topics not included elsewhere.

In addition to the above, other sections include:

- Educational Resources, and
- Contact information for Florida and the U.S. Virgin Islands.

The Medicare B Connection represents formal notice of coverage policies

Articles included in each edition represent formal notice that specific coverage policies either have or will take effect on the date given. Providers are expected to read, understand, and abide by the policies outlined in this document to ensure compliance with Medicare coverage and payment guidelines.
Advance beneficiary notices

Medicare Part B allows coverage for services and items deemed medically reasonable and necessary for treatment and diagnosis of the patient.

For some services, to ensure that payment is made only for medically necessary services or items, coverage may be limited based on one or more of the following factors (this list is not inclusive):

- Coverage for a service or item may be allowed only for specific diagnoses/conditions. Always code to the highest level of specificity.
- Coverage for a service or item may be allowed only when documentation supports the medical need for the service or item.
- Coverage for a service or item may be allowed only when its frequency is within the accepted standards of medical practice (i.e., a specified number of services in a specified timeframe for which the service may be covered).

If the provider believes that the service or item may not be covered as medically reasonable and necessary, the patient must be given an acceptable advance notice of Medicare's possible denial of payment if the provider does not want to accept financial responsibility for the service or item. Advance beneficiary notices (ABNs) advise beneficiaries, before items or services actually are furnished, when Medicare is likely to deny payment.

Patient liability notice

The Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services’ (CMS) has developed the Advance Beneficiary Notice of Noncoverage (ABN) (Form CMS-R-131), formerly the “Advance Beneficiary Notice.” Section 50 of the Medicare Claims Processing Manual provides instructions regarding the notice that these providers issue to beneficiaries in advance of initiating, reducing, or terminating what they believe to be noncovered items or services. The ABN must meet all of the standards found in Chapter 30. Beginning March 1, 2009, the ABN-G and ABN-L was no longer valid; and notifiers must use the revised Advance Beneficiary Notice of Noncoverage (CMS-R-131).


Reproducible copies of Form CMS-R-131 ABNs (in English and Spanish) and other BNI information may be found at http://www.cms.gov/BNI/02_ABN.asp.

ABN modifiers

When a patient is notified in advance that a service or item may be denied as not medically necessary, the provider must annotate this information on the claim (for both paper and electronic claims) by reporting modifier GA (waiver of liability statement on file) or GZ (item or service expected to be denied as not reasonable and necessary) with the service or item.

Failure to report modifier GA in cases where an appropriate advance notice was given to the patient may result in the provider having to assume financial responsibility for the denied service or item.

Modifier GZ may be used in cases where a signed ABN is not obtained from the patient; however, when modifier GZ is billed, the provider assumes financial responsibility if the service or item is denied.

Note: Line items submitted with the modifier GZ will be automatically denied and will not be subject to complex medical review.

GA modifier and appeals

When a patient is notified in advance that a service or item may be denied as not medically necessary, the provider must annotate this information on the claim (for both paper and electronic claims) by reporting the modifier GA (waiver of liability statement on file).

Failure to report modifier GA in cases where an appropriate advance notice was given to the patient may result in the provider having to assume financial responsibility for the denied service or item.

Nonassigned claims containing the modifier GA in which the patient has been found liable must have the patient’s written consent for an appeal. Refer to the Contact Information section of this publication for the address in which to send written appeals requests.
January 2012 update of correct coding initiative edits

Provider types affected
This article is for physicians submitting claims to Medicare carriers and/or A/B Medicare administrative contractors (A/B MACs) for services provided to Medicare beneficiaries.

Provider action needed
This article is based on change request (CR) 7616 which provides a reminder for physicians to take note of the quarterly updates to Correct Coding Initiative (CCI) edits. The last quarterly release of the edit module was issued in October, 2011.

Background
The Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) developed the National Correct Coding Initiative (CCI) to promote national correct coding methodologies and to control improper coding that leads to inappropriate payment in Part B claims.

The coding policies developed are based on coding conventions defined in the:
- National and local policies and edits
- Coding guidelines developed by national societies
- Analysis of standard medical and surgical practice, and by
- Review of current coding practice.

The latest package of CCI edits, version 18.0, is effective January 1, 2012, and includes all previous versions and updates from January 1, 1996, to the present. It will be organized in two tables:
- Column I/Column 2 Correct Coding Edits
- Mutually Exclusive Code (MEC) Edits

Additional information about the CCI, including the current CCI and mutually exclusive code (MEC) edits, is available at [http://www.cms.gov/NationalCorrectCodInitEd](http://www.cms.gov/NationalCorrectCodInitEd).

Additional information

The official instruction, CR 7616, issued to your carrier or A/B MAC regarding this change may be viewed at [http://www.cms.gov/Transmittals/downloads/R2322CP.pdf](http://www.cms.gov/Transmittals/downloads/R2322CP.pdf).

If you have any questions, please contact your carrier or A/B MAC at their toll-free number, which may be found at [http://www.cms.gov/MLNProducts/downloads/CallCenterTollNumDirectory.zip](http://www.cms.gov/MLNProducts/downloads/CallCenterTollNumDirectory.zip).

MLN Matters® Number: MM7616
Related Change Request (CR) #: CR 7616
Related CR Release Date: October 21, 2011
Effective Date: January 1, 2012
Related CR Transmittal #: R2322CP
Implementation Date: January 3, 2012

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Medicare Claim Submission Guidelines fact sheet now available

The new Medicare Claim Submission Guidelines fact sheet is now available in downloadable format. It includes information about applying for a national provider identifier and enrolling in the Medicare program, filing Medicare claims, and private contracts with Medicare beneficiaries.

Source: CMS PERL 201110-22
Additional enrollment requirements for fixed wing and helicopter air ambulance operators

Provider types affected
Ambulance suppliers submitting claims for air ambulance services to Medicare carriers and A/B Medicare administrative contractors (A/B MACs) are affected by this article.

Provider action needed
This article, based on change request (CR) 7363, informs you that, on November 29, 2010, the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) published a final rule that clarified the reporting requirements for air ambulance suppliers. The rule states that within 30 days of any revocation or suspension of a federal or state license or certification including Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) certification, an air ambulance supplier must report the revocation or suspension of its license or certification to the applicable Medicare contractor.

You must maintain all applicable federal and state licenses and certifications and report the following FAA certifications:
- Specific pilot certification
- Instrument and medical certifications
- Air worthiness certification

Background
Medicare contractors will ensure that the air ambulance suppliers are consistently meeting all federal and state requirements for Medicare enrollment. That process will include accessing the FAA website available at http://www.faa.gov/about/office_org/headquarters_offices/agc/operations/agc300/reports/ at least quarterly in order to validate the air ambulance supplier’s licenses and certifications. In addition:
- Medicare contractors will deny enrollment to an air ambulance supplier if you do not maintain your FAA certification; and
- Medicare contractors will revoke enrollment to an air ambulance supplier if you do not maintain your FAA certification.

Additional information
The official instruction, CR 7363 issued to your carrier and A/B MAC regarding this change may be viewed at http://www.cms.gov/Transmittals/downloads/R400PI.pdf.

If you have any questions, please contact your carrier or A/B MAC at their toll-free number, which may be found at http://www.cms.gov/MLNProducts/downloads/CallCenterTollNumDirectory.zip.

MLN Matters® Number: MM7363
Related Change Request (CR) #: 7363
Related CR Release Date: November 21, 2011
Effective Date: February 3, 2012
Related CR Transmittal #: R400PII
Implementation Date: February 3, 2012

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Instructions to accept and process all ambulance transportation codes

Note: This article was revised on October 13, 2011, to add a sentence to the “Go – What you need to do” section. All other information remains the same. This information was previously published in the August 2011 Medicare B Connection, pages 7-8.

Provider types affected
This article is for ambulance providers and suppliers who bill Medicare carriers, fiscal intermediaries (FIs), or Medicare administrative contractors (A/B MACs) for ambulance transportation services and transportation-related services provided to Medicare beneficiaries.

Provider action needed
Stop – impact to you
Effective January 1, 2012, you will be able to submit “no-pay claims” to Medicare for statutorily excluded ambulance transportation services and transportation-related services, in order to obtain a Medicare denial to submit to a beneficiary’s secondary insurance for coordination of benefits purposes.

Caution – what you need to know
Change request (CR) 7489, from which this article is taken, announces that (effective January 1, 2012,) Medicare FIs, carriers, and A/B MACs will revise their claim processing systems to begin to allow for the adjudication of claims containing HCPCS codes that identify Medicare statutorily excluded ambulance transportation services and transportation-related services. Medicare will then deny claims containing these codes as “non-covered,” which will allow you to submit the denied claim to a beneficiary’s secondary insurance for coordination of benefits purposes.

Go – what you need to do
You should ensure that your billing staffs are aware of this change and the need to include the modifier GY with the HCPCS code identifying the excluded ambulance transportation service and transportation-related services. In addition, if you are a facility-based ambulance provider billing a CMS-1450 claim form or the electronic equivalent (837I), you should be aware that you need to bill using the following non-covered revenue codes: 541, 542, 544, 547, 549, as applicable to the excluded ambulance transportation and transportation-related services that you are billing.

Background
Certain HCPCS codes identify various transportation services that are statutorily excluded from Medicare coverage and, therefore, not payable when billed to Medicare. In the Medicare physician fee schedule database (MPFSDB), a status indicator of “I” or “X” is associated with these codes. The “I” shows the HCPCS code is “Not valid for Medicare purposes. Medicare uses another code for reporting of, and payment for, these services.” The “X” indicates a (statutory exclusion” of the code. (See the Medicare Claims Processing Manual, Chapter 23 (Fee Schedule Administration and Coding Requirements), Section 30.2.2 (MPFSDB Status Indicators), which you may find at http://www.cms.gov/manuals/downloads/clm104c23.pdf.)

Because HCPCS codes are valid codes under the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA), claims for ambulance transportation and transportation-related services (HCPCS codes A0021 through A0424 and A0998) which are statutorily excluded or otherwise not payable by Medicare should be allowed into the Medicare claims processing system for adjudication and, since these services are statutorily excluded from, or otherwise not payable by, Medicare, then denied as such. Doing so affords providers and suppliers submitting the claims on behalf of Medicare beneficiaries the opportunity to submit “no-pay claims” to Medicare for statutorily excluded or otherwise not payable by Medicare services with the HCPCS code that accurately identifies the service that was furnished to the Medicare beneficiary. Doing so will allow providers/suppliers to obtain a Medicare denial to submit to a beneficiary’s secondary insurance for coordination of benefits purposes.

If you wish to bill for statutorily excluded ambulance transportation services and transportation-related services in order to obtain a “Medicare denial,” you should bill for such services by attaching the modifier GY to the HCPCS code identifying the service according to long-standing CMS policy.

When denying these claims for statutorily excluded services, your carrier, FI, or A/B MAC will use the following remittance advice language:

- Claim adjustment reason code 96 – “Non-covered charge(s)”
- Remittance advice remark code N425 – “Statutorily excluded service(s),” and
- Group code PR – “Patient Responsibility.”

Note: Make sure that you include the HCPCS code that accurately identifies the excluded ambulance transportation service and transportation-related services that the beneficiary was furnished.

continued on next page
Instructions ... (continued)

Additional information

You may find more information about instructions given to your carrier, FI, or A/B MAC to accept and process all ambulance transportation HCPCS codes by going to CR 7489, located at http://www.cms.gov/Transmittals/downloads/R1003OTN.pdf.

If you have any questions, please contact your carrier, FI, or A/B MAC at their toll-free number, which may be found at http://www.cms.gov/MLNProducts/downloads/CallCenterTollNumDirectory.zip.

MLN Matters® Number: MM7489 Revised
Related Change Request (CR) #: CR 7489
Related CR Release Date: November 25, 2011
Effective Date: January 1, 2012
Related CR Transmittal #: R1003OTN
Implementation Date: January 3, 2012

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CMS adopts policy and payment changes for outpatient care in hospitals and ambulatory surgical centers

The Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) issued a final rule with comment period (final rule) that will update payment policies and payment rates for services furnished to Medicare beneficiaries in hospital outpatient departments (HOPDs) and ambulatory surgical centers (ASCs) beginning January 1, 2012. In addition to establishing payment rates for calendar year (CY) 2012, the final rule expands the measures to be reported under the hospital outpatient quality reporting program, creates a new quality reporting program for ASCs, and strengthens the hospital value-based purchasing (hospital VBP) program that will affect payments to hospitals for inpatient stays beginning Oct. 1 2012.

CMS projects that total payments to more than 4,000 hospitals – which includes general acute care hospitals, inpatient rehabilitation facilities, inpatient psychiatric facilities, long-term acute care hospitals, children’s hospitals, and cancer hospitals – paid under the outpatient prospective payment system (OPPS) in CY 2012 will be approximately $41.1 billion. CMS also projects that payments to approximately 5,000 Medicare-participating ASCs paid under the ASC payment system will be approximately $3.5 billion for CY 2012.

“The CMS is committed to the goal of improving the quality and safety of care in all settings for all patients,” said CMS Administrator Donald M. Berwick, M.D. “Using the tools made available under the Affordable Care Act, CMS is moving aggressively to reform the payment and health care delivery systems to provide better care at lower costs through improvement.”

The final rule also establishes an electronic reporting pilot that will allow additional hospitals, including critical access hospitals (CAHs), to report clinical quality measures in CY 2012 for purposes of participating in the Medicare electronic health record incentive program.

Provisions affecting payments to hospital outpatient departments

The final rule will increase payment rates under the OPPS by 1.9 percent in CY 2012. This increase is based on the projected hospital inpatient market basket percentage increase of 3.0 percent for inpatient services paid under the hospital inpatient prospective payment system (IPPS) minus the multifactor productivity adjustment of 1.0 percentage points and minus a 0.1 percentage point adjustment, both of which are required by the Affordable Care Act.

The final rule also provides a payment adjustment for designated cancer hospitals as required by the Affordable Care Act. This payment adjustment is expected to increase payments to cancer hospitals by 11.3 percent (or approximately $71 million) over what they would have otherwise been paid.

In response to concerns that Medicare’s requirement for direct physician supervision of outpatient hospital therapeutic services could hinder access for beneficiaries specifically in rural areas, the final rule establishes an independent advisory review process to consider requests that specific outpatient services be subject to a level of

continued on next page
supervision other than direct supervision. Under this process, CMS will seek recommendations from Ambulatory Payment Classification (APC) Advisory Panel about appropriate supervision requirements. This panel was created to provide technical advice and recommendations to CMS about assigning items and services furnished in hospital outpatient departments to appropriate payment classifications. CMS will add two small rural PPS hospital members and two CAH members to represent their interests to the panel so that all hospitals subject to the supervision rules for payment of outpatient therapeutic services will be represented. Since CAHs are not paid under the OPPS, CAH representatives would not participate in deliberations about APC assignments.

“The CMS is committed to ensuring that beneficiaries who are treated in small rural hospitals have access to high quality, safe therapeutic services in outpatient departments,” said Jonathan Blum, deputy administrator and director for CMS’s Center for Medicare. “We believe the process we have adopted will provide meaningful and transparent input from stakeholders to assist CMS in establishing appropriate supervision requirements.”

In other provisions, the final rule will:

- Pay for the acquisition and pharmacy overhead costs of separately payable drugs and biologicals, other than new drugs and biologicals that have pass-through status, at the average sales price (ASP) plus 4 percent.

- Pay for partial hospitalization (PHP) services in hospital-based PHPs and community mental health centers (CMHCs) based on the unique cost-structures of each type of program. For both types of providers, CMS is proposing to finalize our proposal to update the four PHP per diem payment rates based on the median costs calculated using the most recent claims data for each provider type.

- Increase the number of measures for reporting in CY 2012 and CY 2013 for purposes of the CY 2014 and CY 2015 payment determinations, and would modify the process for selecting hospitals for validating reported chart-abstracted measures that was adopted for CY 2012 in the CY 2011 OPPS rule.

**Provisions affecting payments to ambulatory surgical centers**

The final rule increases payment rates to ASCs by 1.6 percent in CY 2012. This reflects a consumer price index for all urban consumers estimated at 2.7 percent, minus a 1.1 percent productivity adjustment required by the Affordable Care Act.

The final rule also establishes a quality reporting program for ASCs and adopts five quality measures, including four outcome measures and one surgical infection control measure beginning in CY 2012 for the CY 2014 payment determination. The final rule adds two structural measures for reporting beginning in CY 2013 for the CY 2015 and CY 2016 payment determinations -- one for safe surgery checklist use, and one for ASC facility volume data on selected ASC surgical procedures.

**Provisions affecting the hospital value-based purchasing program**

The hospital VBP, which was required by section 3001(a) of the Affordable Care Act, was initially established in a final rule published in May 2011. The final rule contained the measures, performance standards, and scoring methodology that would be used to determine the value-based incentive payments to hospitals in FY 2013. The final rule announced today addresses the program requirements for the FY 2014 program. These changes include: adding one clinical process measure to guard against infections due to urinary catheters; and, establishing the weighting, performance periods, and performance standards for the clinical process, patient experience, and outcomes measures for FY 2014.

The final rule with comment period for the OPPS and the ASC payment system can be downloaded from: [http://www.ofr.gov/inspection.aspx](http://www.ofr.gov/inspection.aspx).

It will appear in the November 30, 2011, *Federal Register*. CMS will accept comments on issues open for comment by January, 3, 2012, and will respond to them in the CY 2013 rule.

The addenda to the final rule for the OPPS are available at: [http://www.cms.gov/HospitalOutpatientPPS](http://www.cms.gov/HospitalOutpatientPPS).

The addenda to the final rule for the ASC payment system are available at: [http://www.cms.gov/ASCpayment/](http://www.cms.gov/ASCpayment/).


**Note:** If you have problems accessing any hyperlink in this message, please copy and paste the URL into your Internet browser.

**Source:** CMS PERL 2011110-61
Annual update of HCPCS codes used for home health consolidated billing enforcement

Provider types affected
Providers and suppliers submitting claims to Medicare contractors (carriers, DME Medicare administrative contractors [DME MACs], fiscal intermediaries [FIs], Part A/B Medicare administrative contractors [A/B MACs], and/or regional home health intermediaries [RHHIs]) for services provided to Medicare beneficiaries during an episode of home health care are affected.

Provider action needed
This article announces that change request (CR) 7599 is a recurring update notification that provides the annual HH consolidated billing update, effective January 1, 2012. Make sure your billing staff is aware of these changes.

Background
The Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) periodically updates the lists of Healthcare Common Procedure Codes System (HCPCS) codes subject to the consolidated billing provision of the HH prospective payment system (HH PPS). With the exception of therapies performed by physicians, supplies incidental to physician services, and supplies used in institutional settings, services appearing on this list that are submitted on claims to Medicare contractors will not be paid separately on dates when a beneficiary for whom such a service is being billed is in a HH episode (i.e., under a HH plan of care administered by a home health agency). Medicare will only directly reimburse the primary HH agencies that have opened such episodes during the episode periods. Therapies performed by physicians, supplies incidental to physician services and supplies used in institutional settings are not subject to HH consolidated billing.

The HH consolidated billing code lists are updated annually, to reflect the annual changes to the HCPCS code set itself. Additional updates may occur as frequently as quarterly in order to reflect the creation of temporary HCPCS codes (e.g., ‘K’ codes) throughout the calendar year. The new coding identified in each update describes the same services that were used to determine the applicable HH PPS payment rates. No additional services will be added by these updates. New updates are required by changes to the coding system, not because the services subject to HH consolidated billing are being redefined.

Key Points
The HCPCS codes in the table below are being added to the HH consolidated billing supply code list.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Added HCPCS code</th>
<th>Descriptor</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A5056</td>
<td>Ostomy pouch, drainable, with extended wear barrier attached, with filter, (1 piece), each.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A5057</td>
<td>Ostomy pouch, drainable, with extended wear barrier attached, with built in convexity, with filter, (1 piece), each.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Additional information
If you have questions, please contact your Medicare carrier, FI, RHHI, A/B MAC or DME MAC at their toll-free number which may be found at http://www.cms.hhs.gov/MLNProducts/downloads/CallCenterTollNumDirectory.zip.


MLN Matters® Number: MM7599
Related Change Request (CR) #: 7599
Related CR Release Date: October 7, 2011
Effective Date: January 1, 2012
Related CR Transmittal #: R2317CP
Implementation Date: January 3, 2012

Disclaimer - This article was prepared as a service to the public and is not intended to grant rights or impose obligations. This article may contain references or links to statutes, regulations, or other policy materials. The information provided is only intended to be a general summary. It is not intended to take the place of either the written law or regulations. We encourage readers to review the specific statutes, regulations and other interpretive materials for a full and accurate statement of their contents.
Influenza vaccine payment allowances – annual update for 2011-2012 season

Provider types affected
This article is for physicians and providers submitting claims to Medicare contractors (carriers, fiscal intermediaries (FIs), and/or Part A/B Medicare administrative contractors [A/B MACs]) for influenza vaccines provided to Medicare beneficiaries.

Provider action needed
The Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) issued change request (CR) 7575 in order to update payment allowances, effective September 1, 2011, for influenza vaccines when payment is based on 95 percent of the average wholesale price (AWP). Be sure your billing staffs are aware of this update.

Background
CR 7575 provides the payment allowances for the following seasonal influenza virus vaccines: Current Procedural Terminology (CPT) codes 90654, 90655, 90656, 90657, 90660, and 90662 and Healthcare Common Procedure Coding System (HCPCS) codes Q2035, Q2036, Q2037, Q2038, and Q2039 when payment is based on 95 percent of the AWP. The payment allowances for influenza vaccines are updated on an annual basis effective September 1 of each year.

Effective for dates of service on or after September 1, 2011, (except payment is based on reasonable cost where the vaccine is furnished in a hospital outpatient department, a rural health clinic, or a federally qualified health center), the Medicare Part B payment allowance for:

- CPT 90655 is $15.705
- CPT 90656 is $12.375
- CPT 90657 is $6.653
- HCPCS Q2035 (Afluria®) is $11.543
- HCPCS Q2036 (Flulaval®) is $8.784
- HCPCS Q2037 (Fluvirin®) is $13.652, and
- HCPCS Q2038 (Fluzone®) is $13.306.

Note: The Medicare Part B payment allowance for HCPCS Q2039 (Flu Vaccine Adult - Not Otherwise Classified) will be determined by your local Medicare contractor.

Payment for CPT 90654 (Flu vaccine, Intradermal, Preservative free (Fluzone ID®), for CPT 90660 (FluMist®, a nasal influenza vaccine), or CPT 90662 (Fluzone High-Dose®) may be made if your local Medicare contractor determines its use is medically reasonable and necessary for the beneficiary. Effective for dates of service on or after September 1, 2011, when payment is based on 95 percent of the AWP, the Medicare Part B payment allowance for CPT 90654 is $18.383, for CPT 90660 is $22.316, and for CPT 90662 is $30.923.

CPT 90654 is a valid code effective January 1, 2011. However, the product was not FDA approved until May 9, 2011. Therefore, the code is non-payable for Medicare purposes from January 1, 2011, until May 8, 2011. For any claims containing dates of service May 9, 2011, through August 31, 2011, Medicare contractors shall price the vaccine. Effective for dates of service on and after September 1, 2011, CMS has established a price for CPT 90654.

The payment allowances for pneumococcal vaccines are based on 95 percent of the AWP and are updated on a quarterly basis via the quarterly average sales price (ASP) drug pricing files.

Note: Medicare contractors will not automatically adjust claims processed prior to implementation of CR 7575. However, they will adjust such claims that you bring to their attention.
Influenza ... (continued)

Additional information
The official instruction, CR 7575 issued to your carrier, FI, or A/B MAC regarding this change may be viewed at http://www.cms.gov/Transmittals/downloads/R2345CP.pdf.

If you have any questions, please contact your carrier, FI or A/B MAC at their toll-free number, which may be found at http://www.cms.gov/MLNProducts/downloads/CallCenterTollNumDirectory.zip.

MLN Matters® Number: MM7575
Related Change Request (CR) #: 7575
Related CR Release Date: November 9, 2011
Effective Date: September 1, 2011
Related CR Transmittal #: R2345CP
Implementation Date: No later than January 27, 2012

Disclaimer - This article was prepared as a service to the public and is not intended to grant rights or impose obligations. This article may contain references or links to statutes, regulations, or other policy materials. The information provided is only intended to be a general summary. It is not intended to take the place of either the written law or regulations. We encourage readers to review the specific statutes, regulations and other interpretive materials for a full and accurate statement of their contents.

New influenza virus vaccine code

Provider types affected
Providers and physicians submitting claims to Medicare contractors (fiscal intermediaries [FIs], Part A/B Medicare administrative contractors [A/B MACs], and/or regional home health intermediaries [RHHIs]) for influenza vaccines provided to Medicare beneficiaries are affected by this article.

What you need to know
Effective May 9, 2011, claims with influenza virus vaccine code 90654 (influenza virus vaccine, split virus, preservative-free, for intradermal use, for adults ages 18 – 64) will be payable by Medicare for claims with dates of service on or after May 9, 2011, if submitted on or after April 2, 2012. CPT code 90654 was added to the 2011 HCPCS file effective January 1, 2011. However, 90654 didn’t become payable by Medicare until May 9, 2011. Please make sure your billing staff is aware of these changes. Medicare contractors will not adjust claims submitted prior to May 9, unless you bring such claims to their attention.

Background
Change request (CR) 7580 advises that payment for this code to institutional providers is as follows:

- Hospitals (types of bill (TOB) 12x and 13x), skilled nursing facilities (SNFs) (TOBs 22x and 23x), home health agencies (HHAs) (TOB 34x), hospital-based renal dialysis facilities (RDFs) (TOB 72x) and critical access hospitals (CAHs) (TOB 85x) are paid on reasonable cost
- Indian health service (IHS) hospitals (TOB 12x and 13x) and IHS CAHs (TOB 85x) are paid based on the lower of the actual charge or 95 percent of the average wholesale price (AWP)
- Comprehensive outpatient rehabilitation facilities and independent RDFs (TOB 72x) are paid based on the lower of the actual charge or 95 percent of the AWP

Additional information
The official instruction, CR 7580, issued to your carrier, RHHI, FI or A/B MAC regarding this change may be viewed at http://www.cms.gov/Transmittals/downloads/R2337CP.pdf.

If you have any questions, please contact your carrier, RHHI, FI or A/B MAC at their toll-free number, which may be found at http://www.cms.gov/MLNProducts/downloads/CallCenterTollNumDirectory.zip.

MLN Matters® Number: MM7580
Related Change Request (CR) #: 7580
Related CR Release Date: October 28, 2011
Effective Date: May 9, 2011
Related CR Transmittal #: R2337CP
Implementation Date: April 2, 2012

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January 2012 average sales price files now available

Provider types affected
Physicians, providers, and suppliers submitting claims to Medicare contractors (carriers, durable medical equipment Medicare administrative contractors [DME MACs], fiscal intermediaries [FIs], A/B Medicare administrative contractors [A/B MACs], and/or regional home health intermediaries [RHHIs]) for services provided to Medicare beneficiaries.

Provider action needed
This article is based on change request (CR) 7624 which instructs your Medicare contractors to download and implement the January 2012 average sales price (ASP) Medicare Part B drug pricing file for Medicare Part B drugs and, if released by the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS), also to download and implement the revised October 2011, July 2011, April 2011, and January 2011 files. Medicare will use these files to determine the payment limit for claims for separately payable Medicare Part B drugs processed or reprocessed on or after January 3, 2012, with dates of service January 1, 2012, through March 31, 2012.

Background
Section 303(c) of the Medicare Modernization Act of 2003 (MMA) (see http://www.cms.gov/MMAUpdate/downloads/PL108-173summary.pdf) revised the payment methodology for Part B covered drugs and biologicals that are not priced on a cost or prospective payment basis. The average sales price (ASP) methodology is based on quarterly data submitted to CMS by manufacturers. CMS will supply contractors with the ASP and not otherwise classified (NOC) drug pricing files for Medicare Part B drugs on a quarterly basis. Payment allowance limits under the OPPS are incorporated into the outpatient code editor (OCE) through separate instructions that can be located in Chapter 4, Section 50 of the Medicare Claims Processing Manual (http://www.cms.gov/manuals/downloads/clm104c04.pdf).

The following table shows how the quarterly payment files will be applied:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Files</th>
<th>Effective for dates of service</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>October 2011 ASP and ASP NOC</td>
<td>October 1, 2011, through December 31, 2011</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>July 2011 ASP and ASP NOC</td>
<td>July 1, 2011, through September 30, 2011</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>April 2011 ASP and ASP NOC files</td>
<td>April 1, 2011, through June 30, 2011</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>January 2011 ASP and ASP NOC files</td>
<td>January 1, 2011, through March 31, 2011</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Additional information
The official instruction, CR 7624, issued to your carriers, DME MACs, FIs, A/B MACs, and RHHIs regarding this change may be viewed at http://www.cms.gov/Transmittals/downloads/R2331CP.pdf.

If you have any questions, please contact your carriers, DME MACs, FIs, A/B MACs, or RHHIs at their toll-free number, which may be found at http://www.cms.gov/MLNProducts/downloads/CallCenterTollNumDirectory.zip.

MLN Matters® Number: MM7624
Related Change Request (CR) #: CR 7624
Related CR Release Date: October 27, 2011
Effective Date: January 1, 2012
Related CR Transmittal #: R2331CP
Implementation Date: January 3, 2012

Disclaimer - This article was prepared as a service to the public and is not intended to grant rights or impose obligations. This article may contain references or links to statutes, regulations, or other policy materials. The information provided is only intended to be a general summary. It is not intended to take the place of either the written law or regulations. We encourage readers to review the specific statutes, regulations and other interpretive materials for a full and accurate statement of their contents.

CY 2012 blood clotting factor furnishing fee limit is now available

The Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) has posted the calendar year (CY) 2012 blood clotting factor furnishing fee at http://www.cms.gov/McrPartBDrugAvgSalesPrice/20_ClotFactorFurnishFee.asp.

Note: If you have problems accessing any hyperlink in this message, please copy and paste the URL into your Internet browser.

Source: CMS PERL 201110-24
Autologous cellular immunotherapy treatment of metastatic prostate cancer

Note: This article was revised on November 7, 2011, to reflect a revised change request (CR) 7431 issued on November 2, 2011. The article has been revised to show that a separate payment for the cost of administration is allowed. In addition, the transmittal numbers, release date, and the Web address for accessing CR 7431 have been revised. All other information is the same. This information was previously published in the July 2011 Medicare B Connection, pages 12-15.

Provider types affected
Physicians, providers, and suppliers submitting claims to Medicare contractors (carriers, fiscal intermediaries [FIs] and/or A/B Medicare administrative contractors [A/B MACs]) for metastatic prostate cancer treatment services provided to Medicare beneficiaries are affected.

Provider action needed
Stop – impact to you
This article is based on change request (CR) 7431 regarding the use of autologous cellular immunotherapy treatment for metastatic prostate cancer.

Caution – what you need to know
The Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) finds that the evidence is adequate to conclude that the use of autologous cellular immunotherapy treatment - Sipuleucel-T; PROVENGE® improves health outcomes for Medicare beneficiaries with asymptomatic or minimally symptomatic metastatic castrate-resistant (hormone refractory) prostate cancer. It is therefore reasonable and necessary to use for this on-label indication under the Social Security Act (1862(a)(1)(A)) effective for services performed on or after June 30, 2011.

Go – what you need to do
Make sure billing staff is aware of this article.

Background
In 2010 the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved Sipuleucel-T (APC8015) for patients with castration-resistant, metastatic prostate cancer. The posited mechanism of action, immunotherapy, is different from that of anti-cancer chemotherapy such as Docetaxel. This is the first immunotherapy for prostate cancer to receive FDA approval.

The goal of immunotherapy is to stimulate the body’s natural defenses (such as the white blood cells called dendritic cells, T-lymphocytes and mononuclear cells) in a specific manner so that they attack and destroy, or at least prevent the proliferation of, cancer cells. Specificity is attained by intentionally exposing a patient’s white blood cells to a particular protein (called an antigen) associated with the prostate cancer. This exposure "trains" the white blood cells to target and attack the prostate cancer cells. Clinically, this is expected to result in a decrease in the size and/or number of cancer sites, an increase in the time to cancer progression, and/or an increase in survival of the patient.

CR 7431 instructs that, effective for services performed on or after June 30, 2011, CMS concludes that the evidence is adequate to support the use of autologous cellular immunotherapy treatment - Sipuleucel-T; PROVENGE® for Medicare beneficiaries with asymptomatic or minimally symptomatic metastatic castrate-resistant (hormone refractory) prostate cancer.

Medicare contractors will continue to process claims for PROVENGE® with dates of service on June 30, 2011, as they do currently when providers submit not otherwise vlassified Healthcare Common Procedure Coding System (HCPCS) code(s) J3590, J3490 or C9273. HCPCS code C9273 will be deleted on June 30, 2011.

The new HCPCS code Q2043 will:
- Replace C9273 (Sipuleucel-T, minimum of 50 million autologous CD54+ cells activated with PAP-GM-CSF, including leukapheresis and all other preparatory procedures, per infusion)
- Be implemented in the July 2011 Update of Quarterly HCPCS Drug/Biological Code Changes (CR 7303 [Transmittal R2227CP]; see http://www.cms.gov/transmittals/downloads/R2227CP.pdf); and
- Have an effective date of July 1, 2011.

The ambulatory surgical center (ASC) payment system will be updated to reflect these coding changes, and these changes will be announced in the ASC quarterly update CR for July 2011.

Coverage for PROVENGE®, Q2043, for asymptomatic or minimally symptomatic metastatic castrate-resistant (hormone refractory) prostate cancer is limited to one (1) treatment regimen in a patient’s lifetime, consisting of three (3) doses with each dose administered approximately two (2) weeks apart for a total treatment period not to exceed 30 weeks from the first administration.

continued on next page
Autologous ... (continued)
The language given in the long descriptor of PROVENGE® that states “all other preparatory procedures” refers to the transportation process of collecting immune cells from a patient during a non-therapeutic leukapheresis procedure, subsequently sending the immune cells to the manufacturing facility, and then transporting the immune cells back to the site of service to be administered to the patient, as well as the infusion of the immune cells to the patient. Q2043 is all-inclusive and represents all routine costs, except for the cost of administration. Please note that the cost of administration can now be billed separately.

Note: For a local coverage determination by an individual MAC to cover PROVENGE® “off-label” for the treatment of prostate cancer, the International Classification of Diseases, Ninth Revision (ICD-9) diagnosis code must be either 233.4 (carcinoma in situ of prostate) or 185 (malignant neoplasm of prostate). ICD-9 diagnosis code 233.4 may not be used for “on-label” coverage claims.

Coding and billing information

ICD-9 diagnosis coding
For claims with dates of service on and after July 1, 2011, for PROVENGE®, the on-label indication of asymptomatic or minimally symptomatic metastatic, castrate-resistant (hormone refractory) prostate cancer, must be billed using ICD-9 code 185 (malignant neoplasm of prostate) and at least one of the following ICD-9 codes:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ICD-9</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>196.1</td>
<td>Secondary and unspecified malignant neoplasm of intrathoracic lymph nodes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>196.2</td>
<td>Secondary and unspecified malignant neoplasm of intra-abdominal lymph nodes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>196.5</td>
<td>Secondary and unspecified malignant neoplasm of lymph nodes of inguinal region and lower limb</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>196.6</td>
<td>Secondary and unspecified malignant neoplasm of intrapelvic lymph nodes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>196.8</td>
<td>Secondary and unspecified malignant neoplasm of lymph nodes of multiple sites</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>196.9</td>
<td>Secondary and unspecified malignant neoplasm of lymph node site unspecified - The spread of cancer to and establishment in the lymph nodes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>197.0</td>
<td>Secondary malignant neoplasm of lung – Cancer that has spread from the original (primary) tumor to the lung. The spread of cancer to the lung. This may be from a primary lung cancer, or from a cancer at a distant site.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>197.7</td>
<td>Malignant neoplasm of liver secondary - Cancer that has spread from the original (primary) tumor to the liver. A malignant neoplasm that has spread to the liver from another (primary) anatomic site. Such malignant neoplasms may be carcinomas (e.g., breast, colon), lymphomas, melanomas, or sarcomas.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>198.0</td>
<td>Secondary malignant neoplasm of kidney - The spread of the cancer to the kidney. This may be from a primary kidney cancer involving the opposite kidney, or from a cancer at a distant site.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>198.1</td>
<td>Secondary malignant neoplasm of other urinary organs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>198.5</td>
<td>Secondary malignant neoplasm of bone and bone marrow – Cancer that has spread from the original (primary) tumor to the bone. The spread of a malignant neoplasm from a primary site to the skeletal system. The majority of metastatic neoplasms to the bone are carcinomas.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>198.7</td>
<td>Secondary malignant neoplasm of adrenal gland</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>198.82</td>
<td>Secondary malignant neoplasm of genital organs</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Coding for off-label PROVENGE® services
At the discretion of the local Medicare administrative contractors, claims with dates of service on and after July 1, 2011, for PROVENGE® paid off-label for the treatment of prostate cancer must be billed using either ICD-9 code 233.4 (carcinoma in situ of prostate) or 185 (malignant neoplasm of prostate) in addition to HCPCS Q2043. Effective with the implementation date for ICD-10 codes, off-label PROVENGE® services must be billed with either ICD-10 code D075 (carcinoma in situ of prostate) or C61 (malignant neoplasm of prostate) in addition to HCPCS Q2043.

ICD-10 diagnosis coding
The appropriate ICD-10 code(s) that are listed below are for future implementation.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ICD-10</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>C61</td>
<td>Malignant neoplasm of prostate (for on-label or off-label indications)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D075</td>
<td>Carcinoma in situ of prostate (for off-label indications only)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C77.1</td>
<td>Secondary and unspecified malignant neoplasm of intrathoracic lymph nodes</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**ICD-10**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ICD-10</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>C77.2</td>
<td>Secondary and unspecified malignant neoplasm of intra-abdominal lymph nodes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C77.4</td>
<td>Secondary and unspecified malignant neoplasm of inguinal and lower limb lymph nodes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C77.5</td>
<td>Secondary and unspecified malignant neoplasm of intrapelvic lymph nodes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C77.8</td>
<td>Secondary and unspecified malignant neoplasm of lymph nodes of multiple regions</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C77.9</td>
<td>Secondary and unspecified malignant neoplasm of lymph node, unspecified</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C78.00</td>
<td>Secondary malignant neoplasm of unspecified lung</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C78.01</td>
<td>Secondary malignant neoplasm of right lung</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C78.02</td>
<td>Secondary malignant neoplasm of left lung</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C78.7</td>
<td>Secondary malignant neoplasm of liver</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C79.00</td>
<td>Secondary malignant neoplasm of unspecified kidney and renal pelvis</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C79.01</td>
<td>Secondary malignant neoplasm of right kidney and renal pelvis</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C79.02</td>
<td>Secondary malignant neoplasm of left kidney and renal pelvis</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C79.10</td>
<td>Secondary malignant neoplasm of unspecified urinary organs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C79.11</td>
<td>Secondary malignant neoplasm of bladder</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C79.19</td>
<td>Secondary malignant neoplasm of other urinary organs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C79.51</td>
<td>Secondary malignant neoplasm of bone</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C79.52</td>
<td>Secondary malignant neoplasm of bone marrow</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C79.70</td>
<td>Secondary malignant neoplasm of unspecified adrenal gland</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C79.71</td>
<td>Secondary malignant neoplasm of right adrenal gland</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C79.72</td>
<td>Secondary malignant neoplasm of left adrenal gland</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C79.82</td>
<td>Secondary malignant neoplasm of genital organs</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Types of bill (TOB) and revenue codes**
The applicable TOBs for PROVENGE® are: 12x, 13x, 22x, 23x, 71x, 77x, and 85x.
On institutional claims, TOBs 12x, 13x, 22x, 23x, and 85x, use revenue code 0636 - drugs requiring detailed coding.

**Payment methods**
Payment for PROVENGE® is as follows:
- TOBs 12x, 13x, 22x and 23x - based on the average sales price (ASP) + 6 percent
- TOB 85x – based on reasonable cost
- TOBs 71x and 77x – based on all-inclusive rate (drugs/supplies are not reimbursed separately).
- For Medicare Part B practitioner claims, payment for PROVENGE® is based on ASP + 6 percent.

**Note:** Medicare contractors will not pay separately for routine costs associated with PROVENGE®. HCPCS Q2043 is all-inclusive and represents all routine costs associated with its administration.

**Remittance advice remark codes (RARCs), claim adjustment reason codes (CARCs), and group codes**
Medicare will use the following messages when denying claims for the on-label indication for PROVENGE®, HCPCS Q2043, submitted without ICD-9-CM diagnosis code 185 and at least one diagnosis code from the ICD-9 table shown above:
- RARC 167 – This (these) diagnosis (es) are not covered. Note: Refer to the 835 Healthcare Policy Identification segment (loop 2110 Service Payment Information REF), if present.
- Group code – contractual obligation (CO)

Medicare will use the following messages when denying line items on claims for the off-label indication for PROVENGE®, HCPCS Q2043, submitted without ICD-9-CM diagnosis code 233.4 or 185:
- RARC 167 – This (these) diagnosis (es) are not covered. Note: Refer to the 835 Healthcare Policy Identification segment (loop 2110 Service Payment Information REF), if present.
- Group code – CO

When denying claims for PROVENGE®, HCPCS Q2043 that exceed three (3) payments in a patient’s lifetime, contractors shall use the following messages:

*continued on next page*
Autologous ... (continued)

- **RARC N362** – The number of Days or Units of Service exceeds our acceptable maximum.
- **CARC 149** – Lifetime benefit maximum has been reached for this service/benefit category.
- **Group code** – CO.

When denying claims for PROVENGE®, HCPCS Q2043® that are provided more than 30 weeks from the date of the 1st PROVENGE® administration, contractors shall use the following messages:

- **CARC B5** – Coverage/program guidelines were not met or were exceeded.
- **Group code** – CO.

**Additional information**


If you have any questions, please contact your carriers, FIs or A/B MACs, at their toll-free number, which may be found at [http://www.cms.gov/MLNProducts/downloads/CallCenterTollNumDirectory.zip](http://www.cms.gov/MLNProducts/downloads/CallCenterTollNumDirectory.zip).

**MLN Matters® Number: MM7431 Revised**

**Related Change Request (CR) #: CR 7431**

**Related CR Release Date: November 2, 2011**

**Effective Date: June 30, 2011**

**Related CR Transmittal #: R2339CP and R136NCD**

**Implementation Date: August 8, 2011**

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**Durable Medical Equipment**

Get ready for DMEPOS competitive bidding

The Medicare durable medical equipment, prosthetics, orthotics, and supplies (DMEPOS) competitive bidding program round 2 and the national mail-order competitions are coming soon.

**Fall 2011**

- CMS announces bidding schedule
- CMS begins bidder education program
- Bidder registration period to obtain user ID and passwords begins

**Winter 2012**

- Bidding begins

If you are a supplier interested in bidding, prepare now – don’t wait.

- Update your contact information: The following contact information in your enrollment file at the national supplier clearinghouse (NSC) must be up to date before you register to bid. If your file is not current, you may experience delays and/or be unable to register and bid. DMEPOS suppliers should review and update:
  - The name, Social Security number, and date of birth for all authorized official(s) (if you have only one authorized official listed on your enrollment file, consider adding one or more authorized officials to help with registration and bidding); and
  - The correspondence address.

DMEPOS suppliers can update their enrollment via the Internet-based Provider Enrollment, Chain and Ownership System (PECOS) or by using the July 11, 2011, version of the CMS-855S enrollment form. Suppliers not

*continued on next page*
**DMEPOS ... (continued)**


- **Get licensed**: Contracts are only awarded to suppliers that have all required state licenses at the time the bid is submitted. Therefore, before you submit a bid for a product category in a competitive bidding area (CBA), you must have all required state licenses for that product category on file with the NSC. Every location must be licensed in each state in which it provides services. If you have only one location and are bidding in a CBA that includes more than one state, you must have all required licenses for every state in that CBA. If you have more than one location and are bidding in a CBA that includes more than one state, your company must have all required licenses for the product category for every state in that CBA. It is very important that you make sure that current versions of all required licenses are in your enrollment file with the NSC before you bid. If any required licenses are expired or missing from your enrollment file, we can reject your bid. Suppliers bidding in the national mail-order competition must have the applicable licenses for all 50 states, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the U.S. Virgin Islands, Guam, and American Samoa.

- **Get accredited**: Suppliers must be accredited for all items in a product category in order to submit a bid for that product category. If you are interested in bidding for a product category and are not currently accredited for that product category, take action now to get accredited for that product category. Your accreditation organization will need to report any accreditation updates to the NSC. CMS cannot contract with suppliers that are not accredited by a CMS-approved accreditation organization.

Further information on the DMEPOS accreditation requirements along with a list of the accreditation organizations and those professionals and other persons exempted from accreditation may be found at the CMS website: [www.cms.gov/MedicareProviderSupEnroll/01_Overview.asp](http://www.cms.gov/MedicareProviderSupEnroll/01_Overview.asp).

The competitive bidding implementation contractor (CBIC) is the official information source for bidders. Stay informed – visit the CBIC website at [www.dmecompetitivebid.com](http://www.dmecompetitivebid.com) to subscribe to email updates and for the latest information on the DMEPOS competitive bidding program.

**Note**: If you have problems accessing any hyperlink in this message, please copy and paste the URL into your Internet browser.

**Source**: CMS PERL 201111-01

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**CY 2012 fee schedule update for DMEPOS**

**Provider types affected**

Providers and suppliers submitting claims to Medicare contractors (carriers, DME Medicare administrative contractors [DME MACs], fiscal intermediaries [FIs], Medicare administrative contractors [MACs], and/or regional home health intermediaries [RHHIs]) for DMEPOS items or services paid under the durable medical equipment, prosthetics, orthotics, and supplies (DMEPOS) fee schedule need to be aware of this article.

**Provider action needed**

**Stop – impact to you**

Updates and information in change request (CR) 7635 can impact reimbursement for your claims for DMEPOS items or services.

**Caution – what you need to know**

This article, based on CR 7635, advises you of the calendar year (CY) 2012 annual update for the Medicare DMEPOS fee schedule. The instructions include information on the data files, update factors, and other information related to the update of the DMEPOS fee schedule.

Key points about these changes are summarized in the Background section below. These changes are effective for DMEPOS provided on or after January 1, 2012.

**Go – what you need to do**

You should make that sure your billing staffs are aware of these changes.

**Background and key points of CR 7635**

Payment on a fee schedule basis is required for durable medical equipment, prosthetic devices, orthotics, prosthetics, and surgical dressings (DMEPOS) by Sections 1834(a), (h), and (i) of the Social Security Act (the Act); and for parenteral and enteral nutrition (PEN) by 42 CFR, Section 414.102.

*continued on next page*
In accordance with these statutes and regulations, the DMEPOS fee schedules are updated annually; and the process for this update is documented in the "Medicare Claims Processing Manual", Chapter 23 Fee Schedule Administration and Coding Requirements, Section 60 (Durable Medical Equipment Prosthetics, Orthotics and Supplies (DMEPOS) Fee Schedule at [http://www.cms.gov/manuals/downloads/clm104c23.pdf](http://www.cms.gov/manuals/downloads/clm104c23.pdf). CR 7635, from which this article is taken, provides instructions regarding annual the DMEPOS fee schedule annual update for 2012.

### Fee schedule files

The DMEPOS fee schedule file will be available on or after November 16, 2011, for state Medicaid agencies, managed care organizations, and other interested parties at [http://www.cms.hhs.gov/DMEPOSFeeSched/](http://www.cms.hhs.gov/DMEPOSFeeSched/).

### Healthcare Common Procedure Coding System (HCPCS) codes added

The following new codes are effective as of January 1, 2012:

- A9272 which has no assigned payment category
- A5056 and A5057 in the ostomy, tracheostomy, and urological supplies (OS) payment category
- E0988 in the capped rental (CR) category
- L5312, L6715, and L6880 in the prosthetics and orthotics category
- E2358, E2359, E2626, E2627, E2628, E2629, E2630, E2631, E2632, and E2633 in the inexpensive/routinely purchased (DME) payment category

The fee schedule amounts for the above new codes will be established as part of the July 2012 DMEPOS Fee Schedule Update, when applicable. Also when applicable, DME MACs will establish local fee schedule amounts to pay claims for the new codes from January 1, 2012, through June 30, 2012. The new codes are not to be used for billing purposes until they are effective on January 1, 2012.

Please note that the HCPCS codes listed as new codes in this CR may not be final and are subject to change pending release of the CY 2012 HCPCS file.

For gap-filling purposes, the 2011 deflation factors by payment category are listed in the following table:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Factor</th>
<th>Category</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0.485</td>
<td>Oxygen</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0.488</td>
<td>Capped rental</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0.490</td>
<td>Prosthetics and orthotics</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0.621</td>
<td>Surgical dressings</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0.676</td>
<td>Parenteral and enteral nutrition</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### HCPCS codes deleted

The following codes are being deleted from the HCPCS effective January 1, 2012, and are therefore being removed from the DMEPOS fee schedule files:

- E0571
- L1500, L1510, L1520, L3964, L3965, L3966, L3968, L3969, L3970, L3972, L3974, L4380, L5311, L7266, L7272, L7274, and L7500

### Specific coding and pricing issues

CMS has learned that the current language in the *Medicare Claims Processing Manual*, Chapter 23 (Fee Schedule Administration and Coding Requirements), Section 60.3(Gap-filling DMEPOS Fees), that describes the longstanding methodology for calculating gap-filled fee schedule amounts, can be misinterpreted.

For this reason, CR 7635 revises the first paragraph of this section by replacing the phrase “previous data base period” with “fee schedule data base year,” and later in the same sentence replacing the phrase “database year” with “fee schedule database year.” These revisions closely approximate the original gap-fill instructions as they appeared in the *Medicare Carriers Manual*, Part 3 (Claims Process), Section 5102 (Fee Schedules For Durable Medical Equipment and Orthotic/Prosthetic Devices). In addition, CR 7635 revises this section to include the addition of the 2011 deflation factors, as previously noted.

CR 7635 also announces other coding and pricing changes, effective January 1, 2012:

1. New HCPCS codes: E2626, E2627, E2628, E 2629, E2630, E2631, E2632, and E2633 (for wheelchair accessories for shoulder elbow arm supports) are re-designated from codes L3964-L3974 and the fee schedule amounts will be directly assigned from the deleted codes to the new codes.

*continued on next page*
The fee schedule amounts for shoe modification HCPCS codes A5503 through A5507 are being adjusted to reflect more current allowed service data. Section 1833(o)(2)(C) of the Act required that the payment amounts for shoe modification codes A5503 through A5507 be established in a manner that prevented a net increase in expenditures when substituting these items for therapeutic shoe insert codes (A5512 or A5513). To establish the original fee schedule amounts for the shoe modification codes, the base fees for codes A5512 and A5513 were weighted based on the approximated total allowed services for each code for items furnished during the second quarter of calendar year 2004. For 2012, the base fees for A5512 and A5513 will be weighted based on the approximated total allowed services for each code for items furnished during the calendar year 2010 and the fee schedule amounts for shoe modification codes A5503 through A5507 are being revised to reflect this change.

KE modifier update
To ensure appropriate modifier processing when submitting claims for HCPCS code E0776 (IV Pole), suppliers should bill using the following modifiers depending upon the type of pump that the IV pole is used with:

- For use with infusion pumps – submit E0776RR, E0776NU, or E0776UE
- For use with parenteral pumps – submit E0776RRBAKE, E0776NUBAKE, or E0776UEBAKE
- For use with enteral pumps – submit E0776RRBA, E0776NUBA or E0776UEBA
- For use with enteral pumps by beneficiaries that permanently reside in Round I Rebid competitively bid areas - submit E0776RRBAKG, E0776NUBAKG or E0776UEBAKG

Similarly, when submitting claims for a replacement HCPCS code E2373 (POWER WHEELCHAIR ACCESSORY, HAND OR CHIN CONTROL INTERFACE, COMPACT REMOTE JOYSTICK) suppliers should bill using the following modifiers depending upon the associated base wheelchair:

- For use with a power wheelchair HCPCS code that was bid in Round I of the DMEPOS Competitive Bidding Program – submit E2373KCRR, E2373KCNU or E2373KCUE
- For use with a power wheelchair HCPCS code that was not bid in Round I of the DMEPOS Competitive Bidding Program – submit E2373KCRRKE, E2373KCNUKE or E2373KCUEKE
- For beneficiaries that permanently reside in Round I Rebid competitively bid areas when used with a power wheelchair HCPCS code that was bid in the Round I Rebid of the DMEPOS Competitive Bidding Program – submit E2373KCRRKK, E2373KCNUKK or E2373KCUEKK.

Note: These billing instructions supersede the E0776 and E2373 KC billing instructions furnished in Transmittal 1630, CR 6270, dated November 7, 2008.

Attachment B to CR 7635 contains a list of the HCPCS codes that were selected in 2008 for Round I of the DMEPOS Competitive Bidding Program. For beneficiaries who permanently reside in Round I Rebid competitive bid areas, a list of the Round 1 Rebid competitively bid items is available in the single payment amount charts located at [http://www.dmecompetitivebid.com/palmetto/cbic.nsf/DocsCat/Single%20Payment%20Amounts](http://www.dmecompetitivebid.com/palmetto/cbic.nsf/DocsCat/Single%20Payment%20Amounts).

CY 2012 fee schedule update factor
For CY 2012, the update factor of 2.4 percent is applied to the applicable CY 2011 DMEPOS fee schedule amounts.

In accordance with section 1834(a)(14) of the Act, the DMEPOS fee schedule amounts are to be updated for 2012 by the percentage increase in the consumer price index for all urban consumers (United States city average) or CPI-U for the 12-month period ending with June of 2011, adjusted by the change in the economy-wide productivity equal to the 10-year moving average of changes in annual economy-wide private non-farm business multi-factor productivity (MFP).

The MFP adjustment is 1.2 percent and the CPI-U percentage increase is 3.6 percent. Thus, the 3.6 percentage increase in the CPI-U is reduced by the 1.2 percentage increase in the MFP resulting in a net increase of 2.4 percent for the MFP-adjusted update factor.

2011 update to labor payment rates
2012 Fees for Healthcare Common Procedure Coding System (HCPCS) labor payment codes K0739, L4205, L7520 are increased by 3.6 percent effective for dates of service on or after January 1, 2012 through December 31, 2012, and those rates are as follows:

<table>
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<tr>
<th>State</th>
<th>K0739</th>
<th>L4205</th>
<th>L7520</th>
<th>State</th>
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<td>$20.94</td>
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<td>ND</td>
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continued on next page
Coverage/Reimbursement

Fees ... (continued)

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</tbody>
</table>

2012 national monthly payment amounts for stationary oxygen equipment
CR 7635 implements the 2012 national monthly payment amount for stationary oxygen equipment (HCPCS codes E0424, E0439, E1390 and E1391), effective for claims with dates of service on or after January 1, 2012. As required by statute, the payment amount must be adjusted annually, as necessary, to ensure budget neutrality of the new payment class for oxygen generating portable equipment (OGPE).

The updated national 2012 monthly payment amount of $176.06 for stationary oxygen equipment codes is included in the DMEPOS fee schedule.

Please note that when the stationary oxygen equipment fees are updated, corresponding updates are made to the fee schedule amounts for HCPCS codes E1405 and E1406 for oxygen and water vapor enriching systems. Since 1989, the fees for codes E1405 and E1406 have been established based on a combination of the Medicare payment amounts for stationary oxygen equipment and nebulizer codes E0585 and E0570, respectively.

2012 maintenance and servicing payment amount for certain oxygen equipment
CR 7635 also updates the 2012 payment amount for maintenance and servicing for certain oxygen equipment.


To summarize, payment for maintenance and servicing of certain oxygen equipment can occur every six months beginning six months after the end of the 36th month of continuous use or end of the supplier’s or manufacturer’s warranty, whichever is later for either HCPCS code E1390, E1391, E0433 or K0738, billed with the “MS” modifier. Payment cannot occur more than once per beneficiary, regardless of the combination of oxygen concentrator equipment and/or transfilling equipment used by the beneficiary, for any six-month period.

continued on next page
Coverage/Reimbursement

New waived tests

Provider types affected
This article is for clinical diagnostic laboratories billing Medicare carriers or Part A/B Medicare administrative contractors (MACs) for laboratory tests.

Provider action needed
Stop – impact to you
If you do not have a valid, current, Clinical Laboratory Improvement Amendments of 1998 (CLIA) certificate and submit a claim to your Medicare carrier or A/B MAC for a Current Procedural Terminology (CPT) code that is considered to be a laboratory test requiring a CLIA certificate, your Medicare payment may be impacted.

Caution – what you need to know
CLIA requires that for each test it performs, a laboratory facility must be appropriately certified. The CPT codes that the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) consider to be laboratory tests under CLIA (and thus requiring certification) change each year. Change request (CR) 7566, from which this article is taken, informs carriers and MACs about the latest new CPT codes that are subject to CLIA edits.

Go – what you need to do
Make sure that your billing staffs are aware of these CLIA-related changes for 2012 and that you remain current with certification requirements.

Background
Listed below are the latest tests approved by the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) as waived tests under CLIA. The CPT codes in the following table must have the modifier QW to be recognized as a waived test. However, CPT codes 81002, 81025, 82270, 82272, 82962, 83026, 84830, 85013, and 85651 do not require a modifier QW to be recognized as a waived test.

Fees ... (continued)
Per 42 CFR Section 414.210(5)(iii), the 2010 maintenance and servicing fee for certain oxygen equipment was based on 10 percent of the average price of an oxygen concentrator. For CY 2011 and subsequent years, the maintenance and servicing fee is adjusted by the covered item update for DME as set forth in Section 1834(a)(14) of the Act. Thus, the 2011 maintenance and servicing fee is adjusted by the 2.4 percent MFP-adjusted covered item update factor to yield a CY 2012 maintenance and servicing fee of $67.51 for oxygen concentrators and transfilling equipment.
### Waived ... (continued)

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>CPT code</th>
<th>Effective date</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
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<td>81003QW</td>
<td>February 14, 2011</td>
<td>Germaine Laboratories Inc. AimStrip Urine Analyzer</td>
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<tr>
<td>G0434QW</td>
<td>April 22, 2011</td>
<td>UCP Biosciences, Inc. UCP Drug Screening Test Cups</td>
</tr>
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<td>April 22, 2011</td>
<td>Diagnostic Test Group Clarity Multiple Drug Screen Test Cups</td>
</tr>
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<td>81003QW</td>
<td>March 24, 2011</td>
<td>Mediwatch urinewatch Urine Analyzer</td>
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<td>Instant Technologies, Inc. iScreen Drug of Abuse Urine (Cup) Test</td>
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<td>UCP Biosciences, Inc. U-Checker Drug Screening Test Cups</td>
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</table>

### Changes to the laboratory NCD edit software for January 2012

**Provider types affected**
This article is for physicians, providers, and suppliers submitting claims to Medicare carriers, fiscal intermediaries (FIs), or Part A/B Medicare administrative contractors (A/B MACs) for clinical diagnostic laboratory services provided for Medicare beneficiaries.

**Provider action needed**
This article is based on change request (CR) 7621, which announces the changes that will be included in the January 2012 release of Medicare’s edit module for clinical diagnostic laboratory national coverage determinations (NCDs). The last quarterly release of the edit module was issued in October 2011. Please ensure that your billing staffs are aware of these changes.

**Background**
The NCDs for clinical diagnostic laboratory services were developed by the laboratory negotiated rulemaking committee and published in a final rule on November 23, 2001. Nationally uniform software was developed and incorporated in Medicare’s systems so that laboratory claims subject to one of the 23 NCDs were processed uniformly throughout the nation effective July 1, 2003. In accordance with the Medicare Claims Processing Manual, Chapter 16, Section 120.2, available at [http://www.cms.gov/manuals/downloads/clm104c16.pdf](http://www.cms.gov/manuals/downloads/clm104c16.pdf), the laboratory edit module is updated quarterly (as necessary) to reflect ministerial coding updates and substantive

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*continued on next page*
Changes to the NCD code lists

CR 7621 announces changes to the laboratory edit module for changes in laboratory NCD code lists for January 2012. The changes to the NCD code lists are described below and are effective for dates of service on and after January 1, 2012.

Deleted ICD-9-CM codes

- Delete ICD-9-CM codes 425.11 and 425.18 from the list of ICD-9-CM codes that are covered by Medicare for the Alpha-fetoprotein (190.25) NCD.

Added ICD-9-CM codes (Effective October 1, 2011)

- Add ICD-9-CM codes 786.50 and 786.51 to the list of ICD-9-CM codes that are covered by Medicare for the Prothrombin Time (PT) (190.17) NCD.

ICD-10-CM Codes

CR 7621 also contains two ICD-10 codes that contractors will track to ensure that these edits are properly updated during the ICD-10 implementation (see table below).

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ICD-9-CM code</th>
<th>ICD-10-CM code</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>786.50</td>
<td>R07.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>786.51</td>
<td>R07.2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: Contractors will not search their files to either retract payment for claims already paid or to retroactively pay claims, but they will adjust claims brought to their attention.

Additional information

The official instruction, CR 7621 issued to your carrier, FI or A/B MAC regarding this change may be viewed at http://www.cms.gov/Transmittals/downloads/R2344CP.pdf.

If you have any questions, please contact your carrier, FI or A/B MAC at their toll-free number, which may be found at http://www.cms.gov/MLNProducts/downloads/CallCenterTollNumDirectory.zip.

MLN Matters® Number: MM7621
Related Change Request (CR) #: 7621
Related CR Release Date: November 4, 2011
Effective Date: January 1, 2012, except one item (note below, which has an effective date of October 1, 2011)
Related CR Transmittal #: R2344CP
Implementation Date: January 3, 2012

Disclaimer - This article was prepared as a service to the public and is not intended to grant rights or impose obligations. This article may contain references or links to statutes, regulations, or other policy materials. The information provided is only intended to be a general summary. It is not intended to take the place of either the written law or regulations. We encourage readers to review the specific statutes, regulations and other interpretive materials for a full and accurate statement of their contents.

Try our E/M interactive worksheet

First Coast Service Options (FCSO) Inc. is proud of its exclusive E/M interactive worksheet, available at http://medicare.fcso.com/EM/165590.asp. This resource was developed to assist providers with identifying the appropriate code to bill for evaluation and management (E/M) services performed during a specific patient visit. This interactive resource is ideal for use as a checklist by physicians or as a quality assurance tool by auditors, billing specialists, and coders. After you’ve tried the E/M interactive worksheet, send us your thoughts of this resource through our website feedback form, available at http://medicare.fcso.com/Feedback/160958.asp.
**Medicare Physician Fee Schedule**

**Payment rate changes for the 2012 Medicare physician fee schedule**

The Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) issued a final rule with comment period that updates payment policies and rates for physicians and nonphysician practitioners (NPPs) for services paid under the Medicare physician fee schedule (MPFS) in calendar year (CY) 2012. More than one million providers of vital health services to Medicare beneficiaries – including physicians, limited license practitioners such as podiatrists, and NPPs such as nurse practitioners and physical therapists – are paid under the MPFS. CMS projects that total payments under the MPFS in CY 2012 will be approximately $80 billion.

CMS is required to issue a final rule that reflects current law. Under current law, providers will face steep across-the-board reductions in payment rates, based on a formula -- the sustainable growth rate (SGR) – that was adopted in the Balanced Budget Act of 1997. Without a change in the law from Congress, Medicare payment rates to providers paid under the MPFS will be reduced by 27.4 percent for services in CY 2012 – less than the 29.5 percent reduction that CMS had estimated in March of this year because Medicare cost growth has been lower than expected. This is the eleventh time the SGR formula has resulted in a payment cut, although the cuts have been averted through legislation in all but CY 2002. The Obama administration is committed to fixing the SGR and ensuring these payment cuts do not take effect.

In an effort to ensure Medicare is paying accurately for physician services and more closely managing the payment system, CMS has expanded the potentially misvalued code initiative in the CY 2012 final rule. This year, CMS is focusing on the codes billed by physicians in each specialty that result in the highest Medicare expenditures under the MPFS to determine whether these codes are overvalued. In the past, CMS has targeted specific codes for review that may have affected a few procedural specialties (e.g., cardiology, radiology, nuclear medicine); however, CMS has not taken a look at the highest expenditure codes across all specialties. This effort results in increased payments for primary care services that have historically been undervalued by the fee schedule.

CMS is also making changes in how it adjusts payment for geographic variation in the costs of practice. The Affordable Care Act and the Medicare and Medicaid Extensions Act made some temporary adjustments that were in place for two years while CMS and the Institute of Medicine (IOM) began to comprehensively study these issues.

The final rule with comment period will appear in the November 28, 2011, Federal Register. CMS will accept comments on those provisions that are subject to comment until Tuesday, January 3, 2012, and will respond in the MPFS for CY 2013.

For more information, visit [http://www.cms.gov/PhysicianFeeSched/PFSFRN/list.asp](http://www.cms.gov/PhysicianFeeSched/PFSFRN/list.asp).


Also, please see additional CMS fact sheets issued November 1, which may be found at:


**Note:** If you have problems accessing any hyperlink in this message, please copy and paste the URL into your Internet browser.

**Source:** CMS PERL 201110-59
Medicare payments for diagnostic radiology services in emergency departments

Provider types affected
Providers and other practitioners billing Medicare administrative contractors (MACs) or Medicare carriers for diagnostic radiology services in emergency departments are affected by this article. No new policies are contained in this article.

What you need to know
This article highlights the April 2011 report from the Office of Inspector General (OIG) titled Medicare Payments for Diagnostic Radiology Services in Emergency Departments along with the Medicare policy regarding the coverage of radiology services.

Specifically, the article summarizes the study's objectives which were:

1) To determine the extent Medicare allowed claims for interpretation and reports of diagnostic radiology services focusing on computed tomography (CT), magnetic resonance imaging (MRI), and X-ray services performed in hospital outpatient emergency departments met Medicare documentation requirements;

2) To determine if the X-ray services were performed before beneficiaries left the hospital outpatient emergency departments; and

3) To determine if X-ray services followed suggested documentation practice guidelines promoted by the American College of Radiology.

Background
Providers have a vital role when completing the documentation to support claims for payment for diagnostic radiology services. The key elements of the medical record documentation should include (1) physicians’ orders to support diagnostic radiology services performed and (2) complete interpretation and reports.

The study completed by the OIG included two populations from 2008 claims datasets, i.e., a sample of 220 CT and MRI claims and a sample of 220 X-ray claims. The standards the OIG used during the audit to determine incorrect claims from the sample were as follows:

1) Documentation did not support that services were performed;

2) Physicians’ orders were not present; and

3) All interpretation and reports showed the services were performed during beneficiaries’ diagnoses and treatments in the hospital outpatient emergency departments.

The OIG used the American College of Radiology’s suggested documentation practice guidelines as a guidance document during the review.

OIG findings
The study found that in 2008:

1. 19 percent of CTs and billed MRIs and 14 percent of billed X-rays in hospital outpatient emergency departments were not in compliance with Medicare requirements because of insufficient documentation.

2. Medicare paid for interpretation and reports performed for 16 percent of X-rays and 12 percent of CTs and MRIs after beneficiaries left hospital outpatient emergency departments and that Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) offers inconsistent payment guidance on the timing for interpretation.

3. 71 percent of X-rays and 69 percent of CTs and MRIs in hospital outpatient emergency departments did not follow one or more suggested documentation practice guidelines promoted by the American College of Radiology.

CMS concurred with the first and third findings above. However, with regard to the second recommendation, CMS indicated that it does not believe that a single billed interpretation must, in all cases, exist with the beneficiary’s diagnosis and treatment to contribute to that diagnosis and treatment. A uniform policy requiring that interpretation and reports be contemporaneous with, or, if not contemporaneous, demonstrably contribute to the beneficiary’s diagnosis and treatment could reduce unexplained complexity in what is already a complicated billing system for medical diagnostics.

continued on next page
Coverage/Reimbursement

Diagnostic ... (continued)
The Key points section reviews Medicare policy for coverage of diagnostic radiology services in emergency departments and includes a link to the suggested practice guidelines from the American College of Radiology.

Key points
- The professional component of a diagnostic procedure furnished to a beneficiary in a hospital includes an interpretation and written report for inclusion in the beneficiary’s medical record maintained by the hospital. (See CFR 415.120 (a) at http://edocket.access.gpo.gov/cfr_2010/octqtr/pdf/42cfr415.120.pdf.)
- Medicare carriers and MACs generally distinguish between an “interpretation and report” of an EKG procedure and a “review” of the procedure. A professional component billing based on a review of the findings of these procedures, without a complete, written report similar to that which would be prepared by a specialist in the field, does not meet the conditions for separate payment of the service.
- Medicare carriers and MACs pay for only one interpretation of an EKG or X-ray procedure furnished to an emergency room patient. They pay for a second interpretation (which may be identified through the use of modifier 77) only under unusual circumstances (for which documentation is provided) such as a questionable finding for which the physician performing the initial interpretation believes another physician’s expertise is needed or changed diagnosis resulting from a second interpretation of the results of the procedure.
- When Medicare carriers or MACs receive multiple claims for the same interpretation, they must generally pay for the first bill received. They must pay for the interpretation and report that directly contributed to the diagnosis and treatment of the individual patient.
- The physician specialty isn’t a primary factor during the claims decision process/cycle.

Additional information
If you are unsure of, or have questions about, documentation requirements, contact your Medicare contractor at their toll-free number which may be found at http://www.cms.gov/MLNProducts/downloads/CallCenterTollNumDirectory.zip.

You may find the entire OIG report on “Medicare Payments for Diagnostic Radiology Services in Emergency Departments” at http://oig.hhs.gov/oei/reports/oei-07-09-00450.pdf.


MLN Matters® Number: SE1134
Related Change Request (CR) #: N/A
Related CR Release Date: N/A
Effective Date: N/A
Related CR Transmittal #: N/A
Implementation Date: N/A

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**2011 version of ABN must be used beginning January 1, 2012**

In May 2011, the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) released an updated version of the advance beneficiary notice of noncoverage (ABN) (form CMS-R-131), which will replace the 2008 version of this form. The 2011 version contains no substantive changes from the 2008 version of the notice and was approved by the Office of Management and Budget. The 2008 and 2011 ABN notices are identical except that the release date of “3/11” is printed in the lower left hand corner of the new version. The ABN is used by all providers, practitioners, and suppliers paid under Medicare Part B, as well as hospice providers and religious non-medical healthcare institutions (RNHCIs) paid exclusively under Part A.

When the 2011 ABN was posted to the CMS website on Monday, May 16, CMS announced a mandatory use date of Thursday, September 1 and permitted providers and suppliers to begin using the new form immediately. Subsequently, we received requests from the industry to extend this deadline in order to permit providers and suppliers with pre-printed stockpiles of ABNs, time to exhaust their supplies.

Providers and suppliers are allowed to use either the 2008 or 2011 version of the ABN through the end of this year; beginning Sunday, January 1, 2012, they must begin using the 2011 version. ABNs issued after Sunday, January 1 that are prepared using the 2008 version of the notice will be considered invalid by Medicare contractors. 2008 versions of the ABN that were issued prior to Sunday, January 1 as long-term notification for repetitive services delivered for up to one year will remain effective for the length of time specified on the notice.

Information and a copy of the 2011 version of the ABN (form CMS-R-131) can be found online at [http://www.CMS.gov/BNI](http://www.CMS.gov/BNI), under the “FFS Revised ABN” link.

**Note:** If you have problems accessing any hyperlink in this message, please copy and paste the URL into your Internet browser.

**Source:** CMS PERL 201110-31

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**ABN resources from the Medicare Learning Network®**

**Items and Services That Are Not Covered Under the Medicare Program booklet (ICN 906765)** – this booklet, which is available in downloadable format, includes information about the four categories of items and services that are not covered under the Medicare program and applicable exceptions to exclusions and the advance beneficiary notice of noncoverage (ABN).

**Advance Beneficiary Notice of Noncoverage Part A and Part B booklet (ICN 006266)** – this booklet, which is available in downloadable and hardcopy format, is designed to provide education on the ABN. It includes information on when an ABN should be used and how it should be completed.

**Source:** CMS PERL 201110-53

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**Reminder – beneficiary cost-sharing for Medicare-covered preventive services**

**Provider types affected**
This article is informational in nature and of interest to all providers who provide Medicare-covered preventive services to Medicare beneficiaries.

**What you need to know**
Effective for dates of service (DOS) on or after January 1, 2011, Medicare provides 100 percent payment (in other words, waives any deductible, coinsurance or copayment) for many Medicare-covered preventive services. This article serves as a reminder and quick reference for the changes to deductibles, copayments, or coinsurances for these services.

**Background**
Section 4104 of the Affordable Care Act waived deductibles, copayments, or coinsurance effective for DOS on or after January 1, 2011, for the following Medicare-covered preventive services:

- The initial preventive physical examination (IPPE or “Welcome to Medicare Visit”)

*continued on next page*
**Cost-sharing ... (continued)**
- The annual wellness visit (AWV)
- Those preventive services that:
  - Are identified with a grade of A or B by the United States Preventive Services Task Force (UPSTF) for any indication or population, and
  - Are appropriate for the beneficiary.

**Note:** To get more information about Medicare coverage, coding, and payment policies for these services, please consult the resources in the “Additional information” section.

**Copayment/coinsurance and deductibles**
The table below provides information for the copayment/coinsurance and deductibles for Medicare-covered preventive services.

**Note:** In some cases, the copayment, coinsurance and deductibles have not changed and will be the same for DOS prior to January 1, 2011, as they are for DOS on or after January 1, 2011.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Preventive benefit</th>
<th>Copayment/coinsurance/deductible for DOS prior to January 1, 2011</th>
<th>Copayment/Coinsurance/Deductible for DOS on or after January 1, 2011</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>IPPE/&quot;Welcome to Medicare Visit&quot;</td>
<td>For dates of service between January 1, 2009, and January 1, 2011, the deductible for the IPPE only is waived (not the screening electrocardiogram [EKG]). For DOS prior to January 1, 2009, the deductible is not waived. Coinsurance or copayment still applies to both the IPPE and the screening EKG.</td>
<td>The beneficiary will pay nothing for the IPPE (there is no coinsurance or copayment and no Medicare Part B deductible). Coinsurance or copayment and the Medicare Part B deductible still apply to the screening electrocardiogram (EKG).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AWV</td>
<td>Medicare did not cover this service prior to January 1, 2011</td>
<td>The beneficiary will pay nothing for this benefit (there is no coinsurance or copayment and no Medicare Part B deductible). However, if a medically necessary Evaluation and Management service is also furnished with an AWV visit, coinsurance and deductible will apply for the additional services.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Colorectal cancer screening</td>
<td>For the fecal occult blood test (FOBT), the beneficiary will pay the coinsurance or copayment, but Medicare Part B deductible is waived. For the flexible sigmoidoscopy, coinsurance or copayment applies and the Medicare Part B deductible is waived. If you perform the procedure in a hospital outpatient department or ambulatory surgical center, the beneficiary pays 25 percent of the Medicare-approved amount. For the colonoscopy, coinsurance or copayment and the Medicare Part B deductible are waived. The Medicare law requires that a beneficiary must pay coinsurance, but not the Part B deductible, when a screening colonoscopy results in a biopsy or removal of a lesion or growth. For the barium enema, coinsurance or copayment applies and the Medicare Part B deductible is waived. If you perform the screening in a CAH, the beneficiary will pay nothing for this benefit (there is no coinsurance or copayment and no Medicare Part B deductible).</td>
<td>For the FOBT, flexible sigmoidoscopy, and colonoscopy, the beneficiary will pay nothing for this benefit (there is no coinsurance or copayment and no Medicare Part B deductible). For the barium enema, coinsurance or copayment applies and the Medicare Part B deductible is waived. If you perform the screening in a critical access hospital (CAH), the beneficiary will pay nothing for this benefit (there is no coinsurance or copayment and no Medicare Part B deductible).</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*continued on next page*
## Cost-sharing ... (continued)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Preventive benefit</th>
<th>Copayment/coinsurance/deductible for DOS prior to January 1, 2011</th>
<th>Copayment/Coinsurance/Deductible for DOS on or after January 1, 2011</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Bone mass measurements</td>
<td>Both the coinsurance or copayment and the Medicare Part B deductible apply.</td>
<td>The beneficiary will pay nothing for this benefit (there is no coinsurance or copayment and no Medicare Part B deductible).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cardiovascular screening blood tests</td>
<td>The beneficiary will pay nothing for this benefit (there is no coinsurance or copayment and no Medicare Part B deductible).</td>
<td>The beneficiary will pay nothing for this benefit (there is no coinsurance or copayment and no Medicare Part B deductible).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Diabetes screening</td>
<td>The beneficiary will pay nothing for this benefit (there is no coinsurance or copayment and no Medicare Part B deductible).</td>
<td>The beneficiary will pay nothing for this benefit (there is no coinsurance or copayment and no Medicare Part B deductible).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Diabetes self-management training (DSMT)</td>
<td>Both the coinsurance or copayment and the Medicare Part B deductible apply.</td>
<td>Both the coinsurance or copayment and the Medicare Part B deductible apply.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Diabetes supplies</td>
<td>Both the coinsurance or copayment and the Medicare Part B deductible apply.</td>
<td>Both the coinsurance or copayment and the Medicare Part B deductible apply.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Glaucoma screening</td>
<td>Both the coinsurance or copayment and the Medicare Part B deductible apply.</td>
<td>Both the coinsurance or copayment and the Medicare Part B deductible apply.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hepatitis B virus (HBV) vaccination</td>
<td>Both the coinsurance or copayment and the Medicare Part B deductible apply.</td>
<td>The beneficiary will pay nothing for this benefit (there is no coinsurance or copayment and no Medicare Part B deductible).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Human</td>
<td>The beneficiary will pay nothing for this benefit (there is no coinsurance or copayment and no Medicare Part B deductible).</td>
<td>The beneficiary will pay nothing for this benefit (there is no coinsurance or copayment and no Medicare Part B deductible).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medical nutrition therapy (MNT)</td>
<td>Both the coinsurance or copayment and the Medicare Part B deductible apply.</td>
<td>The beneficiary will pay nothing for this benefit (there is no coinsurance or copayment and no Medicare Part B deductible).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pneumococcal vaccination</td>
<td>The beneficiary will pay nothing for this benefit (there is no coinsurance or copayment and no Medicare Part B deductible).</td>
<td>The beneficiary will pay nothing for this benefit (there is no coinsurance or copayment and no Medicare Part B deductible).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prostate cancer screening</td>
<td>For the screening prostate specific antigen (PSA) blood test, the beneficiary will pay nothing for this benefit (there is no coinsurance or copayment and no Medicare Part B deductible). For the digital rectal examination (DRE), both the coinsurance or copayment and the Medicare Part B deductible apply.</td>
<td>For the screening PSA blood test, the beneficiary will pay nothing for this benefit (there is no coinsurance or copayment and no Medicare Part B deductible). For the digital rectal examination (DRE), both the coinsurance or copayment and the Medicare Part B deductible apply.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Screening mammography</td>
<td>Coinsurance or copayment applies for this benefit. The Medicare Part B deductible is waived.</td>
<td>The beneficiary will pay nothing for this benefit (there is no coinsurance or copayment and no Medicare Part B deductible).</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*continued on next page*
### Cost-sharing ... (continued)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Preventive benefit</th>
<th>Copayment/coinsurance/deductible for DOS prior to January 1, 2011</th>
<th>Copayment/Coinsurance/Deductible for DOS on or after January 1, 2011</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Screening Pap test</td>
<td>For screening Pap test services paid under the Medicare physician fee schedule (MPFS), the coinsurance or copayment applies and the Medicare Part B deductible is waived. For screening Pap test services paid under the clinical laboratory fee schedule, both the coinsurance or copayment and the Medicare Part B deductible are waived.</td>
<td>The beneficiary will pay nothing for this benefit (there is no coinsurance or copayment and no Medicare Part B deductible).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Screening pelvic examination (includes a clinical breast examination)</td>
<td>Coinsurance or copayment applies for this benefit. The Medicare Part B deductible is waived.</td>
<td>The beneficiary will pay nothing for this benefit (there is no coinsurance or copayment and no Medicare Part B deductible).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Seasonal influenza virus vaccination</td>
<td>The beneficiary will pay nothing for this benefit (there is no coinsurance or copayment and no Medicare Part B deductible).</td>
<td>The beneficiary will pay nothing for this benefit (there is no coinsurance or copayment and no Medicare Part B deductible).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Smoking and tobacco-use cessation counseling services and counseling to prevent tobacco use</td>
<td>Both the coinsurance or copayment and the Medicare Part B deductible apply</td>
<td>Asymptomatic beneficiaries will pay nothing for this benefit (there is no coinsurance or copayment and no Medicare Part B deductible).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ultrasound screening for abdominal aortic aneurysm</td>
<td>Coinsurance or copayment applies for this benefit. The Medicare Part B deductible is waived.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Must be referred for this service as a result from an IPPE</td>
<td>The beneficiary will pay nothing for this benefit (there is no coinsurance or copayment and no Medicare Part B deductible) if the referral for this service resulted from the IPPE.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Additional information

For more information about Medicare-covered preventive services, including coverage and payment policies, as well as:

- Change request 7012, (Waiver of Coinsurance and Deductible for Preventive Services, Section 4104 of the Patient Protection and Affordable Health Care Act (the Affordable Care Act), Removal of Barriers to Preventive Services in Medicare) is available at [http://www.cms.gov/Transmittals/downloads/R864OTN.pdf](http://www.cms.gov/Transmittals/downloads/R864OTN.pdf).

MLN Matters® Number: SE1129
Related Change Request (CR) #: NA
Related CR Release Date: NA
Effective Date: NA
Related CR Transmittal #: NA
Implementation Date: NA

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Make sure you are prepared for version 5010 – risk mitigation strategies

All entities covered by the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA) that submit transactions electronically are required to upgrade from version 4010/4010A to version 5010 transaction standards by Sunday, January 1, 2012. It is important to remember that the upcoming version 5010 transition is not only mandatory, but is also an integral step toward a successful ICD-10 transition.

It is essential to test both internally and externally with business partners prior to the version 5010 deadline in order to assure that all trading partners are able to send and receive compliant transactions effectively, and in advance of the transition deadline. Take action now to ensure compliance and avoid problems with submitting claims for reimbursement after Sunday, January 1, 2012.

If you have not yet begun external testing, you should make use of the following risk mitigation strategies:

- **Communicate with vendors and trading partners regularly.** Encourage them to take action now and establish a communication plan.
- **Reach out to a clearinghouse for assistance.** A clearinghouse ensures that claims smoothly transition between practices and payers and can serve as a translator for non-compliant transactions from the version 4010/4010A to the version 5010 system. If you are concerned that your internal systems may not be ready by Sunday, January 1, using a clearinghouse that is already ready to process version 5010 claims can help ensure your reimbursements are not interrupted while you bring your own systems into compliance.
- **Establish a line of credit.** Establishing or increasing a line of credit will help cover potential cash flow disruptions from delayed reimbursement claims.
- **Take advantage of available resources.** There are many different resources offering valuable information to organizations looking to streamline their version 5010 transition. The Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) offers several tools to help you plan and execute your transitions to version 5010 and ICD-10. Beyond CMS, many professional societies and organizations offer guidance and resources to help you transition.

**Keep up to date on version 5010 and ICD-10**

Please visit the ICD-10 website for the latest news and resources to help you prepare, and to download and share the implementation widget today.

**Source:** CMS PERL 201111-10

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**MREP software codes update**

The latest claim adjustment reason codes and remittance advice remark codes are available in the Codes.ini file for the MREP software. You can access this file in the zipped folder for “Medicare Remit Easy Print – Version 3.1” at http://www.cms.gov/AccessstoDataApplication/02_MedicareRemitEasyPrint.asp.

**Note:** If you have problems accessing any hyperlink in this message, please copy and paste the URL into your Internet browser.

**Source:** CMS PERL 201110-39

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**Enforcement ... (continued from page 1)**

more functionality for transactions such as eligibility requests and healthcare claims status. Implementation of version 5010 also is a prerequisite for using the updated ICD-10 CM diagnosis and ICD-10-PCS inpatient procedure code set in electronic healthcare transactions effective Tuesday, October 1, 2013.

Links to information on version 5010, NCPDP D.0, and NCPDP 3.0 are available at www.CMS.gov/ICD10.

**Note:** If you have problems accessing any hyperlink in this message, please copy and paste the URL into your Internet browser.

**Source:** CMS PERL 201111-37
Hurry, time is running out – HIPAA version 5010 and D.0 will be required to submit Medicare claims beginning Sunday, January 1, 2012

As of Sunday, January 1, 2012, version 5010 and NCPDP D.0 will be required for all HIPAA standard transactions. This means:

- Beginning Sunday, January 1, 2012, HIPAA version 4010A1 will no longer be accepted by Medicare
- All trading partners must operate in HIPAA version 5010 and D.0.

The Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) strongly encourages providers to take advantage of the many resources provided on:

- www.CMS.gov/ICD10
- www.CMS.gov/Versions5010andD0/01_overview.asp
- www.CMS.gov/MFFS5010D0/

It is essential to begin the transition now to prevent a disruption to your claims processing and cash flow.

5010/D.0 implementation calendar

Upcoming events

Wednesday, December 7 – CMS-hosted 5010 national provider call -- question and answer session

Saturday, December 31 – end of the transition year; beginning of 5010 production environment

Past events

For a complete list of past 5010 national provider calls, please visit the 5010 National Provider Calls section of the versions 5010 & D.0 website.

Note: If you have problems accessing any hyperlink in this message, please copy and paste the URL into your Internet browser.

Source: CMS PERL 201111-31

CMS has created implementation handbooks to help you transition to ICD-10

All entities covered under the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA) must transition to the ICD-10 code sets by October 1, 2013. The Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) has developed four implementation handbooks to assist you with your transition to ICD-10. These handbooks are step-by-step guides that have been created specifically for small and medium provider practices, large provider practices, small hospitals, and payers.

The appendix of each handbook references relevant templates, which are available for download in both Excel and PDF formats. The templates are customizable and have been created to help entities clarify staff roles, set internal deadlines/responsibilities, and assess vendor readiness.

View the step-by-step plans and relevant templates for each of the following audiences:

- Small/medium provider practices
  - Relevant templates
- Large provider practices
  - Relevant templates
- Small hospitals
  - Relevant templates
- Payers
  - Relevant templates

The ICD-10 implementation handbooks outline suggested steps and processes to take for a smooth transition to ICD-10. Providers, hospitals, and payers may use the guides to:

- Ensure the appropriate steps and actions are taken throughout the ICD-10 implementation process
- Stay on top of deadlines by viewing the timelines within the handbooks
- Customize your transition plan by filling out the Excel templates listed in the appendices; the templates will assist you with clarifying staff roles, setting internal deadlines and responsibilities, and assessing vendor readiness

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ICD-10 ... (continued)

Reminder – the version 5010 compliance deadline is less than 60 days away

All affected entities must first convert to version 5010 by Sunday, January, 1, 2012, in order for the ICD-10 medical code sets to work. In order to meet this compliance deadline, you need to conduct both level I internal testing, and level II external testing of transactions. Once your practice is fully transitioned to version 5010, take the necessary steps listed in the ICD-10 implementation handbooks to help you prepare for ICD-10.

Keep up to date on version 5010 and ICD-10

Please visit the ICD-10 website for the latest news and resources to help you prepare and to download and share the implementation widget today.

Source: CMS PERL 201111-20

Report of recoupment for overpayment on the remittance advice with patient control number

Note: This article was revised on November 7 to reflect changes made to change request (CR) 7499. In this article, the implementation dates, the CR release date, transmittal number, and the Web address for accessing CR 7499 were revised. All other information is the same. This information was previously published in the August 2011 Medicare B Connection, pages 26-27.

Provider types affected

This article is for physicians, providers, and suppliers submitting claims to Medicare contractors (carriers, fiscal intermediaries [FIs], A/B Medicare administrative contractors [A/B MACs], durable medical equipment MACs [DME MACs] and/or regional home health intermediaries [RHHIs]) for services provided to Medicare beneficiaries.

Provider action needed

This article is based on CR 7499 which instructs Medicare’s claims processing systems maintainers to replace the health insurance claim (HIC) number being sent on the ASC X12 Transaction 835) with the patient control number received on the original claim, whenever the electronic remittance advice (ERA) is reporting the recovery of an overpayment.

Background

The Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) generates Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA)-compliant remittance advice that includes enough information to providers so that manual intervention is not needed on a regular basis. CMS changed reporting of recoupment for overpayment on the ERA) as a response to provider request per CR 6870 and CR 7068. The MLN Matters articles corresponding to CRs 6870 and 7068 may be reviewed at:


CMS has determined that providing the patient control number as received on the original claim rather than the HIC number would:

• Enhance provider ability to automate payment posting, and
• Reduce the need for additional communication (via telephone calls, etc.) that would subsequently reduce the costs for providers as well as Medicare.

CR 7499 instructs the shared systems to replace the HIC number being sent on the ERA with the patient control number, received on the original claim. The ERA will continue to report the HIC number if the patient control number is not available. This would appear in positions 20-39 of PLB 03-2. A demand letter is also sent to the provider when the accounts receivable (A/R) is created. This document contains a claim control number for tracking purposes that is also reported in positions 1-19 of PLB 03-2 on the ERA.

Note: Instructions in CR 7499 apply to the 005010A1 version of ASC X12 Transaction 835 only and do not apply to the standard paper remit or the 004010A1 version of ASC X12 Transaction 835.

Additional information

The official instruction, CR 7499, issued to your carrier, FI, A/B MAC, DME MAC, or RHHI regarding this change may be viewed at http://www.cms.gov/Transmittals/downloads/R993OTN.pdf.

If you have any questions, please contact your Medicare contractor at their toll-free number, which may be found at http://www.cms.gov/MLNProducts/downloads/CallCenterTollNumDirectory.zip.

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Recoupment ... (continued)
MLN Matters® Number: MM7499 Revised
Related Change Request (CR) #: CR 7499
Related CR Release Date: August 5, 2011
Effective Date: January 1, 2012
Related CR Transmittal #: R993OTN
Implementation Date: January 3, 2012, for professional claims billed to carriers or B MACs; April 2, 2012, for institutional claims billed to fiscal intermediaries or A MACs; October 9, 2012, for supplier claims submitted to DME MACs

Disclaimer - This article was prepared as a service to the public and is not intended to grant rights or impose obligations. This article may contain references or links to statutes, regulations, or other policy materials. The information provided is only intended to be a general summary. It is not intended to take the place of either the written law or regulations. We encourage readers to review the specific statutes, regulations and other interpretive materials for a full and accurate statement of their contents.

All Medicare provider and supplier payments to be made by electronic funds transfer

Existing regulations at 42 CFR 424.510(e)(1)(2) require that at the time of enrollment, enrollment change request or revalidation, providers and suppliers that expect to receive payment from Medicare for services provided must also agree to receive Medicare payments through electronic funds transfer (EFT). Section 1104 of the ACA further expands Section 1862 (a) of the Social Security Act by mandating federal payments to providers and suppliers only by electronic means. As part of the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services' (CMS') revalidation efforts, all suppliers and providers who are not currently receiving EFT payments will be identified, and required to submit the CMS 588 EFT form with the provider enrollment revalidation application.

For more information about provider enrollment revalidation, review the Medicare Learning Network’s special edition article SE1126, titled “Further Details on the Revalidation of Provider Enrollment Information.”

Source: CMS PERL 201111-19
Now available online: List of providers sent a revalidation request

In response to provider requests, the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) has posted a listing of providers who have been sent a request to revalidate their Medicare enrollment information. The listing contains the name and national provider identifier (NPI) of each provider sent a letter, as well as the date the letter was sent. To see the listing, click on "Revalidation Phase 1 Listing" in the Downloads section of the Medicare provider supplier enrollment revalidation page.

Note: You must widen each column in the spreadsheet to view the contents. CMS will be updating this list monthly.

If you are listed, and have not received the request, please contact your Medicare contractor. Their toll-free number may be found at Medicare Fee-For-Service Contact Information.

For more information on revalidation of Medicare provider enrollment, see special edition article SE1126 Further Details on the Revalidation of Provider Enrollment Information.

Source: CMS PERL 201111-23

Important information on the revalidation of Medicare provider enrollment

The Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services has reevaluated the revalidation requirement in the Affordable Care Act. CMS now believes that it affords the flexibility of extending the revalidation period for another two years. This will allow for a smoother process for providers and contractors. Revalidation notices will now be sent through March 2015. Important: This does not affect those providers, which have already received a revalidation notice. If you have received a revalidation notice from your contractor, respond to the request by completing the application either through internet-based PECOS or completing the appropriate 855 application form.

The first set of revalidation notices went to providers who are billing but are not currently in the Provider Enrollment, Chain and Ownership System (PECOS). To identify these providers, contractors searched their local systems and if a provider transaction access number (PTAN) for a physician was not in PECOS, a revalidation request for that physician was sent. CMS asks all providers who receive a request for revalidation to respond to that request.

For providers not in PECOS – the revalidation letter will be sent to the special payments or primary practice address because CMS doesn’t have a correspondence address. For providers in PECOS – the revalidation letter will be sent to the special payments and correspondence addresses simultaneously; if these are the same it will also be mailed to the primary practice address. If you believe you are not in PECOS and have not yet received a revalidation letter, contact your Medicare contractor. Contact information may be found at http://www.CMS.gov/MedicareProviderSupEnroll/downloads/contact_list.pdf.

Institutional providers (i.e., all providers except physicians, non-physicians practitioners, physician group practices, and non-physician practitioner group practices) must submit the application fee with their revalidation. In mid-September, CMS revised the revalidation letter that contractors sent to providers to clarify who must pay the fee.

CMS posted a list of providers who were sent requests to revalidate (see article at the top of this page). Stay informed on changes by signing up for a national listserv designed for specific provider types at http://www.CMS.gov/prospmedicarefeesvcpmtgen/downloads/Provider_Listservs.pdf.

Note: If you have problems accessing any hyperlink in this message, please copy and paste the URL into your Internet browser.

Source: CMS PERL 201111-12
Improvements to Internet-based PECOS facilitate Medicare’s revalidation process for providers

Over the coming months and years, the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) Medicare administrative contractors will ask providers to submit a complete and up-to-date enrollment application. You will be able to submit your application via paper (CMS-855 form) or electronically through the Internet-based PECOS (Provider Enrollment, Chain, and Ownership System). CMS urges you to use Internet-based PECOS for responding to the request for revalidation – and for most other updates that may need to be made to your provider enrollment records.

Between now and April 2012, CMS will continue to improve Internet-based PECOS to make it easier for you to update your information and submit your revalidation application. CMS has already streamlined the application process with fewer screens and new helpful prompts to let you know if information is incomplete. Once enrolled in PECOS, you can review your existing information online, make changes, and submit the revalidated application without having to complete the entire application. You are also able to pay the application fee (if applicable) during the online submission process.

Internet-based PECOS will be improved to:

- Allow you to view all application data on a single screen, reducing data entry and duplication of data
- Allow you to easily manage and search your enrollment applications, as well as upload multiple applications at one time
- Simplify the registration process for authorized representatives
- Eliminate separate mailing of most documents through digital document upload for support documents

Use Internet-based PECOS – it’s faster, safe, and secure. To log on, visit https://PECOS.CMS.hhs.gov.

Note: If you have problems accessing any hyperlink in this message, please copy and paste the URL into your Internet browser.

Source: CMS PERL 201110-17

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Learn more at https://medicare.fcso.com/Landing/139820.asp.
Further details on the revalidation of provider enrollment information

Note: This article was revised on November 1 to provide a new Web address for payment of the Medicare enrollment application fees. Clarification language was also added under "Background," regarding the revalidation process. This information was previously published in the August 2011 Medicare B Connection, pages 29-30.

Provider types affected
This Medicare Learning Network (MLN) Matters® special edition article is intended for all providers and suppliers who enrolled in Medicare prior to March 25, 2011, via Medicare's contractors (fiscal intermediaries [FIs], regional home health intermediaries [RHHIs], Medicare carriers, A/B Medicare administrative contractors [A/B MACs], and the national supplier clearinghouse [NSC]). These contractors are collectively referred to as MACs in this article.

Provider action needed
Stop – impact to you
In change request (CR) 7350, the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) discussed the final rule with comment period, titled, Medicare, Medicaid, and Children’s Health Insurance Programs; Additional Screening Requirements, Application Fees, Temporary Enrollment Moratoria, Payment Suspensions and Compliance Plans for Providers and Suppliers (CMS-6028-FC). This rule was published in the February 2, 2011, edition of the Federal Register. A related MLN Matters® article is available at http://www.cms.gov/MLNMattersArticles/downloads/MM7350.pdf. This article provides no new policy, but only provides further information regarding the revalidation requirements based on Section 6401 (a) of the Affordable Care Act.

Caution – what you need to know
All providers and suppliers enrolled with Medicare prior to March 25, 2011, must revalidate their enrollment information, but only after receiving notification from their MAC. Special note: The Medicare provider enrollment revalidation effort does not change other aspects of the enrollment process. Providers should continue to submit routine changes – address updates, reassignments, additions to practices, changes in authorized officials, information updates, etc – as they always have. If you also receive a request for revalidation from the MAC, respond separately to that request.

Go – what you need to do
When you receive notification from your MAC to revalidate:
• Update your enrollment through Internet-based PECOS or complete the 855;
• Sign the certification statement on the application;
• If applicable, pay your fee by going to https://pecos.cms.hhs.gov/pecos/feePaymentWelcome.do; and
• Mail your supporting documents and certification statement to your MAC.

See the Background and Additional information sections of this article for further details about these changes.

Background
Section 6401 (a) of the Affordable Care Act established a requirement for all enrolled providers and suppliers to revalidate their enrollment information under new enrollment screening criteria. This revalidation effort applies to those providers and suppliers that were enrolled prior to March 25, 2011. Newly enrolled providers and suppliers that submitted their enrollment applications to CMS on or after March 25, 2011, are generally not impacted.

CMS has reevaluated the revalidation requirement in the Affordable Care Act, and believes it affords the flexibility to extend the revalidation period for another two years. This will allow for a smoother process for providers and contractors. Revalidation notices will now be sent through March of 2015. Important: This does not affect those providers which have already received a revalidation notice. If you have received a revalidation notice from your contractor respond to the request by completing the application either through internet-based PECOS or by completing the appropriate 855 application form.

Therefore, between now and 2015, MACs will send out revalidation notices on an intermittent, but regular basis to begin the revalidation process for each -provider and supplier. Providers and suppliers must submit the revalidation application only after being asked by their MAC to do so. Please note that 42 CFR 424.515(d) provides CMS the authority to conduct these off-cycle revalidations.

The first set of revalidation notices went to providers who are billing, but are not currently in PECOS. To identify these providers, contractors searched their local systems and if a provider transaction access number (PTAN) for a physician was not in PECOS, a revalidation request for that physician was sent. CMS asks all providers who receive a request for revalidation to respond to that request.

• For providers not in PECOS – the revalidation letter will be sent to the special payments or primary practice address because CMS does not have a correspondence address.

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Revalidation ... (continued)

- For providers in PECOS – the revalidation letter will be sent to the special payments and correspondence addresses simultaneously. If these are the same, it will also be mailed to the primary practice address. If you believe you are not in PECOS and have not yet received a revalidation letter, contact your Medicare contractor.

  Contact information may be found at http://www.CMS.gov/MedicareProviderSupEnroll/downloads/contact_list.pdf.

Note: CMS has structured the revalidation processes to reduce the burden on the providers by implementing innovative technologies and streamlining the enrollment and revalidation processes. CMS will continue to provide updates as progress is made on these efforts.

The most efficient way to submit your revalidation information is by using the Internet-based PECOS.

To revalidate via the Internet-based PECOS, go to https://pecos.cms.hhs.gov on the CMS website. PECOS allows you to review information currently on file, update and submit your revalidation via the Internet. Once submitted, you must print, sign, date, and mail the certification statement along with all required supporting documentation to the appropriate MAC immediately.

Section 6401(a) of the Affordable Care Act also requires the Secretary to impose a fee on each “institutional provider of medical or other items or services and suppliers.” The application fee is $505 for calendar year (CY) 2011. CMS has defined “institutional provider” to mean any provider or supplier that submits a paper Medicare enrollment application using the CMS-855A, CMS-855B (except physician and non-physician practitioner organizations), or CMS-855S forms or associated Internet-based PECOS enrollment application.

All institutional providers and suppliers who respond to a revalidation request must submit an enrollment fee (reference 42 CFR 424.514) with their revalidation. In mid-September, CMS revised the revalidation letter that contractors sent to providers to clarify who must pay the fee. You may submit your fee by ACH debit, or credit card. Revalidations are processed only when fees have cleared. To pay your application fee, go to https://pecos.cms.hhs.gov/pecos/feePaymentWelcome.do and submit payment as directed. A confirmation screen will display indicating that payment was successfully made. This confirmation screen is your receipt and you should print it for your records. CMS strongly recommends that you mail this receipt to the Medicare contractor along with the certification statement for the enrollment application. CMS will notify the Medicare contractor that the application fee has been paid.

Upon receipt of the revalidation request, providers and suppliers have 60 days from the date of the letter to submit complete enrollment forms. Failure to submit the enrollment forms as requested may result in the deactivation of your Medicare billing privileges.

Additional information

For more information about the enrollment process and required fees, refer to MLN Matters® article MM7350, which is available at http://www.cms.gov/MLNMattersArticles/downloads/MM7350.pdf.

For more information about the application fee payment process, refer to MLN Matters® article SE1130, which is available at http://www.cms.gov/MLNMattersArticles/downloads/SE1130.pdf.

The MLN® fact sheet titled “The Basics of Internet-based Provider Enrollment, Chain and Ownership System (PECOS) for Provider and Supplier Organizations” is designed to provide education to provider and supplier organizations on how to use Internet-based PECOS to enroll in the Medicare program and may be found at http://www.cms.gov/MLNProducts/downloads/medenroll_pecos_provider_sup_fact_sheet_ICN903767.pdf.

To access PECOS, your authorized official must register with the PECOS identification and authentication system. To register for the first time go to https://pecos.cms.hhs.gov/pecos/PecosIAConfirm.do?transferReason=CreateLogin to create an account.

A sample letter requesting providers to review, update, and certify their enrollment information is available at http://www.cms.gov/MedicareProviderSupEnroll/Downloads/SampleRevalidationLetter.pdf.

For additional information about the enrollment process and Internet-based PECOS, please visit the Medicare Provider-Supplier Enrollment Web page at http://www.cms.gov/MedicareProviderSupEnroll.

If you have questions, contact your Medicare contractor. Medicare provider enrollment contact information for each state may be found at http://www.cms.gov/MedicareProviderSupEnroll/downloads/contact_list.pdf.

MLN Matters® Number: SE1126 Revised
Related Change Request (CR) #: N/A
Related CR Release Date: N/A
Effective Date: N/A
Related CR Transmittal #: N/A
Implementation Date: N/A

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Implementation of provider enrollment provisions in CMS-6028-FC

Note: MM7350 was revised on October 31, 2011, to provide a new Web address for making payment of the application fees. All other information remains the same. This information was previously published in the March 2011 Medicare B Connection, pages 55-57.

Provider types affected
All providers and suppliers submitting enrollment applications to fiscal intermediaries (FIs), regional home health intermediaries (RHHIs), Medicare carriers, A/B Medicare administrative contractors (A/B MACs), and the national supplier clearinghouse (NSC) are affected by this article.

Provider action needed
Stop – impact to you
The Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) published a final rule with comment period, titled, “Medicare, Medicaid, and Children’s Health Insurance Programs; Additional Screening Requirements, Application Fees, Temporary Enrollment Moratoria, Payment Suspensions and Compliance Plans for Providers and Suppliers” (CMS-6028-FC). This rule was published in the February 2, 2011, edition of the Federal Register.

Caution – what you need to know
This rule finalized provisions related to the:

- Establishment of provider enrollment screening categories;
- Submission of application fees as part of the provider enrollment process;
- Suspensions of payment based on credible allegations of fraud; and
- Authority to impose a temporary moratorium on the enrollment of new Medicare providers and suppliers of a particular type (or the establishment of new practice locations of a particular type) in a geographic area.

Go – what you need to do
This article is based on change request (CR) 7350, which describes how Medicare contractors will implement the changes related to provider enrollment screening, application fees, and temporary moratoria. (Payment suspensions will be addressed via separate CMS guidance.). Please ensure that your staffs are aware of these new provisions.

Background
CR 7350 describes how Medicare will implement certain provisions of the final rule CMS-6028-FC. These details are provided in new Sections 19 through 19.4 of Chapter 15 in the Medicare Program Integrity Manual. Those manual sections are attached to CR 7350 and are summarized as follows:

Screening processes
Beginning on March 25, 2011, Medicare will place newly-enrolling and existing providers and suppliers in one of three levels of categorical screening: limited, moderate, or high. The risk levels denote the level of the contractor’s screening of the provider or supplier when it initially enrolls in Medicare, adds a new practice location, or revalidates its enrollment information.

Chapter 15, Section 19.2.1 of the Program Integrity Manual (PIM) provides the complete list of these three screening categories, and the provider types assigned to each category, and a description of the screening processes applicable to the three categories (effective on and after March 25, 2011), and procedures to be used for each category. Once again, that new section of the PIM is attached to CR 7350.

Although fingerprinting and criminal background checks are included in CMS-6028-FC as requirements for providers and suppliers in the “high” category of screening, these requirements will be implemented at a later date and providers and suppliers will be notified well in advance of their implementation.

Application fees
With the exception of physicians, non-physician practitioners, physician group practices and non-physician group practices, providers and suppliers that are (1) initially enrolling in Medicare, (2) adding a practice location, or (3) revalidating their enrollment information, must submit with their application:

- An application fee in an amount prescribed by CMS, and/or
- A request for a hardship exception to the application fee.

This requirement applies to applications that your Medicare contractor receives on or after March 25, 2011. Note that a physician, non-physician practitioner, physician group, or non-physician practitioner group that is enrolling as a DMEPOS supplier via the CMS-855S application must pay the required application fee.

The application fee must be in the amount prescribed by CMS for the calendar year in which the application is submitted. The fee for March 25, 2011, through December 31, 2011, is $505.00. Fee amounts for future years will

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CMS-6028-FC ... (continued)

be adjusted by the percentage change in the consumer price index (for all urban consumers) for the 12-month period ending on June 30 of the prior year. CMS will give Medicare contractors and the public advance notice of any change in the fee amount for the coming calendar year.

The application fee is non-refundable, except if it was submitted with one of the following:

- A hardship exception request that is subsequently approved;
- An application that was rejected prior to the Medicare contractor’s initiation of the screening process; or
- An application that is subsequently denied as a result of the imposition of a temporary moratorium as described in 42 CFR 424.570.

The provider or supplier must pay the application fee electronically by going to [https://pecos.cms.hhs.gov/pecos/feePaymentWelcome.do](https://pecos.cms.hhs.gov/pecos/feePaymentWelcome.do) and paying their fee via credit card, debit card, or check. Providers and suppliers are strongly encouraged to submit with their application a copy of their receipt of payment. This may enable the contractor to more quickly verify that payment has been made.

**Hardship exception**

A provider or supplier requesting a hardship exception from the application fee must include with its enrollment application a letter (and supporting documentation) that describes the hardship and why the hardship justifies an exception. If a paper CMS-855 application is submitted, the hardship exception letter must accompany the application. If the application is submitted via the Internet-based Provider Enrollment, Chain and Ownership System (PECOS), the hardship exception letter must accompany the certification statement. Hardship exception letters will not be considered if they were submitted separately from the application or certification statement, as applicable. If your Medicare contractor receives a hardship exception request separately from the application or certification statement, it will: (1) return it to you, and (2) notify you via letter, email, or telephone, that it will not be considered.

Upon receipt of a hardship exception request with the application or certification statement, the contractor will send the request and all documentation accompanying the request to CMS. CMS will determine if the request should be approved. During this review period, the contractor will not begin processing the provider’s application. CMS will communicate its decision to the institutional provider and the contractor via letter.

Important: In addition, the contractor will not begin to process the provider’s application until: (1) the fee has been paid, or (2) the hardship exception request has been approved. Once processing commences, the application will be processed in the order in which it was received.

**Review of hardship exception request**

As already stated, the application fee for CY 2011 is $505. This generally should not represent a significant burden for an adequately capitalized provider or supplier. It is not enough for the provider to simply assert that the imposition of the application fee represents a financial hardship. The provider must instead make a strong argument to support its request, including providing comprehensive documentation (which may include, without limitation, historical cost reports, recent financial reports such as balance sheets and income statements, cash flow statements, tax returns, etc.).

Other factors that may suggest that a hardship exception is appropriate include the following:

a) Considerable bad debt expenses,
b) Significant amount of charity care/financial assistance furnished to patients,
c) Presence of substantive partnerships (whereby clinical, financial integration are present) with those who furnish medical care to a disproportionately low-income population;
d) Whether an institutional provider receives considerable amounts of funding through disproportionate share hospital payments, or
e) Whether the provider is enrolling in a geographic area that is a Presidentially-declared disaster under the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act, 42 U.S.C. 5121-5206 (Stafford Act).

Note that if the provider fails to submit appropriate documentation to support its hardship exception request, the contractor is not required to contact the provider to request it. Ultimately, it is the provider’s responsibility to furnish the necessary supporting evidence at the time it submits its hardship exception request.

**Appeal of the denial of hardship exception decision**

If the provider or supplier is dissatisfied with CMS’s decision, it may file a written reconsideration request with CMS within 60 calendar days from receipt of the notice of initial determination. The request must be signed by the individual provider or supplier, a legal representative, or any authorized official within the entity. Failure to file a reconsideration request within this timeframe is deemed a waiver of all rights to further administrative review.
To file a reconsideration request, providers and suppliers should follow the procedures outlined in Chapter 15, Section 19 of the Program Integrity Manual (PIM), which is attached to CR 7350.

Temporary moratoria
CMS may impose a moratorium on the enrollment of new Medicare providers and suppliers of a particular type or the establishment of new practice locations of a particular type in a particular geographic area.

The announcement of a moratorium will be made via the Federal Register. For initial and new location applications involving the affected provider and supplier type, the moratorium:

- Will not apply to applications for which an approval or a recommendation for approval has been made as of the effective date of the moratorium, even if the contractor has not yet formally granted Medicare billing privileges. Such applications can continue to be processed to completion.
- Will apply to applications that are pending as of the effective date of the moratorium and for which the contractor has not yet made a final approval/denial decision or recommendation for approval. The contractor will deny such applications and will return the application fee if it was submitted with the application.
- Will apply to initial applications that the contractor receives on or after the effective date of the moratorium, and for as long as the moratorium is in effect. The contractor will deny such applications and will return the application fee if it was submitted with the application.

If a particular moratorium is lifted, all applications pending with the contractor as of the effective date of the moratorium’s cessation are no longer subject to the moratorium and may be processed. However, such applications will be processed in accordance with the “high” level of categorical screening. In addition, any initial application received from a provider or supplier: (a) that is of a provider or supplier type that was subject to a moratorium, and (b) within 6 months after the applicable moratorium was lifted, the contractor will process the application using the “high” level of categorical screening.

Additional information
The official instruction, CR 7350, issued to your FI, RHHI, carrier, and A/B MAC regarding this change, may be viewed at http://www.cms.gov/transmittals/downloads/R371PI.pdf. Complete details regarding this issue, as defined in the PIM revisions, are attached to CR 7350. MLN Matters® article SE1126, which is available at http://www.cms.gov/MLNMattersArticles/downloads/SE1126.pdf, has further details on the Affordable Care Act-required revalidation of provider enrollment information for all providers and suppliers who enrolled in the Medicare program prior to March 25, 2011. For more information about the application fee payment process, refer to MLN Matters® article SE1130, which is available at http://www.cms.gov/MLNMattersArticles/downloads/SE1130.pdf. A sample letter requesting providers to review, update, and certify their enrollment information is available at http://www.cms.gov/MedicareProviderSupEnroll/Downloads/SampleRevalidationLetter.pdf. If you have any questions, please contact your FI, RHHI, carrier, or A/B MAC at their toll-free number, which may be found at http://www.cms.gov/MLNProducts/downloads/CallCenterTollNumDirectory.zip.

Important reminders about advanced diagnostic imaging accreditation requirements

Note: This article was revised on November 7, 2011, to clarify that providers need not submit their advanced diagnostic imaging (ADI) data on their 855 enrollment forms or via the PECOS enrollment system. CMS receives that data from the accrediting organizations. This information was previously published in the July 2011 Medicare B Connection, pages 35-37.

Provider types affected
Physicians, non-physician practitioners, and independent diagnostic testing facilities (IDTF) who are suppliers of imaging services and submitting claims for the technical component (TC) of advanced diagnostic imaging (ADI)
Accreditation ... (continued)
procedures to Medicare contractors (carriers and A/B Medicare administrative contractors [MACs]) are affected by this article.

What you need to know
Stop – impact to you
This article provides suppliers who furnish the technical component (TC) of ADI services assistance in meeting the accreditation requirements established in Section 135 (a) of the Medicare Improvements for Patients and Providers Act of 2008 (MIPPA).

Caution – what you need to know
In order to furnish the TC of ADI services for Medicare beneficiaries, you must be accredited by January 1, 2012, to submit claims with a date of service (DOS) on or after January 1, 2012.

Go – what you need to do
See the Background and Additional information sections of this article for further details regarding these requirements.

Background
What are the requirements for ADI accreditation?
The MIPPA required the Secretary of the Department of Health and Human Services to designate organizations to accredit suppliers that furnish the TC of ADI services.

- ADI procedures include magnetic resonance imaging (MRI), computed tomography (CT), and nuclear medicine imaging, including positron emission tomography.
- The MIPPA expressly excludes X-ray, ultrasound, and fluoroscopy procedures.
- Suppliers of imaging services include, but are not limited to, physicians, non-physician practitioners, and IDTFs.

Who do the requirements affect?
The accreditation requirements apply only to the suppliers of the images themselves (TC) and not the physician’s interpretation (professional component) of the image.

- The accreditation requirement applies to all suppliers of the technical component who submit claims to Medicare.
- The accreditation requirement applies only to those suppliers of ADI paid under the Medicare physician fee schedule (MPFS).
- The accreditation requirements do not apply to ADI services furnished in a hospital outpatient setting.

When are the requirements mandatory?
In order to furnish the TC of ADI services for Medicare beneficiaries, you must be accredited by January 1, 2012, to submit claims with a DOS on or after January 1, 2012.

How do I comply with the requirements?
You should apply for accreditation now if you are not already accredited. Visit the “Advanced Diagnostic Imaging Accreditation Enrollment Procedures,” available at http://www.cms.gov/medicareprovidersupenroll, and review each of the three designated accreditation organizations. Then,

- Call or email each of the accreditation organizations to determine the one that best fits your business needs. The accreditation organizations each have their own published standards.
- Follow all of the application requirements so that your application is not delayed. It may take up to five months to be accredited.

Who are the three national accreditation organizations approved by CMS?
The approved accreditation organizations are:

- The American College of Radiology
- The Intersocietal Accreditation Commission, and
- The Joint Commission.

What are the quality standards that I must meet?
There are many quality standards, for which you must be in compliance, and you will need to show that compliance to the accreditation organization. The quality standards at a minimum address:

- Qualifications of medical personnel who are not physicians

continued on next page
Accreditation ... (continued)

- Qualifications and responsibilities of medical directors and supervising physicians
- Procedures to ensure that equipment used meets performance specifications
- Procedures to ensure the safety of personnel who furnish the imaging
- Procedures to ensure the safety of beneficiaries, and
- Establishment and maintenance of a quality assurance and quality control program to ensure the reliability, clarity, and accuracy of the technical quality of the image.

What does the accreditation process consist of?
First, you are expected to complete the entire application prior to the accreditation organization commencing the review process. The length of the approval process depends on the completeness and readiness of the supplier.

- Make certain that you understand how to comply with each of the accreditation organizations quality standards.
- If you are non-compliant with any of the standards, you may be required to complete a corrective action plan, which will need to be approved and possibly require another site visit.

Make certain to review all of your ADI procedures to determine if you will need to be accredited.

- Accreditation is given at the facility for each modality that is supplied.
- The accreditation is not attached to the machine. If you purchase another machine within the same modality, you may not require another accreditation decision.
- You must notify the accreditation organization after the initial accreditation decision of any changes to your facility.

The accreditation process may include:

- An un-announced site visit
- Random site visits
- Review of phantom images
- Review of staff credentialing records
- Review of maintenance records
- Review of beneficiary complaints
- Review of patient records
- Review of quality data
- Ongoing data monitoring, and
- Triennial surveys.

What else do I need to know?
Here are some helpful facts about the ADI accreditation:

- Hospitals are exempt from this requirement, since hospitals generally are not paid under the MPFS.
- The accreditation requirement does not apply to the radiologists, per se. However, the interpreting physicians must meet the accreditation organization’s published standards for training and residency.
- If you are accredited before January 1, 2012, by one of the designated accreditation organizations, you are considered to have met the accreditation requirement. However,
  - You must apply for reaccreditation if your accreditation is due to expire before this date, and
  - You must remain in good standing.
- The accreditation organization will transmit all necessary data to CMS on an ongoing basis. Your Medicare billing contractor will receive these data from CMS. Due to this file being received at CMS from the accrediting organizations, it is not necessary for the providers to supply the ADI information on their respective 855 form(s) or in the PECOS enrollment system.
- The Current Procedural Terminology (CPT) codes that are affected by this requirement are published on the CMS website.
- No suppliers are exempt.

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Accreditation ... (continued)

- Oral surgeons and dentists must be accredited if they perform the technical component of MRI, CT, or nuclear medicine for the technical component of the codes that require ADI accreditation.

- If your facility uses an accredited mobile facility, you, as a Medicare supplier billing for the TC of ADI, must also be accredited. The accreditation requirement is attached to the biller of the services.

What does it cost to be accredited?
The accreditation costs vary by accreditation organization. The average cost for one location and one modality is approximately $3,500 every three years.

When will claims for Medicare services be affected?
Medicare contractors will begin denying claims for services on or after January 1, 2012, for modalities that are not accredited.

- Denial code N290 will be used (“Missing/incomplete/invalid rendering provider primary identifier.”)

- Contractors will deny codes submitted for the technical component if the code is not listed as “accredited.”

Additional information

If you are a physician or non-physician practitioner supplying the Technical Component of ADI, see the MLN article MM7176, “Accreditation for Physicians and Non-Physician Practitioners Supplying the Technical Component (TC) of Advanced Diagnostic Imaging (ADI) Service,” available at http://www.cms.gov/MLNMattersArticles/downloads/MM7176.pdf.

To obtain additional information about the accreditation process, please contact the accreditation organizations listed on the Medicare Provider-Supplier Enrollment page, Advanced Diagnostic Imaging Accreditation, available at http://www.cms.gov/MedicareProviderSupEnroll/03_AdvancedDiagnosticImagingAccreditation.asp.

If you have any questions, please contact your carrier or A/B MAC at their toll-free number, which may be found at http://www.cms.gov/MLNProducts/downloads/CallCenterTollNumDirectory.zip.

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ADI accreditation – time is running out
As a reminder, beginning Sunday, January 1, 2012, suppliers who furnish the technical component of advanced diagnostic imaging (ADI) must be accredited in order to bill Medicare for these services. ADI procedures include magnetic resonance imaging, computed tomography, and nuclear medicine imaging such as positron emission tomography; X-ray, ultrasound, fluoroscopy, and hospital outpatient procedures are excluded. The technical component of ADI services includes the performance of the imaging procedures, not the physician interpretation.

For dates of service on or after January 1, 2012, Medicare administrative contractors will begin denying claims for the technical component of ADI, submitted under the physician fee schedule by suppliers who have not yet been accredited. Once a provider becomes accredited, they can begin billing Medicare for these services again.

For more information about ADI accreditation, including a list of accrediting organizations and details of the accreditation process, please visit http://www.CMS.gov/MedicareProviderSupEnroll/03_AdvancedDiagnosticImagingAccreditation.asp. An MLN Matters special edition article (SE1122 Important Reminders about Advanced Diagnostic Imaging Accreditation Requirements) is also available at http://www.CMS.gov/MLNMattersArticles/Downloads/SE1122.pdf.

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Source: CMS PERL 201110-50
Incentive Programs

HHS announces new incentives for providers to work together through accountable care organizations when caring for people with Medicare

New tools help doctors and other health care providers improve quality of care

People with Medicare will be able to benefit from a new program designed to encourage primary care doctors, specialists, hospitals, and other health care providers to coordinate their care under a final regulation issued on Thursday, October 20, 2011, by the Department of Health & Human Services (HHS). Created by the Affordable Care Act, these final rules on accountable care organizations add to the menu of options for providers looking to better coordinate care for patients and will make it easier for providers to deliver high quality care and use health care dollars more wisely.

The initiatives are just two of several efforts made possible by the Affordable Care Act to help bring better health, better care and lower costs not just to Medicare beneficiaries, but to all Americans. For example, the Bundled Payments for Care Improvement Initiative and Comprehensive Primary Care Initiative offer alternatives to coordinate and improve health care.

The two initiatives launched on October 20 – the Medicare Shared Savings Program and the advance payment model – will help providers form accountable care organizations and reflect the significant input provided by stakeholders as well as lessons learned by innovators in care coordination in the private sector.

• The Medicare Shared Savings Program will provide incentives for participating health care providers who agree to work together and become accountable for coordinating care for patients. Providers who band together through this model and who meet certain quality standards based upon, among other measures, patient outcomes and care coordination among the provider team, may share in savings they achieve for the Medicare program. The higher the quality of care providers deliver, the more shared savings the providers may keep.

• The advance payment model will provide additional support to physician-owned and rural providers participating in the Medicare Shared Savings Program who also would benefit from additional start-up resources to build the necessary infrastructure, such as new staff or information technology systems. The advanced payments would be recovered from any future shared savings achieved by the accountable care organization.


The advanced payment solicitation is posted at http://innovations.CMS.gov/areas-of-focus/seamless-and-coordinated-care-models/advance-payment/.


The joint CMS and HHS Office of Inspector General (OIG) interim final rule with comment period addressing waivers of certain fraud and abuse laws in connection with the Shared Savings Program is posted at: www.OFR.gov/inspection.asp.


The Internal Revenue Service (IRS) fact sheet, Tax-Exempt Organizations Participating in the Medicare Shared Savings Program through Accountable Care (FS-2001-11), will be posted at: http://www.IRS.gov.

For additional information you may view the CMS fact sheets (10/20) posted at: https://www.CMS.gov/apps/media/fact_sheets.asp.
Medicare electronic prescribing payment adjustments begin January 1, 2012

Beginning Sunday, January 1, 2012, eligible professionals who have not successfully met the requirements of the eRx incentive program (or, alternately, qualify for a significant hardship exemption) will be subject to the 2012 eRx payment adjustment. The adjustment will reduce Medicare payment rates by 1 percent of the provider’s allowable Medicare Part B charges.

The Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) would like to remind eligible professionals and group practices participating in the Medicare electronic prescribing (eRx) incentive program that the deadline to request a hardship exemption for the 2012 eRx payment adjustment is November 1, 2011.

Eligible professionals and group practices should determine if they are subject to the 2012 eRx payment adjustment by reviewing the MLN article SE1107, “2011 Electronic Prescribing Incentive Program Update – Future Payment Adjustments.” If you believe that you may be subject to the 2012 eRx payment adjustment, you should determine if you meet any of the hardship exemption categories specified by CMS in the 2011 Medicare electronic prescribing (eRx) incentive program final rule.

In addition, a Quick Reference Guide is available to help you understand the changes that the eRx final rule made to the 2011 Medicare eRx incentive program. As a result of changes to the program, eligible professionals and group practices have until November 1, 2011, to submit a significant hardship exemption request and rationale.

Please note, to be considered for an exemption under the significant hardship exemption category “Eligible professionals who register to participate in the Medicare or Medicaid electronic health record (EHR) incentive programs and adopt certified EHR technology,” an eligible professional:

- Must have registered for either the Medicare or Medicaid EHR incentive program (for instructions on how to register for one of the EHR incentive programs, we refer readers to the registration and attestation page of the EHR incentive programs section of the CMS website at http://www.cms.gov/EHRIncentivePrograms/20_RegistrationandAttestation.asp); and

- Show that they adopted certified EHR technology no later than October 1, 2011, and provide identifying information about the certified EHR technology. Please note that, in order to qualify for an exemption to the 2012 eRx payment adjustment under this significant hardship exemption category, it is not necessary that an eligible professional receive an incentive payment under the Medicare or Medicaid EHR incentive program.

Eligible professionals wishing to register for the Medicaid EHR incentive program in states that have not yet launched their respective programs may initiate the registration process at the CMS registration and attestation system, and obtain a registration number but will not be able to successfully complete registration. If a state has not launched its Medicaid EHR incentive program, the state name will not appear in the drop-down menu for eligible professionals to choose from. However, a registration number is assigned even if registration is not successfully completed.

In order to initiate registration for the Medicaid EHR incentive program, please visit https://ehrincentives.cms.gov/hitech/login.action and follow the instructions to begin the registration process. Obtaining a CMS EHR incentive programs registration number, even if the registration is not successfully completed, suffices for the purposes of applying for a significant hardship exemption for the 2012 Medicare eRx payment adjustment.

To request an exemption, individual eligible professionals must submit their hardship exemption requests through the Quality Communications Support Page and group practices participating under the group practice reporting option (GPRO) must submit hardship exemption requests via a letter to CMS.

Please remember that CMS will review these requests on a case-by-case basis. All decisions on significant hardship exemption requests will be final.

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Adjustments ... (continued)

For additional information and resources, please visit www.cms.gov/exoincentive and review the new frequently asked question (FAQ) on the topic.

Note: If you have problems accessing any hyperlink in this message, please copy and paste the URL into your Internet browser.

Source: CMS PERL 201110-33

Format revision to the remittance advice used to report quarterly incentive payments for HPSAs, PCIP, and HSIP

Provider types affected

This article is for physicians and non-physician practitioners submitting claims to Medicare carriers and Part A/B Medicare administrative contractors (A/B MACs) for primary care services; and for general surgeons submitting claims to Medicare carriers and A/B MACs for major surgical procedures furnished in health professional shortage areas (HPSAs).

What you need to know

A revision to the special remittance advice used to report quarterly incentive payments for HPSAs, the primary care incentive payment program (PCIP), and the HPSA surgical incentive payment program (HSIP) will allow you to know your total individual incentive payment amount for HPSA, PCIP, and/or HSIP (which ever applies).

Change request (CR) 7561, from which this article is taken, announces that the special remittance advice currently used for quarterly HPSA, PCIP, and the HSIP incentive payments is being revised to include a summary page with a grand total incentive payment amount per performing national provider identifier (NPI), per incentive payment.

Background

Section 5501(a)(3) of the Affordable Care Act (the Act) provides payment of the PCIP as an additional payment amount for specified primary care services regardless of any other additional payment for services under Section 1833(m) of the Act; and Section 5501(b) revises Section 1833(m) of the Act to authorize the HSIP, an incentive payment program for major surgical services furnished by general surgeons in HPSAs.

Note: An eligible primary care physician furnishing a primary care service in an HPSA may receive both a HPSA physician bonus payment and a PCIP payment; however, a general surgeon in an HPSA is only eligible to receive a HSIP payment.

In order to coordinate these payments, the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) instructed Medicare carriers and A/B MACs to revise the special incentive remittance to include the PCIP and HSIP programs in:

1) CR 7060 (Incentive Payment Program for Primary Care Services, Section 5501(a) of the Affordable Care Act), released on February 25, 2011; and

2) CR 7063 (Section 5501(b) Incentive Payment Program for Major Surgical Procedures Furnished in Health Professional Shortage Areas under the Affordable Care Act), released August 27, 2010.

These CRs also instructed the Medicare contractors, when appropriate, to pay the primary care incentive payment and the HPSA general surgery payment at the same time and in the same payment as the HPSA physician bonus.


The first PCIP and HSIP payments were made in April 2011; and at that time, many providers reported to CMS that the accompanying special HPSA remittance report was long (in some cases several hundred pages), and did not total the incentive payments by an individual practitioner’s NPI. After a review of public comments, CMS is responding to the request to modify this report (now re-named the “Special Incentive Remittance”) to provide detailed incentive billing and payment information.

CR 7561 announces that CMS has revised the special incentive remittance currently used for quarterly HPSA, PCIP, and HSIP incentive payments to include a summary page with a total incentive amount paid per performing NPI, per incentive program. At a minimum, it includes the following information per performing NPI:

- Performing NPI
- Sum total HPSA amount paid for all claims on the remittance advice

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Updates on registration for the EHR incentive programs

The Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) wants to remind eligible professionals (EPs), eligible hospitals, and critical access hospitals (CAHs) of the key registration dates for the electronic health record (EHR) incentive programs, and provide information to help them successfully register and start their path to payment for 2011.

Important registration details for Medicare and Medicaid

- **Medicare** – Wednesday, November 30, 2011 -- last day for eligible hospitals and CAHs to register and attest to receive an incentive payment for fiscal year (FY) 2011.
- **Medicare** – Wednesday, February 29, 2012 -- last day for EPs to register and attest to receive an incentive payment for calendar year (CY) 2011
- **Medicaid** – each state may have different attestation deadlines. Please check with your state Medicaid agency to find out the last day you can attest.

When should providers register?

CMS encourages providers to register for the Medicare and/or Medicaid EHR incentive program(s) as soon as possible to avoid payment delays. Note that not all states have launched a Medicaid EHR incentive program yet; providers will not be able to complete their registration for the Medicaid EHR incentive program until their state’s program has launched and that state’s site has opened. Providers should check their state’s status.

Note: Providers can register before they have a certified EHR and can also register if they do not have an enrollment record in Internet-based Provider Enrollment, Chain, and Ownership System (PECOS).

Registration resources

CMS has several resources to help providers successfully register for the EHR incentive programs:

- Step-by-step registration guides, available on the CMS EHR Registration page.
- Several FAQs about registration on the EHR incentive programs website
- Webinars on YouTube to help guide providers through the registration process – one for EPs and one for hospitals.

Want more information about the EHR incentive programs? Make sure to visit CMS’ EHR incentive programs website for the latest news and updates on the EHR incentive programs.

Source: CMS PERL 201110-52
New Medicare and Medicaid EHR incentive programs FAQs

The Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services wants to keep you updated with the latest information about the Medicare and Medicaid Electronic Health Record (EHR) incentive programs. These new frequently asked questions (FAQs) include information about clinical quality measures (CQMs), meaningful use, attestation, and other Medicare and Medicaid EHR incentive programs topics.

1. Does a provider have to record all clinical data in their certified EHR technology in order to accurately report complete CQM data for the Medicare and Medicaid EHR incentive programs? Read the answer.

2. Do providers have to contribute a minimum dollar amount toward their certified EHR technology for the Medicare and Medicaid EHR incentive programs? Read the answer.

3. Where can I find a list of public health agencies and immunization registries to submit my data as required by the public health objectives for the EHR incentive programs? Read the answer.

4. Can two separate practices with two different tax identification numbers (TINs) purchase a single certified EHR system and share it in order to participate in the Medicare and Medicaid EHR incentive programs? Read the answer.

5. For the Medicare and Medicaid EHR incentive programs, how should an eligible professional (EP), eligible hospital, or critical access hospital (CAH) that sees patients in multiple practice locations equipped with certified EHR technology calculate numerators and denominators for the meaningful use objectives and measures? Read the answer.

6. For the EHR incentive programs, how should an eligible hospital or CAH with multiple certified EHR systems report their CQMs? Read the answer.

Source: CMS PERL 201111-11

Reduced Medicare regulatory burdens for healthcare providers would save nearly $1.1 billion

On October 18, the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) took steps to reduce unnecessary, obsolete, or burdensome regulations on American hospitals and healthcare providers. These steps would help achieve the key goal of President Obama’s regulatory reform initiative to reduce unnecessary burdens on business and would save nearly $1.1 billion across the health care system in the first year for a total of over $5 billion over five years.

CMS proposed two sets of regulatory reforms and finalized a third. All are designed to improve transparency and help providers operate more efficiently by reducing their regulatory burden. One set proposes updates to the Medicare Conditions of Participation (CoPs) for hospitals and critical access hospitals (CAHs). The second set addresses regulatory requirements for a broader range of health care providers and suppliers who are regulated under Medicare and Medicaid. CMS also finalized a third rule reducing regulatory burden for ambulatory surgical centers (ASCs).

CMS estimates that annual savings to hospitals from the proposed revisions to the CoP could exceed $900 million in its first year as hospitals increasingly use this new flexibility. The Medicare Regulatory Reform rule could save up to $200 million in the first year. The final rule for ASCs could generate an extra $50 million in savings per year.

Together these three rules would reduce hospital and other healthcare provider costs by nearly $1.1 billion the first year. These cost savings would come directly from reduced regulatory burdens, and are not accompanied by reimbursement reductions. As such, all of these savings would be available to help providers improve the quality of care they provide to Medicare beneficiaries and all Americans.

Background

The proposed rules were developed through a retrospective review of existing regulations called for by President Obama’s January 18, 2011, executive order 13563, to “modify, streamline, or repeal” regulations which impose unnecessary burdens, including on hospitals and other providers that must comply with requirements under Medicare.

The rules take into consideration numerous burden reduction recommendations from hospitals, critical access hospitals, and patient advocates, among others.

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Reduced ... (continued)

Medicare Conditions of Participation
The Conditions of Participation (CoP) are federal health and safety requirements ensuring high quality care for all patients. Hospitals and critical access hospitals must meet these conditions to participate in the Medicare and Medicaid programs. The proposed rule is designed to reduce the regulatory burden on hospitals by the following:

- Eliminating burdensome requirements that do not permit hospital patients or their caregivers/support persons to administer certain medications.
- Allowing hospitals to determine the best ways to oversee and manage outpatients by removing the unnecessary requirement for a single director of outpatient services.
- Increasing flexibility for hospitals by allowing one governing body to oversee multiple hospitals in a single health system.
- Enabling hospitals to have a single, interdisciplinary care plan that supports coordination of care instead of requiring a separate stand-alone nursing care plan.
- Allowing CAHs to provide certain services, including laboratory and radiology services, under arrangement.

Medicare Regulatory Reform
The Medicare Regulatory Reform rule would identify and begin to eliminate duplicative, overlapping, outdated, and conflicting regulatory requirements for health care providers and suppliers, including hospitals, ambulatory surgical centers (ASCs), end-stage renal disease (ESRD) facilities, durable medical equipment (DME) suppliers, and a host of other healthcare providers and suppliers regulated under Medicare and Medicaid. The goal of this proposed rule is to both reduce regulatory burdens and help providers improve care for patients.

This rule would help reduce unnecessary burdens on health care providers, allowing them to dedicate more resources to improving patient care. Some of the more than two dozen proposed regulatory changes include:

- Eliminating obsolete regulations, including expired Office of Management and Budget paperwork control numbers, outmoded infection control instructions for ambulatory surgical centers (ASCs), outdated Medicaid qualification standards for physical and occupational therapists, and duplicative requirements for governing bodies of organ procurement organizations.
- Clarifying which higher risk ESRD facilities are required to comply with the full federal Life Safety Code requirements. CMS estimates that this burden reduction could save an estimated $108.7 million for the ESRD program.
- Eliminating the current Medicare requirement that automatically deactivates a provider or supplier who has not submitted a claim for 12 consecutive months, keeping providers from inadvertently being barred from re-enrolling in Medicare for a certain period. Savings from this regulatory reform are projected to be $26.7 million annually.
- Eliminating the specific list of emergency equipment ASCs must have on hand, and allowing facilities, in conjunction with medical staff and their governing bodies, to develop policies and procedures that specify emergency equipment appropriate to the services they provide.
- Replacing inflexible time-limited agreements which govern intermediate care facilities for the mentally retarded participation in Medicaid, with open-ended agreements and reducing states’ paperwork burden by requiring inspection of these facilities once a year. The regulation also takes up a recommendation from stakeholders to replace the term “mental retardation” with the term “intellectual disability,” which has gained wide public acceptance in recent years.
- Updating e-prescribing technical requirements so Medicare prescription drug plans meet current standards.

Regulatory reform for ambulatory surgical centers
This announcement also includes a final rule from CMS that would update the conditions for coverage regulations for ASCs, based on a proposed rule CMS issued in April 2010.

This new final rule simplifies requirements that ASCs must follow in notifying patients about their rights. Specifically, the final rule will allow ASCs to provide the patient, the patient’s representative, or the patient’s surrogate with patient rights information prior to the start of the surgical procedure. Before this final rule (CMS-3217-F), ASCs were required to notify patients in advance of the date of the procedure. This caused particular logistical problems and inconveniences for patients who needed ASC services on the same day they received a physician referral.

For more information
To view the proposed rules, please visit CMS-9070-P or CMS-3244-P. To submit a comment, visit www.regulations.gov, enter the ID number CMS-9070-P or CMS-3244-P, and click on “Submit a Comment.”

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Reduced ... (continued)

For additional information on hospital and critical access hospital Conditions of Participation, visit http://www.cms.gov/CFCsAndCoPs/06_Hospitals.asp.

The proposed rule also invites public comment on a broad range of recommendations to improve patient safety and hospital quality of care beyond those specified in the Conditions of Participation.

CMS’ final rule on ASCs was effective on Tuesday, October 18. More information about ASCs is online at http://www.cms.gov/CFCsAndCoPs/16_ASC.asp.

The Department of Health and Human Services also has launched the Partnership for Patients initiative, a national collaboration with hospitals, employers, physicians, nurses, patient advocates, and state governments to protect patient safety, provide better care, and reduce costs. For more about the Partnership for Patients, go to: http://www.healthcare.gov/center/programs/partnership/index.html.

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Source: CMS PERL 201110-38

Health care innovation challenge will improve care, save money, focus on health care jobs

New funding available for next generation of health care innovations

Up to $1 billion will be awarded to innovative projects across the country that test creative ways to deliver high quality medical care and save money. Launched by the Department of Health and Human Services, the health care innovation challenge will also give preference to projects that rapidly hire, train and deploy health care workers.

“We’ve taken incredible steps to reduce health care costs and improve care, but we can’t wait to do more,” said HHS Secretary Kathleen Sebelius. “Both public and private community organizations around the country are finding innovative solutions to improve our health care system and the health care innovation challenge will help jump start these efforts.”

Funded by the Affordable Care Act, the health care innovation challenge will award grants in March to applicants who will implement the most compelling new ideas to deliver better health, improved care and lower costs to people enrolled in Medicare, Medicaid and the Children’s Health Insurance Program, particularly those with the highest health care needs. The challenge will support projects that can begin within six months. Additionally, projects that focus on rapid workforce development will be given priority when grants are awarded.

“When I visit communities across the country, I continually see innovative solutions at the very ground level – a large health system working with community partners to decrease the risk of diabetes with nutrition programs or a church group that sends volunteers to help home-bound seniors so they can live at home,” said Donald M. Berwick, M.D., administrator of the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services. “By putting more programs like this in place and more “boots on the ground,” these types of programs can truly transform our health care system.”

Awards will be expected to range from approximately $1 million to $30 million over three years. Applications are open to providers, payers, local government, community-based organizations, and particularly to public-private partnerships and multi-payer approaches. Each grantee project will be evaluated and monitored for measurable improvements in quality of care and savings generated.

For more information, including a fact sheet and the funding opportunity announcement, please see the health care innovation challenge initiative website at www.innovation.cms.gov.

Note: If you have problems accessing any hyperlink in this message, please copy and paste the URL into your Internet browser.

Source: CMS PERL 201111-30

Get motivated by Medicare ...

Find out about Provider Incentive Programs
- e-Prescribing (eRx)
- Electronic Health Records (EHR)
- Physician Quality Reporting System
- Primary Care Incentive Program (PCIP)

Available at http://medicare.fcs.com/Landing/191460.asp
Updated CMS MS grouper with Medicare code editor ICD-10 R1 pilot software and updated ICD-10 MS-DRG R1 definitions manual

Based on public comments, the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) decided to provide the public with an updated version of the ICD-10 Medicare severity (MS)-DRGs v28.0 (fiscal year 2011) software and definitions manual. CMS believes this software will allow the public to more easily review and provide feedback on updates to the ICD-10 MS-DRGs.


To access the definitions manual, please select the link in the “Related Links Inside CMS” section of the Web page.

To access the software, please select the link in the “Related Links Outside CMS” section of the Web page.

**Note:** If you have problems accessing any hyperlink in this message, please copy and paste the URL into your Internet browser.

**Source:** CMS PERL 201110-34

Changes to Medicare overpayment notification process

The Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) has made changes to the Medicare overpayment notification process. If an outstanding balance has not been resolved, providers previously received three notification letters regarding Medicare overpayments:

- Initial demand letter (first letter)
- Follow-up letter (second letter)
- Intent to refer letter (third letter)

CMS would send the second demand letter to providers 30 days after the initial notification of an overpayment. Recent review has determined that this is not efficient since most providers respond to the initial demand letter and pay the debt.

Currently recoupment action happens 41 days after the initial letter. The remittance advice which describes this action serves as another notice to providers of the overpayment. Therefore, effective Tuesday, November 1, 2011, the second demand letters are no longer being sent to providers. Provider appeal rights will remain unchanged.

If an overpayment is not paid within 90 days of the initial letter, providers will continue to receive a letter explaining CMS’ intention to refer the debt for collection.

**Source:** CMS PERL 201111-22

Predictive modeling analysis of Medicare claims

**Provider types affected**

This MLN Matters® special edition article is intended for all physicians, providers, and suppliers who submit fee-for-service (FFS) claims to Medicare contractors (carriers, fiscal intermediaries [FIs], A/B Medicare administrative contractors [A/B MACs], durable medical equipment [DME] MACs, and home health and Hospice MACs).

**What providers need to know**

**Stop – impact to you**

As of June 30, 2011, the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS), has implemented a predictive analytics system that will analyze all Medicare FFS claims to detect potentially fraudulent activity.

**Caution – what you need to know**

The predictive analytics system uses algorithms and models to examine Medicare claims in real time to flag suspicious billing. This article briefly explains the predictive modeling system, its purpose, and how CMS is incorporating the system into its claims payment process.

**Go – what you need to do**

See the **Background** and **Additional information** sections of this article for more information about this change.

**Background**

Section 4241 of the Small Business Jobs Act of 2010 (SBJA) mandated that the CMS implement a predictive analytics system to analyze Medicare claims to detect patterns that present a high risk of fraudulent activity.

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Signed by the President in Fall 2010, the SBJA enables CMS to employ real-time, pre-payment claims analysis to identify emerging trends of potentially fraudulent activity. This new process is similar to the pre-payment analysis already done by the financial and credit card industries. The entire text of the SBJA is available at http://www.gpo.gov/fdsys/pkg/BILLS-111hr5297enr/pdf/BILLS-111hr5297enr.pdf.

Real-time claims streaming to build profiles and create risk scores
As of June 30, 2011, CMS is streaming all Medicare FFS claims through its predictive modeling technology. As each claim streams through the predictive modeling system, the system builds profiles of providers, networks, billing patterns, and beneficiary utilization. These profiles enable CMS to create risk scores to estimate the likelihood of fraud and flag potentially fraudulent claims and billing patterns.

Risk scores enable CMS to quickly identify unusual billing activity and flag claims for more thorough review prior to releasing payment. The system automatically prioritizes claims, providers, beneficiaries, and networks that are generating the most alerts and highest risk scores. CMS is leveraging the benefits of its new high-tech system to complement, not replace, the expertise of its experienced analysts:

- Analysts review prioritized cases by closely reviewing claims histories, conducting interviews, and performing site visits as necessary.
- If an analyst finds only innocuous billing, the outcome is recorded directly into the predictive modeling system and the payment is released as usual. This feedback loop refines the predictive models and algorithms to better target truly fraudulent behavior.
- Analysts who find evidence or indicators of fraud will work with the CMS Center for Program Integrity, MACs, and Zone Program Integrity contractors to enact targeted payment denials, and in cases of egregious fraud, revoke Medicare billing privileges. Program integrity entities may also, as appropriate, coordinate with law enforcement officials to investigate cases for criminal or civil penalties.

Effect of risk scores on claims payment
Risk scores alone do not initiate administrative action and serve only to alert CMS to the necessity of more careful review of claims activity. While providers will be unable to appeal risk scores, CMS’s new technology will in no way alter a provider or supplier’s existing rights to appeal administrative actions or overpayment recovery efforts.

Currently, CMS is not denying claims solely based on the alerts generated by predictive models. CMS is focused on developing and refining models that identify unusual behavior without disrupting its claims processing for Medicare providers.

Working closely with clinical experts across the country and of every provider specialty, CMS is developing and refining algorithms that reflect the complexities of medical treatment and billing. The new technology will ultimately benefit the program's many honest providers and suppliers by enabling the agency to prioritize the highest-risk cases for investigation and review. Prioritizing the alerts will minimize the disruption to providers who may occasionally exhibit unusual but honest billing.

CMS’s predictive modeling technology also enables automated cross-checks of provider, beneficiary, and claim information against historical trends and external databases. Automating checks that were previously performed manually will help CMS to more quickly identify and resolve any issues that may delay payment to providers and suppliers. Even as CMS implements a more thorough claims screening process, the Agency remains dedicated to ensuring prompt payment for the providers. Prompt payment of claims is a statutory requirement; only in exceptional and urgent circumstances will CMS leverage its authority to waive prompt payment to conduct further investigation or review.

Additional information
If you have any questions, please contact your Medicare contractor (carrier, FI, A/B MAC, HH+H MAC, or DME MAC) at their toll-free number, which may be found at http://www.cms.gov/MLNProducts/downloads/CallCenterTollNumDirectory.zip.

MLN Matters® Number: SE1133
Related Change Request (CR) #: N/A
Related CR Release Date: N/A
Effective Date: N/A
Related CR Transmittal #: N/A
Implementation Date: N/A

Disclaimer - This article was prepared as a service to the public and is not intended to grant rights or impose obligations. This article may contain references or links to statutes, regulations, or other policy materials. The information provided is only intended to be a general summary. It is not intended to take the place of either the written law or regulations. We encourage readers to review the specific statutes, regulations and other interpretive materials for a full and accurate statement of their contents.
Medicare pilot project for electronic submission of medical documentation

Note: This article was revised on October 14 to correct the contractor for durable medical equipment (DME) Medicare administrative contractor (MAC) C (end of second listing). It had incorrectly listed Palmetto GBA. The correct contractor is CGS Administrators, LLC. All other information remains the same. This information was previously published in the September 2011 Medicare B Connection, pages 47-49.

Provider types affected
This special edition (SE) affects all Medicare fee-for-service (FFS) providers who submit medical documentation to Medicare review contractors.

Provider action needed
Stop – impact to you
Each year, the Medicare fee-for-service (FFS) program makes billions of dollars in estimated improper payments. The Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) employs several types of Medicare review contractors to measure, prevent, identify, and correct these improper payments. Review contractors find the improper payments by requesting medical documentation from each provider who submitted a questionable claim. The review contractor then manually reviews the claims against the submitted medical documentation to verify the providers’ compliance with Medicare’s rules.

Currently, review contractors request medical documentation by sending a paper letter to the provider. The provider has two options for submitting the requested records: 1) mail paper, or 2) send a fax.

Caution – what you need to know
Medicare’s electronic submission of medical documentation (esMD) pilot project gives some providers a new mechanism for submitting medical documentation to review contractors. A list of review contractors that will accept esMD transactions may be found at http://go.usa.gov/kr4.

The esMD pilot will begin in September of 2011.

The primary intent of esMD is to reduce provider costs and cycle time by minimizing and eventually eliminating paper processing and mailing of medical documentation to review contractors. A secondary goal of esMD is to reduce costs and time at review contractors.

In order to send medical documentation electronically to review contractors, Medicare providers, including physicians, hospitals, and suppliers, must obtain access to a CONNECT-compatible gateway.

• Certain larger providers, such as hospital chains, may choose to build their own gateway.

• Many providers may choose to obtain gateway services by entering into a contract or other arrangement with a health information handler (HIH) that offers esMD gateway services.

A list of HIHs that offer esMD services as of September 2011, may be found in the “Key points” section of this article. An updated listing of the HIHs that have been approved by CMS to offer esMD services may also be found at http://go.usa.gov/kr5.

CMS does not set the price that an HIH may charge a provider for esMD services. Providers who believe it may be more efficient to respond to documentation requests electronically are encouraged to contact one or more of the HIHs to determine if esMD services are available at a reasonable price.

Go – what you need to do
You should know that esMD is completely voluntary. You may continue to mail or fax documentation to your review contractor.

The initial esMD system accepts portable document format (PDF) files, which means that even those providers who have paper records may utilize esMD services as long as there is a mechanism to scan the paper records into PDF files. Some HIHs may offer scanning services in addition to their esMD services.

Key points
The following are tentative schedules of when HIHs will be ready to offer esMD services and when review contractors will be ready to accept esMD:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>HIH/Web Address</th>
<th>Scheduled Readiness</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>HealthPort (<a href="http://www.healthport.com">http://www.healthport.com</a>)</td>
<td>September 2011</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IVANS (<a href="http://www.ivans.com">http://www.ivans.com</a>)</td>
<td>September 2011</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MRO (<a href="http://www.mrocorp.com">http://www.mrocorp.com</a>)</td>
<td>September 2011</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NaviNet (<a href="http://www.navinet.net">http://www.navinet.net</a>)</td>
<td>September 2011</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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esMD ... (continued)

Medicare review contractors include the recovery auditors (RACs), Medicare administrative contractors (MACs), the comprehensive error rate testing (CERT) contractor, the program error rate measurement (PERM) contractor, and zone program integrity (ZPIC) contractors.

The following shows when some of these contractors will be accepting esMD transactions:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Review Contractors</th>
<th>Scheduled Readiness*</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>RAC A - Diversified Collection Services (DCS)</td>
<td>September 2011</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RAC B - CGI Technologies and Solutions</td>
<td>September 2011</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MAC J1 and J11 - Palmetto GBA</td>
<td>September 2011</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MAC J3 - Noridian Administrative Services</td>
<td>September 2011</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MAC J4 - Trailblazer Health Enterprises</td>
<td>September 2011</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MAC J5 - Wisconsin Physicians Services Health Insurance Corporation</td>
<td>September 2011</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MAC J9 - First Coast Service Options</td>
<td>September 2011</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MAC J12 - Highmark Medicare Services</td>
<td>September 2011</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MAC J14 - NHIC</td>
<td>September 2011</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DME MAC A - NHIC</td>
<td>September 2011</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DME MAC D - Noridian Administrative Services, LLC</td>
<td>September 2011</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CERT - Livanta</td>
<td>September 2011</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PERM - A+ Government Solutions</td>
<td>September 2011</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MAC J10 - Cahaba Government Benefit Administrators</td>
<td>November 2011</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MAC J13 - National Government Services</td>
<td>November 2011</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DME MAC B - NGS</td>
<td>November 2011</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ZPIC 1 - Safeguard Services LLC</td>
<td>November 2011</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ZPIC 7 - Safeguard Services LLC</td>
<td>November 2011</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

continued on next page
esMD ... (continued)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Review Contractors</th>
<th>Scheduled Readiness*</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>RAC D - HealthDataInsights</td>
<td>November 2011</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MAC J15 - CIGNA Government Services, LLC</td>
<td>January 2012</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DME MAC C - CGS Administrators, LLC</td>
<td>January 2012</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*These are anticipated dates and subject to change. Please check the esMD website (http://www.cms.gov/ESMD) for more information.

Note: CMS expects that the region C and D recovery auditors and remaining MACs will begin accepting esMD transactions within the next 12 months.

Additional information
If you have any questions, please contact the review contractor to which you wish to send esMD transactions. MAC toll-free numbers can be found at http://www.cms.gov/MLNProducts/downloads/CallCenterTollNumDirectory.zip.

For more information, visit the esMD Web page at http://www.cms.gov/esmd. You might also try the Twitter Link, which is @CMSGov (Look for #CMS_esMD).

For more information on the Medicare Recovery Audit program, see the MLN Matters® article SE1024 at http://www.cms.gov/MLNMattersArticles/downloads/SE1024.pdf. You may contact your recovery auditor for questions you have of them. Their contact information is at http://www.cms.gov/RAC/Downloads/RACcontactinfo.pdf.

MLN Matters® Number: SE1110 Revised
Related Change Request (CR) #: N/A
Related CR Release Date: N/A
Effective Date: N/A
Related CR Transmittal #: N/A
Implementation Date: N/A

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Take advantage of FCSO's exclusive PDS report
Did you know that FCSO’s exclusive provider data summary (PDS) report can help you improve the accuracy and efficiency of the Medicare billing? Accessible through FCSO’s PDS’s portal at https://medicare.fcso.com/reporting/index.asp, this free online report helps J9 providers identify recurring billing issues through a detailed analysis of personal billing patterns in comparison with those of similar provider types (during a specific time period). Best of all, the PDS report allows you to respond proactively to prevent the recurrence of avoidable errors that could negatively impact your business bottom line.
Top inquiries, denials, and return unprocessable claims

The following charts demonstrate the top inquiries, denials, and return unprocessable claims (RUC) submitted to First Coast Service Options Inc. (FCSO), by Florida and U.S. Virgin Islands providers during August-October 2011. For tips and resources to help you avoid or reduce the amount of time spent on many of these issues, refer to the Inquiries and Denials section of our website at http://medicare.fcso.com/Inquiries_and_denials/index.asp.

Florida Part B top inquiries for August-October 2011
What to do when your claim is denied

Before contacting customer service, check claim status though the IVR. The IVR will release necessary details around claim denials.

Ensure all information on a claim is correct before submitting to Medicare. Example: The date(s) of service (DOS) on the claim should correspond to the number of units/days being billed.

Refer to the Claim completion FAQs, Billing issues FAQs, and Unprocessable FAQs on the FCSO Medicare provider website for additional information on why claims may deny and how to correct this.

You may also refer to the Top Part B claim denials and RUCs tip sheets for tips and resources on correcting and avoiding certain claim denials.
Florida Part B top return as unprocessable claims for August-October 2011

- RUC Code 075 ANSI Code 16
  - August 2011: 16,686
  - September 2011: 19,791
  - October 2011: 19,407

- RUC Code 085 ANSI Code B18
  - August 2011: 11,884
  - September 2011: 11,922
  - October 2011: 11,846

- RUC Code 101 ANSI Code 16
  - August 2011: 3,724

- RUC Code 175 ANSI Code 181
  - August 2011: 24,349
  - September 2011: 39,171

- RUC Code 212 ANSI Code 16
  - August 2011: 12,844
  - September 2011: 13,034

- RUC Code 302 ANSI Code B16
  - August 2011: 4,421
  - September 2011: 10,190

- RUC Code 527 ANSI Code B16
  - August 2011: 5,545
  - September 2011: 6,546
  - October 2011: 6,757

- RUC Code 601 ANSI Code 31
  - August 2011: 14,941
  - September 2011: 16,629
  - October 2011: 15,023

- RUC Code 812 ANSI Code 109
  - August 2011: 3,833
  - September 2011: 3,991

- RUC Code 834 ANSI Code B16
  - August 2011: 12,165
  - September 2011: 11,390
  - October 2011: 12,012

- RUC Code 834 ANSI Code 24
  - August 2011: 10,353
  - September 2011: 12,165
  - October 2011: 11,390

- RUC Code 860 ANSI Code 140
  - August 2011: 9,914
  - September 2011: 11,023
  - October 2011: 11,023

# of RUCs
- August 2011
- September 2011
- October 2011

continued on next page
U.S. Virgin Islands Part B top inquiries for August-October 2011

- Claim Change Information
- Claim Denial
- Claim Status
- Claim Status - Payment Explanation/Calculation
- Coding Errors/Modifiers/Global Surgery
- Contractual Obligation Not Met/Documentation Not Attached
- Duplicate Claims
- LCD Denial
- Medical Necessity
- MSP
- Offest Inquiry
- Release of Eligibility Information to Providers
- Remittance Notice
- Unprocessable - Patient Information Not Correct
- Unprocessable Claim - CLIA Reject
- Unprocessable Claim - Provider Information

# of inquiries

August 2011: 2
September 2011: 2
October 2011: 3

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U.S. Virgin Islands Part B top denials for August-October 2011
U.S. Virgin Islands Part B top return as unprocessable claims for August-October 2011

Top....(continued)
Local Coverage Determinations

This section of Medicare B Connection features summaries of new and revised local coverage determinations (LCDs) developed as a result of either local medical review or comprehensive data analysis initiatives. These initiatives are designed to ensure the appropriateness of medical care and to make sure that the Medicare administrative contractor (MAC) jurisdiction 9 (J9) Part A LCDs and review guidelines are consistent with accepted standards of medical practice.

Refer to our LCDs/Medical Coverage Web page at http://medicare.fcso.com/Landing/139800.asp for full-text LCDs, including final LCDs, draft LCDs available for comment, LCD statuses, and LCD comment/response summaries.

Effective and notice dates
Effective dates are provided in each LCD, and are based on the date services are furnished unless otherwise noted in the LCD. Medicare contractors are required to offer a 45-day notice period for LCDs; the date the LCD is posted to the website is considered the notice date.

Electronic notification
To receive quick, automatic notification when new and revised LCDs are posted to the website, subscribe to the FCSO eNews mailing list. Simply go to http://medicare.fcso.com/Header/137525.asp, enter your email address and select the subscription option that best meets your needs.

More information
For more information, or, if you do not have Internet access, to obtain a hardcopy of a specific LCD, contact Medical Policy at:

Medical Policy and Procedures
PO Box 2078
Jacksonville, FL 32231-0048

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Advance beneficiary notice
Modifier GZ must be used when physicians, practitioners, or suppliers want to indicate that they expect that Medicare will deny an item or service as not reasonable and necessary and they have not had an advance beneficiary notification (ABN) signed by the beneficiary.

Note: Line items submitted with the modifier GZ will be automatically denied and will not be subject to complex medical review.

Modifier GA must be used when physicians, practitioners, or suppliers want to indicate that they expect that Medicare will deny a service as not reasonable and necessary and they do have on file an ABN signed by the beneficiary.

All claims not meeting medical necessity of a local coverage determination must append the billed service with modifier GA or GZ.

Looking for LCDs?
Would you like to find local coverage determinations (LCD) in 10 seconds or less? FCSO’s LCD lookup, available at http://medicare.fcso.com/coverage_find_lcds_and_ncds/lcd_search.asp, helps you find the coverage information you need quickly and easily. Just enter a procedure code, keyword, or the LCD’s “L number,” click the corresponding button, and the application will automatically display links to any LCDs applicable to the parameters you specified. Best of all, depending upon the speed of your Internet connection, the LCD search process can be completed in less than 10 seconds.
Revisions to LCDs

**J9041: Bortezomib (Velcade®) – revision to the LCD**

**LCD ID number:** L29087 (Florida)  
**LCD ID number:** L29102 (Puerto Rico/U.S. Virgin Islands)

The local coverage determination (LCD) for bortezomib (Velcade®) was effective for services rendered on or after February 2, 2009, for Florida, and on or after March 2, 2009, for Puerto Rico and the U.S. Virgin Islands as a Medicare administrative contractor (MAC) LCD for jurisdiction 9 (J9). Since that time, a revision was made under the “Indications and Limitations of Coverage and/or Medical Necessity” section of the LCD to add the off label subcutaneous route of administration and the indication for multiple myeloma and patients with mantle cell lymphoma who have received at least one prior therapy. In addition, the “Sources of Information and Basis for Decision” section of the LCD was updated to add the additional compendia and an article reference considered for this revision.

**Effective date**
This LCD revision is effective for claims processed on or after November 1, 2011, for services rendered on or after September 6, 2011. First Coast Service Options Inc. (FCSO) LCDs are available through the CMS Medicare Coverage Database at [http://www.cms.gov/medicare-coverage-database/](http://www.cms.gov/medicare-coverage-database/). Coding Guidelines for an LCD (when present) may be found by selecting “LCD Attachments” in the “Jump to Section…” drop-down menu at the top of the LCD page. For LCDs with a future effective date, select the “Display Future Effective Documents” link at the top of the list of LCDs page.

**J9201: Gemcitabine (Gemzar®) – revision to the LCD**

**LCD ID number:** L29182 (Florida)  
**LCD ID number:** L29432 (Puerto Rico/U.S. Virgin Islands)

The local coverage determination (LCD) for gemcitabine (Gemzar®) was most recently revised on December 2, 2010. Since that time, the “Indications and Limitations of Coverage and/or Medical Necessity” section of the LCD has been revised to add the following off-labeled indication: Relapsed or refractory non-Hodgkin’s lymphoma (diffuse large B-cell lymphoma) in combination with oxaliplatin (Eloxatin®) as second-line therapy. The “Sources of Information and Basis for Decision” section of the LCD has also been updated.

**Effective date**
This LCD revision is effective for services rendered on or after November 15, 2011. First Coast Service Options Inc. (FCSO) LCDs are available through the CMS Medicare Coverage Database at [http://www.cms.gov/medicare-coverage-database/](http://www.cms.gov/medicare-coverage-database/). Coding Guidelines for an LCD (when present) may be found by selecting “LCD Attachments” in the “Jump to Section…” drop-down menu at the top of the LCD page. For LCDs with a future effective date, select the “Display Future Effective Documents” link at the top of the list of LCDs page.

**J9206: Irinotecan (Camptosar®) – revision to the LCD**

**LCD ID number:** L29208 (Florida)  
**LCD ID number:** L29443 (Puerto Rico/U.S. Virgin Islands)

The local coverage determination (LCD) for irinotecan (Camptosar®) was effective for services rendered on or after February 2, 2009, for Florida, and on or after March 2, 2009, for Puerto Rico and the U.S. Virgin Islands as a Medicare administrative contractor (MAC) LCD for jurisdiction 9 (J9). Since that time, based on a reconsideration request, the off-label indication of “metastatic breast cancer, refractory” was added under the “Indications and Limitations of Coverage and/or Medical Necessity” section of the LCD. Also, ICD-9-CM diagnosis codes 174.0-174.9 (Malignant neoplasm of female breast) were added under the “ICD-9 Codes that Support Medical Necessity” section of the LCD.

**Effective date**
This LCD revision is effective for services rendered on or after November 1, 2011. First Coast Service Options Inc. (FCSO) LCDs are available through the CMS Medicare Coverage Database at [http://www.cms.gov/medicare-coverage-database/](http://www.cms.gov/medicare-coverage-database/). Coding Guidelines for an LCD (when present) may be found by selecting “LCD Attachments” in the “Jump to Section…” drop-down menu at the top of the LCD page. For LCDs with a future effective date, select the “Display Future Effective Documents” link at the top of the list of LCDs page.
**J9305: Pemetrexed – revision to the LCD**

**LCD ID number: L29255 (Florida)**
**LCD ID number: L29464 (Puerto Rico/U.S. Virgin Islands)**

The local coverage determination (LCD) for pemetrexed was most recently revised on February 4, 2010. Since that time, the “Indications and Limitations of Coverage and/or Medical Necessity” section of the LCD has been revised to add the following off-label indications:

- Second-line therapy as a single agent for local/regional recurrent or distant metastatic cervical cancer.
- Single-agent recurrence therapy, if platinum resistant, for ovarian cancer that is recurrent after prior chemotherapy; progressive, stable, or persistent on primary chemotherapy; relapse has occurred after complete remission following primary chemotherapy; or stage II-IV disease has shown partial response to primary treatment.
- Second-line therapy as a single agent for metastatic bladder cancer.

The “ICD-9 Codes that Support Medical Necessity” section of the LCD has also been revised to add the following ICD-9-CM codes: 180.0-180.9, 183.0-183.9, 188.0-188.9, 189.1, 189.2, and 233.7.

**Effective date**

This LCD revision is effective for services rendered on or after **November 23, 2011**. First Coast Service Options Inc. (FCSO) LCDs are available through the CMS Medicare Coverage Database at [http://www.cms.gov/medicare-coverage-database/](http://www.cms.gov/medicare-coverage-database/). Coding Guidelines for an LCD (when present) may be found by selecting “LCD Attachments” in the “Jump to Section…” drop-down menu at the top of the LCD page. For LCDs with a future effective date, select the “Display Future Effective Documents” link at the top of the list of LCDs page.

**SKINSUB: Skin substitutes – revision to the LCD**

**LCD ID number: L29279 (Florida)**
**LCD ID number: L29393 (Puerto Rico/U.S. Virgin Islands)**

The local coverage determination (LCD) for skin substitutes was most recently revised on July 1, 2011. Since that time, a revision was made to the LCD based on a reconsideration request to allow OASIS® ultra tri-layer matrix, per square centimeter (HCPCS code C9365) as a covered product.

After review of the submitted information, it was determined that HCPCS code C9365 would be included for coverage. Under the “Indications and Limitations of Coverage and/or Medical Necessity” section of the LCD for “OASIS® wound matrix”, language was revised to address coverage for HCPCS code C9365 for OASIS® ultra tri-layer matrix. The contraindications were updated and other specified indications for OASIS® ultra tri-layer matrix were added. Under the “CPT/HCPCS Codes” section of the LCD, and sub-section “The following HCPCS codes are not separately payable and are considered not medically reasonable and necessary products:” HCPCS code C9365 was deleted. Under the “CPT/HCPCS Codes” section, HCPCS code C9365 was added. In addition, the “Sources of Information and Basis for Decision” section of the LCD and the “Coding Guidelines” attachment were updated.

**Additional information:** HCPCS code C9365 is being deleted effective January 1, 2012, and is being replaced with HCPCS code Q4124 (Oasis ultra tri-layer wound matrix, per square centimeter).

**Effective date**

This LCD revision is effective for services rendered on or after **November 23, 2011**. First Coast Service Options Inc. (FCSO) LCDs are available through the CMS Medicare Coverage Database at [http://www.cms.gov/medicare-coverage-database/](http://www.cms.gov/medicare-coverage-database/). Coding Guidelines for an LCD (when present) may be found by selecting “LCD Attachments” in the “Jump to Section…” drop-down menu at the top of the LCD page. For LCDs with a future effective date, select the “Display Future Effective Documents” link at the top of the list of LCDs page.
93965: Non-invasive evaluation of extremity veins – revision to the LCD
LCD ID number: L29234 (Florida)
LCD ID number: L29369 (Puerto Rico/U.S. Virgin Islands)

The local coverage determination (LCD) for non-invasive evaluation of extremity veins was most recently revised on October 1, 2011. Since that time, the “Training Requirements” section of the LCD has been revised to add “Registered technologist in vascular sonography (R.T. [VS])” as an additional example of certification in vascular technology for non-physician personnel performing the services addressed in this LCD and to add language to indicate that this credential is provided by the American Registry of Radiologic Technologists (ARRT).

Effective date
This LCD revision is effective for services rendered on or after November 15, 2011. First Coast Service Options Inc. (FCSO) LCDs are available through the CMS Medicare Coverage Database at http://www.cms.gov/medicare-coverage-database/. Coding Guidelines for an LCD (when present) may be found by selecting “LCD Attachments” in the “Jump to Section…” drop-down menu at the top of the LCD page. For LCDs with a future effective date, select the “Display Future Effective Documents” link at the top of the list of LCDs page.

Retired LCD

93451: Cardiac catheterization – retired LCD
LCD ID number: L29090 (Florida)
LCD ID number: L29105 (Puerto Rico/U.S. Virgin Islands)

The local coverage determination (LCD) for cardiac catheterization was most recently revised on January 1, 2011. Since that time, a decision was made to retire the LCD based on data analysis and standards of local practice.

Effective date
This LCD retirement is effective for services rendered on or after November 1, 2011. First Coast Service Options Inc. (FCSO) LCDs are available through the CMS Medicare Coverage Database at http://www.cms.gov/medicare-coverage-database/. Coding Guidelines for an LCD (when present) may be found by selecting “LCD Attachments” in the “Jump to Section…” drop-down menu at the top of the LCD page. For LCDs with a future effective date, select the “Display Future Effective Documents” link at the top of the list of LCDs page.

Additional Information

Chemotherapy and non-chemotherapy injection and infusion services

The comprehensive data analysis department evaluated HCPCS code J1642 (Injection, heparin sodium, [heparin lock flush], per 10 units). HCPCS code J1642 was identified as aberrant based on Medicare Part B extract and summary system (BESS) data from July through December 2010. The data revealed a carrier-to-nation ratio of 5.88 with Florida representing 39.59 percent of the total dollars allowed in the nation.

The billing pattern identified during the analysis of current Florida Part B claims data indicates a pattern of utilization that suggests a high risk exists for improper billing or payment. Medicare does not allow for a separate payment of heparin when used to facilitate a flush following a drug infusion; nor should a separate administration code be billed for providing the heparin. Per the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) Publication 100-04, Medicare Claims Processing Manual, Chapter 12, Section 30.5:

If performed to facilitate the infusion or injection or hydration, the following services and items are included and are not separately billable:

1. Use of local anesthesia
2. IV start
3. Access to indwelling IV, subcutaneous catheter or port
4. Flush at conclusion of infusion
5. Standard tubing, syringes, and supplies
Local Coverage Determinations

Self-administered drug (SAD) list – Part B: J0630

The Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) provides instructions to contractors regarding Medicare payment for drugs and biologicals incident to a physician’s service. The instructions also provide contractors with a process for determining if an injectable drug is usually self-administered and therefore, not covered by Medicare. Guidelines for the evaluation of drugs for the list of excluded self-administered injectable drugs incident to a physician’s service are in the Medicare Benefit Policy Manual, Pub. 100-02, Chapter 15, Section 50.2.

Effective for services rendered on or after December 26, 2011, the following drug has been added to the MAC J-9 Part B SAD list.

- J0630 Injection, calcitonin (salmon), up to 400 units (Fortical, Miacalcin)

The evaluation of drugs for addition to the self-administered drug (SAD) list is an ongoing process. Providers are responsible for monitoring the SAD list for the addition or deletion of drugs.

The First Coast Service Options Inc. (FCSO) SAD lists are available through the CMS Medicare Coverage Database at http://medicare.fcso.com/Self-administered_drugs/.

Prepayment medical review of inpatient hospital claims

Hospitals, surgeons, admitting physicians, and practitioners ordering or performing services related to inpatient admissions affected

Throughout 2011, First Coast Service Options Inc. (FCSO) has conducted an aggressive provider outreach approach and performed significant prepayment medical record reviews to support the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services’ (CMS) goals of reducing the national Medicare paid claims error rate. Unfortunately, the number of comprehensive error rate testing (CERT) findings show that error rates related to inpatient admissions are not improving. After execution of comprehensive data analysis, FCSO concluded that the Part A error rate is driven by high-dollar Medicare severity-diagnosis-related-group (MS-DRG) medical necessity denials involving surgical procedures and short stay MS-DRG admissions. Therefore, Part A MS-DRG (DRG for short) claims will become the primary focus for increased prepayment medical record review. Only providers in Florida will be the subject of increased prepayment review; providers in Puerto Rico and the U.S. Virgin Islands will not be affected.

Provider impact: Prepayment medical review of certain inpatient DRG claims and post-payment review of related Part B services in MAC J9 (excluding Puerto Rico and the U.S. Virgin Islands).

FCSO, the Medicare administrative contractor (MAC) for jurisdiction 9 (J9), is currently in the process of implementing a staggered approach to begin performing 100% prepayment medical review of Florida inpatient hospital claims for the DRGs listed below by January 1, 2012. The review of these DRGs will affect both the Part A hospital surgery claim and related Part B services.

226 Cardiac defibrillator implant without (w/o) cardiac catheter with (w/) major complications or comorbidities (MCC)
227 Cardiac defibrillator implant w/o cardiac catheter w/o MCC
242 Permanent cardiac pacemaker implant w/MCC
243 Permanent cardiac pacemaker implant w/CC
244 Permanent cardiac pacemaker implant w/CC or MCC
245 Automatic implantable cardiac defibrillator (AICD) generator procedures
247 Percutaneous cardiovascular procedure w/drug eluding stent w/o MCC
251 Percutaneous cardiovascular procedure w/o coronary artery stent w/o MCC
253 Other vascular procedures w/CC

continued on next page
Local Coverage Determinations

**DRG... (continued)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>264</td>
<td>Other circulatory system or procedures</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>287</td>
<td>Circulatory disorders except acute myocardial infarction (AMI), w/cardiac catheter w/o MCC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>458</td>
<td>Spinal fusion except cervical w/spinal curve, malign, or 9+ fusions w/o CC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>460</td>
<td>Spinal fusion except cervical w/o MCC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>470</td>
<td>Major joint replacement or reattachment of lower extremity w/o MCC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>490</td>
<td>Back and neck procedures except spinal fusion w/CC/MCC or disc device/neurostimulator</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

FCSO will continue to perform 30 percent prepayment medical review for DRG 313 (chest pain) and DRG 552 (medical back) services. As of November, 1, 2011, 10 percent prepayment medical review was initiated for DRG 392 (esophagitis, gastroenteritis, and miscellaneous digestive w/o MCC) and DRG 641 (nutritional miscellaneous metabolic disorder w/o MCC).

Effective January 1, 2012, FCSO also will perform post-payment review of the admitting physician’s and/or surgeon’s Part B services related to inpatient admissions that are denied either because they do not meet the level of care criteria as services performed could have been performed in a less intensive setting (i.e., outpatient), or documentation did not support the medical necessity of the procedure.

As Part A CERT errors significantly decrease for the DRGs identified in this prepayment error prevention strategy, prepayment medical review of those DRGs will be decreased or discontinued. Also, as individual providers’ performance shows consistent compliance with documentation requirements and results in low error rates, those providers will be removed from prepayment medical review of the applicable DRG code(s).

FCSO will continue to provide education and feedback on the prepayment review process and will partner with associations, medical societies, and provider groups throughout Florida in order to successfully lower the error rates.

**Source:** FCSO’s Program Integrity and Provider Outreach and Education departments
Upcoming provider outreach and educational events

January 2012

Medicare Part B: Medicare changes and regulations
When: Wednesday, January 11
Time: 11:30 a.m.-1:00 p.m.

Physical therapy services and using the KX modifier
When: Tuesday, January 24
Time: 11:30 a.m.-1:00 p.m.

Note: Unless otherwise indicated, all FCSO educational offerings are considered to be “ask-the-contractor” events, “webcast” type of event, designated times are stated as ET, and the focus is to Florida, Puerto Rico, and the U.S. Virgin Islands

Two easy ways to register
Online – Visit our provider training website at www.fcsouniversity.com, log on to your account and select the course you wish to register. Class materials are available under “My Courses” no later than one day before the event.

First-time User? Set up an account by completing Request User Account Form online. Providers who do not have yet a national provider identifier may enter “99999” in the NPI field. You will receive logon information within 72 hours of your request.

Fax – Providers without Internet access may request a fax registration form through our Registration Hotline at 1-904-791-8103. Class materials will be faxed to you the day of the event.

Please Note:
• Pre-registration is required for all teleconferences, webcasts and in-person educational seminars.
• Dates and times are subject to change prior to opening of event registration.

Registrant’s Name: _________________________________________________________________
Registrant’s Title: _________________________________________________________________
Provider’s Name: _________________________________________________________________
Telephone Number: _____________________________ Fax Number: ___________________________
Email Address: _________________________________________________________________
Provider Address: _________________________________________________________________
City, State, ZIP Code: ______________________________________________________________

Keep checking our website, medicare.fcso.com, for details and newly scheduled educational events (teleconferences, webcasts, etc.) or call the FCSO Provider Education Registration Hotline at 1-904-791-8103 to learn more about our newest training opportunities for providers.

Never miss a training opportunity
If you or your colleagues were unable to attend one of our past Medicare educational webcasts, you still have the opportunity to learn about the topics covered during the training session. Visit the FCSO Medicare training website, download the recording of the event, and listen to the webcast when you have the time.

Take advantage of 24-hour access to free online training
In addition to our live training events, we also offer you the advantage of self-paced, free online courses that will allow you and your staff to train when and where it is most convenient for you. In addition, our comprehensive course catalog allows you to find the Medicare training that fits your specific needs, and several of our online courses offer CEUs. Learn more on the FCSO Medicare training website and explore our catalog of online courses.
Preventive Services

2011-2012 seasonal influenza resources for health care professionals

Provider types affected
This article is for all Medicare fee-for-service (FFS) physicians, non-physician practitioners, providers, suppliers, and other health care professionals who order, refer, or provide seasonal flu vaccines and vaccine administration provided to Medicare beneficiaries.

What you need to know
• Keep this special edition Medicare Learning Network (MLN) Matters article and refer to it throughout the 2011-2012 flu season.
• Take advantage of each office visit as an opportunity to encourage your patients to protect themselves from the seasonal flu and serious complications by getting a seasonal flu shot.
• Continue to provide the seasonal flu shot as long as you have vaccine available, even after the New Year.
• Don’t forget to immunize yourself and your staff.

Introduction
Flu seasons are unpredictable and can be severe. Over a period of 30 years, between 1976 and 2006, estimates of flu-associated deaths in the United States range from a low of about 3,000 to a high of about 49,000 people. Complications of flu can include pneumonia, ear infections, sinus infections, dehydration, and even death.

The Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) reminds health care professionals that Medicare Part B reimburses health care providers for seasonal flu vaccines and their administration. (Medicare provides coverage of the seasonal flu vaccine without any out-of-pocket costs to the Medicare patient. No deductible or copayment/coinsurance applies.) Medicare provides coverage of the seasonal influenza virus vaccine and its administration for all Medicare beneficiaries regardless of risk for the disease; however, some individuals are at greater risk for contracting influenza. Vaccination is recommended for all individuals aged six months and older. While everyone should get a seasonal influenza vaccine each influenza season, it’s especially important that certain groups get vaccinated either because they are at high risk of having serious influenza-related complications or because they live with or care for people at high risk for developing influenza-related complications. For more information, refer to the most recent recommendations at http://www.cdc.gov/flu/protect/keyfacts.htm.

Vaccinate early to protect against the flu
The CDC recommends a yearly flu vaccination as the first and most important step in protecting against flu viruses. Remind your patients that annual vaccination is recommended for optimal protection. Medicare pays for the flu vaccine and its administration for seniors and other Medicare beneficiaries with no co-pay or deductible. Take advantage of each office visit and start protecting your patients as soon as your 2011-2012 seasonal flu vaccine arrives.

And, don’t forget to immunize yourself and your staff.

Get the flu vaccination – not the flu
Remember: The influenza vaccine plus its administration are covered Part B benefits. Note that the influenza vaccine is not a Part D covered drug. For information about Medicare’s coverage of the influenza vaccine and its administration, as well as related educational resources for health care professionals and their staff, please visit http://www.cms.gov/MLNProducts/35_PreventiveServices.asp.

Educational products for health care professionals
CMS has developed a variety of educational resources to help Medicare FFS health care professionals understanding coverage, coding, billing, and reimbursement guidelines for seasonal flu vaccines and their administration.

MLN seasonal influenza-related products for health care professionals
• MLN Matters® article MM7575: Influenza Vaccine Payment Allowances – Annual Update for 2011-2012 Season – this article contains information on the payment allowances for influenza vaccines for the 2011-2012 season. You may view this article at http://www.cms.gov/MLNMattersArticles/Downloads/MM7575.pdf.

continued on next page
Influenza ... (continued)

- **Quick Reference Information: Medicare Part B Immunization Billing** – this educational tool is designed to provide education on Medicare-covered preventive immunizations. Available in print and as a downloadable PDF at http://www.cms.gov/MLNProducts/downloads/qr_immun_bill.pdf. This product is also available in hardcopy as part of the “Quick Reference Information Resources” hardcopy booklet.


- **Preventive Immunizations Brochure** – This brochure is designed to provide education on Medicare’s influenza vaccine, pneumococcal vaccine, and hepatitis B vaccine benefits. Available in print and as a downloadable PDF at http://www.cms.gov/MLNProducts/downloads/Adult_Immunization.pdf.

- **Quick Reference Information: Preventive Services** – this educational tool is designed to provide education on the Medicare-covered preventive services. Available as a downloadable PDF at http://www.cms.gov/MLNProducts/downloads/MPS_QuickReferenceChart_1.pdf. This product is also available in hardcopy as part of the “Quick Reference Information Resources” hardcopy booklet.

- **Quick Reference Information Resources: Medicare Preventive Services** – this booklet is designed to provide education on coverage, coding and billing criteria for Medicare-covered preventive services. It includes the following four quick reference information charts: Preventive Services, Medicare Immunization Billing, The ABCs of Providing the Initial Preventive Physical Examination and The ABCs of Providing the Annual Wellness Visit – available in hardcopy only.

**Note:** To order hardcopy products, please visit the MLN Preventive Services Educational Products Web page at https://www.cms.gov/MLNProducts/35_PreventiveServices.asp and select “MLN Product Ordering Page” in the “Related Links Inside CMS” section.

- **MLN Preventive Services Educational Products Web Page** - This Medicare Learning Network® (MLN) Web page provides descriptions of all MLN preventive services related educational products and resources designed specifically for use by Medicare FFS health care professionals. View this page at http://www.cms.gov/MLNProducts/35_PreventiveServices.asp.

**Other CMS resources**

- **Seasonal influenza vaccines pricing** is at http://www.cms.gov/McrPartBDrugAvgSalesPrice/10_VaccinesPricing.asp.

- **Prevention General Information Overview** is at http://www.cms.gov/PrevntionGenInfo.

- **CMS Immunizations page** is at http://www.cms.gov/immunizations.


- **Medicare Part B drug average sales price payment amounts**

Influenza and pneumococcal vaccines pricing found at http://www.cms.gov/McrPartBDrugAvgSalesPrice/01_overview.asp.


**Other resources**

The following non-CMS resources are just a few of the many available in which clinicians may find useful information and tools to help increase seasonal flu vaccine awareness and utilization during the 2011-2012 flu season:

- **Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices** is at http://www.cdc.gov/vaccines/recs/acip/default.htm.

- **American Lung Association’s Influenza (Flu) Center** is at http://www.lungusa.org. This website provides a flu clinic locator at http://www.flucliniclocator.org. Individuals can enter their zip code to find a flu clinic in their area. Providers can also obtain information on how to add their flu clinic to this site.

continued on next page
Influenza ... (continued)

Other sites with helpful information

- Centers for Disease Control and Prevention – http://www.cdc.gov/flu
- Food and Drug Administration – http://www.fda.gov
- Immunization Action Coalition – http://www.immunize.org
- Indian Health Services – http://www.ihs.gov/
- National Alliance for Hispanic Health – http://www.hispanichealth.org
- National Foundation For Infectious Diseases – http://www.nfid.org/influenza
- National Network for Immunization Information – http://www.immunizationinfo.org
- National Vaccine Program – http://www.hhs.gov/nvpo
- Partnership for Prevention – http://www.prevent.org
- World Health Organization – http://www.who.int/en

Beneficiary information

For information to share with your Medicare patients, please visit http://www.medicare.gov.

MLN Matters® Number: SE1136
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Related CR Release Date: N/A
Effective Date: N/A
Related CR Transmittal #: N/A
Implementation Date: N/A

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Now available – Immunizers’ Question & Answer Guide to Medicare Part B and Medicaid Coverage of Seasonal Influenza and Pneumococcal Vaccinations

The 2011-2012 Immunizers’ Question & Answer Guide to Medicare Part B & Medicaid Coverage of Seasonal Influenza and Pneumococcal Vaccinations is now available on the immunizations section of the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) website at http://www.CMS.gov/immunizations. The CMS immunizations page features a mini-poster that reminds everyone that flu vaccination is covered for Medicare beneficiaries and for children eligible for Medicaid and CHIP.

Note: If you have problems accessing any hyperlink in this message, please copy and paste the URL into your Internet browser.

Source: CMS PERL 201110-21
November is National Diabetes Month and Diabetic Eye Disease Month

Please join the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) this November during National Diabetes Month and Diabetic Eye Disease Month in raising awareness about diabetes, diabetic eye disease, the importance of early disease detection, and the related preventive health services covered by Medicare.

Diabetes can lead to severe complications such as heart disease, stroke, vision loss, kidney disease, nerve damage, and amputation among others, and it's a significant risk factor for developing glaucoma. People with diabetes are more susceptible to many other illnesses such as pneumonia and influenza and are more likely to die from these than people who do not have diabetes. Among U.S. residents aged 65 years and older, 10.9 million (or 26.9 percent) had diabetes in 2010. Currently, 3.6 million Americans age 40 and older suffer from diabetic eye disease. Education and early detection are major components to combating this disease.

What can you do?
Help protect the health of your Medicare-covered patients by informing them that Medicare covers several diabetes-related preventive services for eligible beneficiaries including diabetes screening tests, diabetes self-management training, medical nutrition therapy, diabetes supplies, glaucoma screening, and vaccinations for pneumonia and influenza. Advise them that the early detection and treatment of diabetes can prevent or delay many associated illnesses and complications. Encourage utilization of these important preventive services as appropriate. And remember, many of these services require an order or referral for coverage by Medicare. Please ensure that you provide your Medicare patients with the appropriate documentation so they can receive the services needed to help prevent, treat, and manage the disease.

For more information
The Guide to Medicare Preventive Services (see Chapter 6)
Medicare Preventive Services Quick Reference Information Chart
Diabetes-Related Services Fact Sheet
The Glaucoma Screening Brochure
Medicare.gov – Diabetes Screening, Supplies and Self-Management Training website
National Diabetes Fact Sheet, 2011
National Diabetes Education Program (NDEP) Healthcare Professionals website

Thank you for joining with CMS to help increase awareness and educate about diabetes and diabetic eye disease, and the diabetes-related preventive health services now covered by Medicare.

Source: CMS PERL 201111-24

Podcasts from the July 21 IPPE and AWV national call now available

Limited on time? Podcasts are perfect for the office, in the car, or anywhere you carry a portable media player or smartphone.

The Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services has released the following two podcasts from the Thursday, July 21 national provider call, “The ABCs of the Initial Preventive Physical Examination (IPPE) and Annual Wellness Visit (AWV)“:

- Podcast 1 of 2: Welcome and IPPE Overview
- Podcast 2 of 2: AWV

The podcasts are now available at http://www.CMS.gov/MLNProducts/MLM/itemdetail.asp?itemID=CMS1249934. The two audio podcasts with corresponding written transcripts, as well as the full audio and written transcript of the call can be accessed by scrolling to the “Downloads” section at the bottom of the page.

Note: If you have problems accessing any hyperlink in this message, please copy and paste the URL into your Internet browser.

Source: CMS PERL 201111-09
Tobacco-Use Cessation Counseling Services document available in downloadable and hardcopy formats

The MLN would like to remind you that the publication *Tobacco-Use Cessation Counseling Services*, which is designed to provide education on tobacco-use cessation counseling services, is now available in both downloadable and hardcopy formats. To place an order for a hardcopy version, visit [http://www.CMS.gov/MLNGenInfo](http://www.CMS.gov/MLNGenInfo), scroll to “Related Links Inside CMS,” and select “MLN Product Ordering Page.”

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**Source:** CMS PERL 201110-22

‘Medicare Preventive Services Series Part 3 Web-Based Training Course’ revised

The “Medicare Preventive Services Series Part 3 Web-Based Training Course” (WBT) is designed to provide education on Medicare-covered preventive services. It includes information on Medicare coverage of screening mammography, screening Pap test, pelvic examination, colorectal cancer screening, prostate cancer screening, bone mass measurements, and glaucoma screening. To access the WBT, please visit the Medicare Learning Network® (MLN) overview page at [http://www.CMS.gov/MLNGenInfo](http://www.CMS.gov/MLNGenInfo), then click on “Web-Based Training (WBT) Courses” in the “Related Links Inside CMS” section.

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**Source:** CMS PERL 201111-14

Get connected with the Medicare Learning Network®

Want to stay informed about the latest new and revised MLN products and services? Subscribe to the MLN educational products electronic mailing list. For more information about the MLN and how to register for this service, visit [http://www.CMS.gov/MLNProducts/downloads/MLNProducts_listserv.pdf](http://www.CMS.gov/MLNProducts/downloads/MLNProducts_listserv.pdf) and start receiving updates.

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**Source:** CMS PERL 201110-22

‘Medicare Information for Advanced Practice Registered Nurses, Anesthesiologist Assistants, and Physician Assistants’ booklet revised

The “Medicare Information for Advanced Practice Registered Nurses, Anesthesiologist Assistants, and Physician Assistants” booklet (ICN 901623) has been revised. This publication is designed to provide education on services furnished by advanced practice registered nurses, anesthesiologist assistants, and physician assistants. It covers the Medicare requirements for these provider types, including the required qualifications, coverage criteria, billing, and payment.

**Source:** CMS PERL 201111-25
New MLN fact sheets regarding the ‘Medicare Shared Savings Program’

*Accountable Care Organizations: What Providers Need to Know fact sheet*, ICN 907406 – this downloadable fact sheet is designed to provide education on Accountable Care Organizations (ACOs) under the Medicare Shared Savings Program. It includes a definition of an ACO, and information on how to participate in an ACO, how shared savings will work, how this program is aligned with other quality initiatives and how ACOs help doctors coordinate care.

*Improving Quality of Care for Medicare Patients: Accountable Care Organizations fact sheet*, ICN 907407 – this downloadable fact sheet is designed to provide education on improving quality of care under ACOs. It includes a table of quality measures under the program.

*Advance Payment Accountable Care Organization (ACO) Model fact sheet*, ICN 907403 – this downloadable fact sheet is designed to provide education on the advance payment model for ACOs. It includes a summary of the advance payment ACO model, background, and information on the structure of payments, recoupment of advance payments, eligibility, and the application process.

*Medicare Shared Savings Program and Rural Providers fact sheet*, ICN 907408 – this downloadable fact sheet is designed to provide education on how the Medicare Shared Savings Program impacts rural providers. It includes information on federally qualified health centers, rural health clinics, critical access hospitals and how this program impacts them.

*Summary of Final Rule Provisions for Accountable Care Organizations under the Medicare Shared Savings Program fact sheet*, ICN 907404 – this downloadable fact sheet is designed to provide education on the provisions of the final rule that implements the Medicare Shared Savings Program with ACOs. It includes background, information on how ACOs impact beneficiaries, eligibility requirements to form an ACO, and information on monitoring and tying payment to improved care at lower costs.

*Methodology for Determining Shared Savings and Losses under the Medicare Shared Savings Program fact sheet*, ICN 907405 – this downloadable fact sheet is designed to provide education on the methodology for determining shared savings and losses under the Medicare Shared Savings Program. It includes an overview of the program, a description of the two tracks providers can choose, and a description of how Medicare determines the shared savings or loss.

Source: CMS PERL 201111-03

October 2011 ‘Medicare Quarterly Provider Compliance Newsletter’ released

*The October 2011 “Medicare Quarterly Provider Compliance Newsletter [Volume 2, Issue 1]” (ICN 907163)* has been released. This educational tool is designed to provide education on how to avoid common billing errors and other erroneous activities when dealing with the Medicare program. It highlights the top issues of the particular quarter. You may also visit [http://www.CMS.gov/MLNProducts/downloads/MedQtrlyCompNL_Archive.pdf](http://www.CMS.gov/MLNProducts/downloads/MedQtrlyCompNL_Archive.pdf) to download, print, and search newsletters from previous quarters.

Note: If you have problems accessing any hyperlink in this message, please copy and paste the URL into your Internet browser.

Source: CMS PERL 201111-14

April 2011 Medicare Quarterly Provider Compliance Newsletter revised

The April 2011 issue of the *Medicare Quarterly Provider Compliance Newsletter*, available at [http://www.CMS.gov/MLNProducts/downloads/MedQtrlyComp_Newsletter_ICN903696.pdf](http://www.CMS.gov/MLNProducts/downloads/MedQtrlyComp_Newsletter_ICN903696.pdf), has been revised to amend an entry in the “Recovery Audit Finding: Untimed Codes – Excessive Units” section under “Guidance on How Providers Can Avoid These Problems” on page 10. All other information remains the same. This educational tool is issued on a quarterly basis and designed to provide education on how to avoid common billing errors and other erroneous activities when dealing with the Medicare program.

Note: If you have problems accessing any hyperlink in this message, please copy and paste the URL into your Internet browser.

Source: CMS PERL 201110-22
2010 PQRI booklet is now available

“The 2010 Physician Quality Reporting Initiative (PQRI)” booklet (ICN 907207) is now available in downloadable format from the Medicare Learning Network®. This booklet is a compilation of CMS’ various educational resources relevant to the 2010 Physician Quality Reporting Initiative (PQRI).

Source: CMS PERL 201111-25

‘Medicare Podiatry Services’ fact sheet revised

The Medicare Podiatry Services: Information for Medicare Fee-For-Service Healthcare Professionals fact sheet (ICN 6948) has been revised. This fact sheet is designed to provide education on Medicare-covered podiatry services. It includes a list of services that are not covered by Medicare, billing guidelines, and a list of resources.

Source: CMS PERL 201111-14

Updates from the Medicare Learning Network®

Medicare Preventive Services Series Part 1 Web-based training course revised

This Web-based training (WBT) is designed to provide education on Medicare-covered preventive services. It includes information on Medicare coverage of seasonal influenza, pneumococcal, and hepatitis B vaccines. To access the WBT, please visit the MLN® Overview page at http://www.CMS.gov/MLNGenInfo and click on “Web-Based Training (WBT) Courses” in the “Related Links Inside CMS” section.

Bone Mass Measurements document available in downloadable and hardcopy format

The MLN® would like to remind you that the publication “Bone Mass Measurements” which is designed to provide education on the bone mass measurement benefit, methods of bone measurement (bone density), coverage information, and risk factors, is available in both downloadable and hardcopy formats. To place an order for a hardcopy version, visit the MLN® General Information Web page at http://www.CMS.gov/MLNGeninfo/, scroll down to “Related Links Inside CMS,” and select “MLN Product Ordering Page.”

Note: If you have problems accessing any hyperlink in this message, please copy and paste the URL into your Internet browser.

Source: CMS PERL 201110-30

New podcast released on avoiding Medicare billing errors

The MLN has released the next in a series of podcasts designed to provide education on how to avoid common billing errors and other improper activities when dealing with the Medicare Program. “Positive Airway Pressure (PAP) Devices: Complying with Documentation & Coverage Requirements” discusses the documentation and coverage requirements needed to submit Medicare claims for PAP devices.

Please visit the MLN Multimedia Web page to download this and other podcasts from the MLN. The Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) also encourages you to visit the MLN Provider Compliance Web page for the latest educational products designed to help Medicare fee-for-service providers understand – and avoid – common billing errors and other improper activities identified through claim review programs. Stay tuned for future podcasts from the MLN.

Note: If you have problems accessing any hyperlink in this message, please copy and paste the URL into your Internet browser.

Source: CMS PERL 201110-22

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Learn the secrets to billing Medicare correctly

Who has the power to improve your billing accuracy and efficiency? You do – visit the “Improve your billing” section at http://medicare.fcso.com/Landing/200831.asp, where you’ll discover the tools you need to learn how to consistently bill Medicare correctly – the first time. You’ll find FCSO’s most popular self-help resources, including the E/M interactive worksheet, Provider Data Summary (PDS) report, and the Comparative billing report (CBR).
Now available – video, podcasts, and written transcript of the August 3 ICD-10 national provider call

The Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) has released four podcasts and two video slideshow presentations from the August 3 national provider call on “ICD-10 Implementation Strategies for Physicians.”

Did you miss the August 3 ICD-10 national provider call?
The entire narrated presentation is now available on the CMS YouTube channel as a video slideshow that includes the call audio and captioning. A second video slideshow from this national provider call is also available of Dr. Daniel Duvall’s presentation on “Implementation Strategies for Physicians and Non-Physician Practitioners.”

Limited on time?
Podcasts are perfect for the office, in the car, or anywhere you carry a portable media player or smartphone. The following podcasts are now available from the August 3 ICD-10 call:

- Podcast 1 of 4: Welcome and Implementation Strategies for Physicians
- Podcast 2 of 4: Overview and Presentations by CMS Subject Matter Experts
- Podcast 3 of 4: Question and Answer Session
- Podcast 4 of 4: Question and Answer Session Continued


The four audio podcasts with corresponding written transcripts, as well as the full written transcript of the call may be accessed by scrolling to the “Downloads” section at the bottom of the page. To access the video slideshows, select the links in the “Related Links Outside CMS” section of the Web page.

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Source: CMS PERL 201110-28

New Medicare secondary payer provisions Web-based training course released

The Medicare secondary payer (MSP) provisions Web-based training (WBT) course is designed to provide general education on when Medicare may or may not pay first. It includes an overview of the MSP provisions, common payment situations, Medicare conditional payments, and the role of the coordination of benefits contractor. To access the WBT, please visit the MLN® overview page at [http://www.CMS.gov/MLNGenInfo](http://www.CMS.gov/MLNGenInfo) and click on “Web-Based Training (WBT) Courses” in the “Related Links Inside CMS” section.

Note: If you have problems accessing any hyperlink in this message, please copy and paste the URL into your Internet browser.

Source: CMS PERL 201110-30

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Additional development
Within 40 days of initial request:
Medicare Part B Claims
P. O. Box 2537
Jacksonville, FL 32231-0020

Over 40 days of initial request:
Submit the charge(s) in question, including information requested, as you would a new claim, to:
Medicare Part B Claims
P. O. Box 2525
Jacksonville, FL 32231-0019

Miscellaneous
Provider participation and group membership issues; written requests for UPINs, profiles & fee schedules:
Medicare Enrollment
P. O. Box 44021
Jacksonville, FL 32231-4021

Provider change of address:
Medicare Enrollment
P. O. Box 44021
Jacksonville, FL 32231-4021
and
Provider Enrollment Department
Blue Cross Blue Shield of Florida
P. O. Box 41109
Jacksonville, FL 32203-1109

Provider education
Educational purposes and review of customary/prevaling charges or fee schedule:
Medicare Part B
Provider Outreach and Education
P. O. Box 2078
Jacksonville, FL 32231-0048

Education event registration:
Medicare Part B
P. O. Box 45157
Jacksonville, FL 32232-5157

Limiting charge issues:
Processing errors:
Medicare Part B
P. O. Box 2360
Jacksonville, FL 32231-0048

Refund verification:
Medicare Part B
Compliance Monitoring
P. O. Box 2078
Jacksonville, FL 32231-0048

Medicare claims for Railroad retirees:
Palmetto GBA
Railroad Medicare Part B
P. O. Box 10066
Augusta, GA 30999-0001

 Fraud and abuse
First Coast Service Options Inc.
Complaint Processing Unit
P. O. Box 45087
Jacksonville, FL 32232-5087

Phone numbers
Providers
Toll-Free
Customer Service:
1-866-454-9007
Interactive Voice Response (IVR):
1-877-847-4992

Electronic data interchange (EDI)
1-888-670-0940
Option 1 - Transaction support
Option 2 - PC-ACE support
Option 4 - Enrollment support
Option 5 - 5010 testing
Option 6 - Automated response line

DME, orthotic or prosthetic claims
Cigna Government Services
1-866-270-4909

Medicare websites
Provider
First Coast Service Options Inc. (FCSO), your CMS-contracted Medicare administrative contractor
http://medicare.fcso.com

Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services
www.cms.gov

Beneficiaries
Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services
www.medicare.gov

Medicare Part A
Toll-Free:
1-888-664-4112

Medicare Part B
Connection
79
November 2011
Mail directory
Claims, additional development, general correspondence
First Coast Service Options Inc.
P. O. Box 45098
Jacksonville, FL 32232-5098

Flu rosters
First Coast Service Options Inc.
P. O. Box 45031
Jacksonville, FL 32232-5031

Electronic data interchange (EDI)
First Coast Service Options Inc.
P. O. Box 44071
Jacksonville, FL 32231-4071

Part B debt recovery, MSP inquiries and overpayments, and cash management
First Coast Service Options Inc.
P. O. Box 45091
Jacksonville, FL 32232-5091

Provider education
Educational purposes and review of customary/prevailing charges or fee schedule:
Medicare Part B
Provider Outreach and Education
P. O. Box 2078
Jacksonville, FL 32231-0048

Education event registration:
Medicare Part B
Medicare Education and Outreach
P. O. Box 45157
Jacksonville, FL 32232-5157

Medicare claims for railroad retirees
Palmetto GBA
Railroad Medicare Part B
P. O. Box 10066
Augusta, GA 30999-0001

Medicare websites
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http://medicare.fcso.com

Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services
www.cms.gov

Beneficiaries
Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services
www.medicare.gov

Phone numbers
Provider customer service
1-866-454-9007

Interactive voice response (IVR)
1-877-847-4992

Email address:
AskFloridaB@fcso.com

Fax: 1-904-361-0696

Beneficiary customer service
1-800-MEDICARE
Hearing Impaired:
1-800-754-7820

Note: The toll-free customer service lines are reserved for Medicare beneficiaries only. Use of this line by providers is not permitted and may be considered program abuse.

Education event registration
1-904-791-8103

Electronic data interchange (EDI)
1-888-670-0940
Option 1 - Transaction support
Option 2 - PC-ACE support
Option 4 - Enrollment support
Option 5 - 5010 testing
Option 6 - Automated response line

DME, orthotic or prosthetic claims
Cigna Government Services
1-866-270-4909

Medicare Part A
Toll-Free:
1-888-664-4112
Order form for Medicare Part B materials

The following materials are available for purchase. To order these items, please complete and submit this form along with your check/money order payable to FCSO Account # (use appropriate account number). Do not fax your order; it must be mailed.

**Note:** Payment for fee schedules cannot be combined with payment for other items; separate payments are required for purchases of items from different accounts.

<table>
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<th>Item</th>
<th>Acct Number</th>
<th>Cost per item</th>
<th>Quantity</th>
<th>Total cost</th>
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<td><strong>Part B subscription</strong> – The Medicare Part B jurisdiction 9 publications, in both Spanish and English, are available free of charge online at <a href="http://medicare.fcso.com/Publications_B/index.asp">http://medicare.fcso.com/Publications_B/index.asp</a> (English) or <a href="http://medicareespanol.fcso.com/Publicaciones">http://medicareespanol.fcso.com/Publicaciones</a> (Español). Nonprovider entities or providers who need additional copies may purchase an annual subscription. This subscription includes all issues published from October 2011 through September 2012.</td>
<td>40300260</td>
<td>$33</td>
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<td><strong>2011 Fee Schedule</strong> – The Medicare Part B Physician and Nonphysician Practitioner Fee Schedules, effective for services rendered January 1 through December 31, 2011, are available free of charge online at <a href="http://medicare.fcso.com/Data_files">http://medicare.fcso.com/Data_files</a> (English) or <a href="http://medicareespanol.fcso.com/Fichero_de_datos">http://medicareespanol.fcso.com/Fichero_de_datos</a> (Español). Additional copies are available for purchase. The fee schedules contain payment rates for all localities. These items do not include the payment rates for injectable drugs, clinical lab services, mammography screening, or DMEPOS items. <strong>Note:</strong> Revisions to fees may occur; these revisions will be published in future editions of the Medicare Part B publication.</td>
<td>40300270</td>
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Language preference:  **English** [ ]  **Español** [ ]

Please write legibly

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<td>Total</td>
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Mail this form with payment to:
First Coast Service Options Inc.
Medicare Publications
P.O. Box 406443
Atlanta, GA 30384-6443

Contact Name: _______________________________________________________
Provider/Office Name: __________________________________________________
Phone: ________________________________________________________________
Mailing Address: _______________________________________________________
City: __________________________ State: __________________________ ZIP: __________

*(Checks made to “purchase orders” not accepted; all orders must be prepaid)*
Medicare B Connection
First Coast Service Options Inc.
P.O. Box 2078 Jacksonville, FL 32231-0048

Attention Billing Manager